

# Plants of Lanark County Ontario

2010 Edition

David J. White

March 2010



Plants  
of  
Lanark County  
Ontario

2010 Edition

David J. White

March 2010

To contribute new records or offer comments, contact me at:

1723 4<sup>th</sup> Conc B Dalhousie  
RR 3  
Lanark, Ontario  
K0G 1K0  
Phone (613) 259-3135  
e-mail: [dwhite@superaje.com](mailto:dwhite@superaje.com)

© David J. White 2010

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS .....	3
INTRODUCTION .....	4
FIGURE 1: SIMPLIFIED BEDROCK GEOLOGY .....	9
SIGNIFICANT AREAS .....	10
FIGURE 2: LANARK COUNTY LOCATIONS .....	20
ANNOTATED CHECKLIST .....	22
APPENDIX 1: Excluded Species and Unconfirmed Reports . . .	79
APPENDIX 2: Alphabetical List of Significant Native Plants . .	81
BIBLIOGRAPHY .....	89
INDEX .....	92

Cover photo: European Eyebright (*Euphrasia stricta*).

## ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

I would like to thank a number of people for their important contribution to the checklist. Dan Brunton, Ottawa, has provided many records, offered on-going support and encouragement, helped with identifications, and reviewed several earlier drafts of the list. Mike Oldham, Natural Heritage Information Centre, Peterborough, reviewed earlier drafts of the list, provided many records over the years, and made available the database of Lanark County records from the herbarium of Queen's University. Mike also checked the identification of over 100 of my voucher specimens of grasses and sedges. Stephen Darbyshire, Agriculture Canada, Ottawa, reviewed the grass family, provided a number of records, and helped locate relevant literature. Don Cuddy, formerly with the Ministry of Natural Resources (MNR), Kemptville, made field notes available and reviewed several early drafts of the list.

I would like to thank several former colleagues (all now retired) from the Canadian Museum of Nature, Ottawa. Albert Dugal provided many records and helped with identifications. Mike Shchepanek made field notes available, provided printouts of records from the Museum's plant database, and helped locate some references. George Argus helped with identification of some Willow (*Salix*) collections and reviewed that section of a draft of the list. Jim Soper provided access to his site records and data files of Ontario shrubs.

Patsie Rothschild (formerly of Sheridans Rapids) has made many important discoveries, taken me to special places, and also reviewed several early drafts of the list. The late Adolf Vogg, Arnprior, explored much of the northern portion of the county and contributed many records to this list. Adolf's enthusiasm for botanizing new places and finding new plants helped to keep me interested in the checklist project during the early years.

Graham Page of Ottawa and Kristl Walek (formerly of North Gower) contributed many recent county records. Jean Griffin, Perth, provided a number of new records and took the author to several interesting locations. Howard Clifford of the former Alba Wilderness School, Flower Station, took the author to a number of diverse areas on his extensive property. I would also like to thank several people who contributed one to a few records each: Heather Patterson of Kitchener, Ken Allison of Ottawa, Ron Hepworth of Brantford, Nora Mansfield of Perth, and Dawson Girdwood of Perth.

Joyce and Allan Reddoch, Ottawa, supplied the records from the Native Orchid Location Survey and reviewed the orchid section of the draft list. The late Clarrie Frankton, formerly of Agriculture Canada, Ottawa, reviewed an early draft of the list and helped with some identifications. Ted Mosquin, Fallbrook, provided many records and took the author to several interesting areas. Tobi Kiesewalter, Murphys Point Provincial Park, provided park observations and helped the author relocate several old records. Eleanor Thomson, Merrickville, provided records based on her inventory work in several parts of the county. Bill Crins, Ontario Parks, Peterborough, helped with several identifications, mainly in the genus *Carex*. Cathy and Paul Keddy, Carleton Place, provided several important records and took the author to a number of diverse areas on their large property.

Kathy Sauvé, former Park Superintendent for Murphys Point and Silver Lake Provincial Parks, Mike Ogilvie, Park Superintendent for Murphys Point Provincial Park, and John Immerseel, Ontario Parks Southeastern Zone Manager, allowed the author to conduct plant studies in the two parks. I would also like to thank the curators and collection managers of the Ottawa-Hull herbaria of Agriculture Canada and the Canadian Museum of Nature for helping with access to Lanark County specimens. Alice White helped with editing and data checking, and Katy White helped on several field trips.

Finally, I would like to thank Shaun Thompson, MNR, Kemptville, who arranged funding in 1998 to enable my rough draft list to progress to a useable—albeit preliminary—state. Without the help and encouragement of the above-mentioned people, this list would be little more than a pile of field notes and several boxes of file cards.

## INTRODUCTION

The following checklist presents the 1294 taxa (species, subspecies, varieties, and hybrids) of native and non-native vascular plants known by the author to occur in Lanark County. Vascular plants are those which have vessels or ducts to transport fluids. Included are trees, shrubs, herbaceous flowering plants (annual and perennial), ferns, clubmosses, and horsetails, but not mosses, lichens, or algae. For a non-native plant to be included on the list, it must have been found growing in the county without the aid of cultivation. There are numerous garden plants and agricultural crops on this list, but all were found where they had spread on their own and were surviving untended.

It is hoped that making this list available will encourage the recording of new species, the reporting of additional records of rare and sparse plants, and the refining of the status designations. The list should be regarded as a working list and a ‘snapshot in time’ of the Lanark flora. A county checklist can be a useful aid to plant identification when used along with floras and field guides that cover a larger geographical area. By highlighting significant native species (rare or sparse) the list should be a useful reference for environmental impact studies and natural area evaluations.

The author began collecting and recording Lanark County plants in 1975 when a 100-acre property was purchased for a home in Dalhousie Township. The first rough draft of the county checklist was prepared in 1987, the second draft (containing 922 taxa) was completed in 1990, the third draft (containing 1080 taxa) was written in 1998, the fourth draft (containing 1129 taxa) was circulated to a small group of reviewers in 1999, and the fifth draft (containing 1260 taxa) was completed in 2004. The 2006 version of the list, that was made available on the [www.lanarkflora.com](http://www.lanarkflora.com) web site to anyone interested, contained information on 1271 taxa. The 2008 revision brought the total to 1288 taxa, where it remained in the 2009 update. In 2009, a new section on Significant Areas (page 10) was added to highlight areas with exceptional plant diversity and rare plant concentrations. The present 2010 edition has 1294 taxa.

## UPDATE HIGHLIGHTS

The 2010 update is a relatively minor revision of the previous (2009) edition. Six new species have been added since the 2009 version. There have been many additional records of rare, sparse, and uncommon species, resulting in status designation changes for quite a few plants. Nomenclature has been updated in several families, mainly Crassulaceae, Ericaceae, Grossulariaceae, Primulaceae, and Saxifragaceae.

## SOURCES

The list is based on the author's collections and sight records from 1975 to the present; the specimens housed at the herbaria of the Canadian Museum of Nature (CAN) in Aylmer, Que, and Agriculture Canada (DAO), in Ottawa; and the sight and specimen records of: Patsie Rothschild, Ottawa; the late Adolf Vogg, Arnprior; Dan Brunton, Ottawa; Don Cuddy, formerly with the Ministry of Natural Resources, Kemptville; Albert Dugal, Mike Shchepanek, and Jim Soper, all formerly with the Canadian Museum of Nature, Ottawa; Stephen Darbyshire, Agriculture Canada, Ottawa; Ted Mosquin, Lanark; Eleanor Thomson, Merrickville; Paul and Cathy Keddy, Carleton Place; and Sheila and Harry Thomson, Ottawa.

Significant literature records were added from Argus & Keddy (1984), Argus & White (1982; 1983), Brownell (1992), Brownell & Larson (1995), Brunton (1979; 1985; 1986), Crowder *et al.* (1997), Darbyshire (1982), Haber (1973), Lemky & Keddy (1988), Lindsay (1974), Mosquin (1985), and Pryer & Argus (1987).

Additional plant records were included from the Natural Heritage Information Centre, Peterborough, including Lanark County records from the database of the herbarium of Queen's University (QK) that was used in the preparation of the Kingston Region plant checklist (Crowder *et al.*, 1997). The Orchid Family listing benefited greatly from the records of the Native Orchid Location Survey.

Some of the Lanark County specimens housed at CAN, DAO, and QK are quite old and are of interest from a historical point of view. The first known collections (1861-1867) were made by John Kerr McMorine—a clergyman and amateur botanist who lived and collected in Ramsay, west of Almonte (see Ross, 1984). A detailed history of botanical exploration across Canada is given by Pringle (1995). Reddoch & Reddoch (1997) present a history of orchid collecting and exploration in the Ottawa area which includes some of eastern Lanark County.

All of the above records have been entered into a database (MS Access) that allows the basis for each species in the checklist or the details of each locality citation to be readily determined. The database contains nearly 7200 records—mostly the rare, sparse, and uncommon species. Of the 7200 records, 3450 are collections in the author's herbarium, 2150 are the author's sight records, 1000 are specimens in other herbaria (mainly CAN and DAO), 350 are literature records, and 150 are sight records by others.

All but a handful of the species on this list are represented by herbarium specimens. For a species to be included in the checklist based only on a report (for which there is no specimen or for which I have not seen the specimen), the source must be credible and the existence of the species in the county must be reasonable based on its known occurrence in adjacent counties. Species reported for Lanark County that do not meet both of these criteria are listed in Appendix 1. For the few taxa on the list that are based solely on a literature report, the literature reference is given in column three of the list.

## CLASSIFICATION

The plant families are arranged in a traditional taxonomic order such as that used by Gleason (1952) or Voss (1972, 1985, 1996). Within the families, the genera and species are arranged alphabetically. The scientific names and family groupings primarily follow those in Newmaster *et al.* (1998) updated with more recent sources, such as the Flora of North America project (FNA, 2010), the Flora Ontario project (FOIBIS, 2010), the Northern Ontario Plant Database (Meades *et al.*, 2010), and the Biota of North America Program (BONAP, 2010). The common names mainly follow Gillett & White (1978) with some entries based on Newmaster *et al.* (1998).

As research in plant taxonomy continues, scientific names change, species are subdivided, and names are merged. For this reason, I have listed synonyms and given cross-reference notes to simplify locating an updated scientific name shown in the present list with the equivalent name used in older field guides and floras—especially in the case of generic names that have been changed or subdivided. For example, recent studies have proposed splitting the large and well-known genus *Aster* into several additional genera: *Brachyactis*, *Doellingeria*, *Oclemena*, and *Symphyotrichum*; however at present, these latter names are found in very few floras or field guides.

## DEFINITIONS

The checklist is arranged in three-column format: the first column contains the scientific name, author, and needed synonyms (codes for non-native status and native plants that are significant in Ontario precede the scientific names); the second column contains the common name; and the third column presents an overall subjective assessment of the status (rarity or abundance) of the species within Lanark County as a whole. Known localities are listed for rare and sparse species. Very brief habitat preferences are listed for most uncommon, rare, and sparse species. Species that are listed as “garden escapes” or “escapes from cultivation”, are almost always found along roadsides and in disturbed ground. To avoid unnecessary repetition, habitat notes are not listed for these particular non-native species.

The status terms and symbols used in the list are defined below: The status of each species is based on field study supplemented by literature reports and herbarium records. For rare or sparse native and most rare alien plants, all known locations are given. The locations provided in this list are often approximate to simplify the labelling of the small-scale map (page 19). Locations are not given for some rare aliens that are sporadic or short-lived, since they may appear in different locations from year to year. A number in parentheses following a location name indicates that more than one population is known in that general area. To be regarded as separate populations in this list, two records must be at least one kilometre apart.

Records dated 1980 or earlier (admittedly an arbitrary cut-off point) are considered to be old records in need of confirmation. They were not counted as locality records when calculating the number of records to determine status category. The date of an old record (where known) is listed after the locality name, and both the locality and date of each old record are enclosed in square brackets as in “[Lanark-1945]”.

Due to the large area of the County and the limited field exploration that has taken place over the years, the status assessments must be regarded as preliminary—many will change with further field work. Some groups, such as the Orchid family, have received more attention than others. A well-documented orchid may be known from many sites—and thus be listed as “Sparse” or “Uncommon”—due to this focussed effort; however, it may be rarely encountered in the field by the casual botanist. The author, like most botanists, is more interested in some plant groups than others and this has an impact on what plants are noticed and recorded on field trips, and ultimately, this affects the status given for species on the list. Thus, the status assessments are subjective, despite the numerical aspect.

**Common:** Seen often in its preferred habitat which itself is common.

**Uncommon:** Not seen often or only in small numbers in its preferred habitat which itself may not be common. Generally more than 12 records known. Some species formerly considered sparse have been found in enough new locations to be moved into the uncommon category. Such species with less than 20 records will have the number of records in parentheses after “Uncommon” to highlight the fact that although now considered uncommon, they are still very infrequently encountered.

**Sparse:** Sporadic in its distribution and often restricted to a specialized habitat. Between six and 12 records are known.

**Rare:** Very sporadic in its distribution; often restricted to a very specialized and limited habitat or to a very small portion of the County. Five records or less are known.

**#S3** Denotes a native species that is regarded as provincially significant (rare in Ontario) by the Natural Heritage Information Centre (NHIC, 2010). The numbers or letter that follow the letter “S”, refer to the provincial rank or status of the plant within Ontario as a whole. The provincial ranks are as follows: SH=Possibly Extirpated (Historical)—previously known from the province but not recorded in the last 20 years or more; S1=Critically Imperiled (usually 5 or fewer occurrences known); S2=Imperiled (usually 5 to 20 occurrences known); S3=Vulnerable (usually 20 to 80 occurrences known). A question mark (?) following a rank indicates some degree of uncertainty.

\* Denotes a non-native or introduced species as it relates to Lanark County and eastern Ontario. Primarily, this symbol denotes Eurasian species, however, a species native to southwestern Ontario—such as Gray-headed Coneflower (*Ratibida pinnata*) that is found in Lanark County only along a roadside in Pakenham Township—is indicated as an alien here.

(\*) Denotes a species that may be represented in Lanark County by both native and non-native strains of the plant. It may also indicate a plant whose native/non-native status in the county is uncertain.

(*auct. non*) Abbreviation of *auctorum non*, meaning of some authors but not the original author. Used to denote a synonym that may be misapplied in some floras or field guides. For example, the synonym for Reddish Bulrush (*Scirpus pendulus* Muhl. ex Willd.) is given in the checklist as *Scirpus lineatus* auct. non Michx. This means that sometimes in floras covering this area, you may find Reddish Bulrush listed as *Scirpus lineatus*; however, that is a misinterpretation of that species name because *Scirpus lineatus*, as described by Michaux, is a different bulrush that occurs only in the southern United States (Voss, 1972). So, both are valid species and are only ‘synonyms’ in the sense of the misapplication of the name in some floras or field guides.

(*p. pt.*) Abbreviation of *pro parte*, meaning for the most part. Used to note a synonym that is not exactly equivalent.

(*s.l.*) Abbreviation of *sensu lato*, meaning in the broad sense or including more than one variety or subspecies.

Of the 1294 taxa listed in the checklist, 883 are considered native and 411 (32%) are mainly introduced. This percentage of non-native plants is comparable to but slightly lower than the 36% reported for the Ottawa area in Brunton (2005). Of the 411 non-native plants, 103 are rated as Common, 53 are considered Uncommon, 49 are ranked as Sparse, and 206 are listed as Rare. Of the 206 Rare non-natives, 76 are only known from one location in the county and 19 could be considered “historical” because they have not been recorded since 1980 or earlier. Of the 883 native plants, 237 are rated as Common, 276 are considered Uncommon, 126 are ranked as Sparse, and 244 are listed as Rare. Of the 244 Rare natives, 69 are only known from one location in the county and 19 could be considered “historical” because they have not been recorded since 1980 or earlier.

## WETLAND TERMS

To avoid confusion, I will define my use of wetland terms. A **swamp** is a wetland community with little peat development that is dominated by shrubs or trees. A **marsh** is a wetland without much peat that is dominated by herbaceous plants that are floating, submergent, or emergent. Swamps and marshes are common across the county. **Bogs, fens, and poor fens** are wetlands underlain by at least 40 cm of peat—and thus, they can also be called peatlands.

**Bogs** are completely isolated from mineralized groundwater (since their moisture comes exclusively from rain and snow, they are quite nutrient poor), are very acidic, and generally have low plant diversity. The peat in bogs has developed almost exclusively from Sphagnum moss which also dominates the bog surface. In Lanark County, I have only seen three true bogs: the central domed portions of the Blueberry Marsh and the Goodwood Marsh, and a small raised treed bog next to O’Brien Lake. Although the first two of these peatlands occur in areas of limestone bedrock—which tends to favour the development of fens—the extensive Sphagnum moss development has allowed the central portion of these large peatlands to rise above the surrounding groundwater-influenced water table to become very acidic and isolated from the mineral-rich groundwater. The three central domes are quite dry at the surface and support a very limited flora dominated by low shrubs and dense Sphagnum moss.

**Fens** are considerably influenced by neutral to basic groundwater and support a much greater plant diversity than bogs. There are many fens in the county, both large and small, and all have developed in areas of marble or limestone bedrock. The peat of fens has developed from sedges with little or no Sphagnum present.

**Poor fens** are intermediate between bogs and fens in terms of groundwater influence, acidity, and plant diversity. Poor fens are quite common in the county and many of these ‘boggy’ communities have developed next to a lake or stream that provides some influence from mineral-rich groundwater. Poor fens tend to occur in areas of acidic bedrock, such as granites and gneisses, although there is often a minor influence from marble nearby. Sphagnum moss is quite common in poor fens.

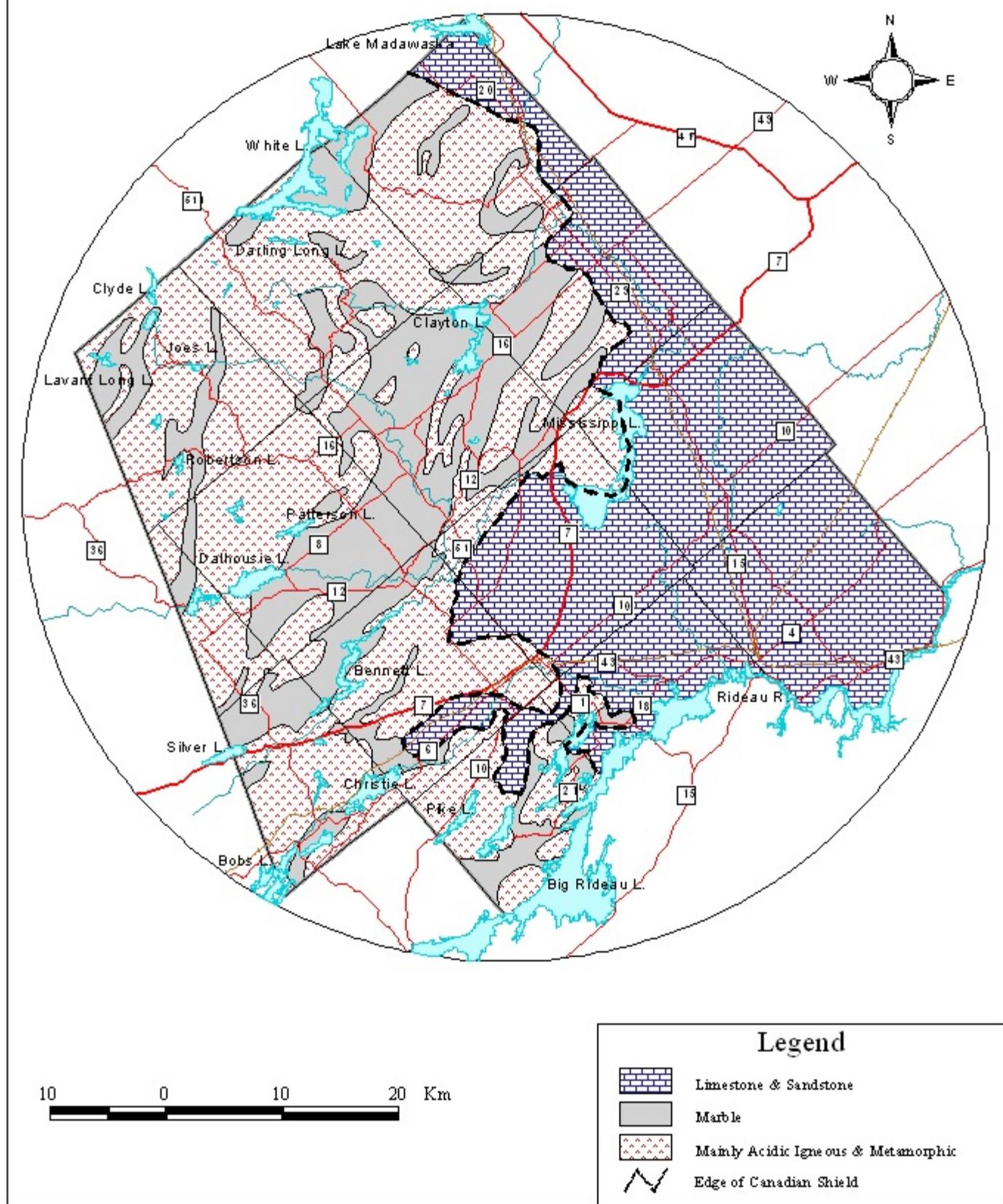
When a habitat is described as a “boggy lakeshore”, it indicates an acidic shoreline with species typical of bogs and poor fens but without any significant peat development.

## BEDROCK GEOLOGY

The geology of Lanark County is quite complex due to the presence of younger limestones and sandstones in the eastern part of the county, and much older granites, gneisses, and marbles of the Canadian Shield in the western part of the county (Douglas, 1978; Freeman, 1979). Refer to Figure 1 (page 9). The sedimentary limestones and sandstones are neutral to basic and the soils that form over them tend to also be neutral or basic. Rocks of the Canadian Shield, such as granite, gneiss, amphibolite, andesite, and migmatite, are mainly acidic and produce acidic soils. Marble is also part of the Canadian Shield; however, it is a neutral to basic rock since it is formed from metamorphosed limestones. Soils that develop on marble are neutral to basic.

This aspect of soil chemistry affects species distribution in the county since some plants do best in basic soils while other plants prefer acidic soils. Glaciation has somewhat complicated the picture in places by depositing acidic till (derived from granites) on limestone areas or by dumping more neutral soil (based on marble or limestone) on areas with granitic bedrock. The most obvious differences in species composition between those found in areas of granitic bedrock and those found in areas of limestone bedrock occur in areas with very thin soil where the influence of the parent rock on the adjacent soil is most pronounced. In areas of thin soil over limestone, one may find *Polygala senega* (Seneca Snakeroot), *Scutellaria parvula* (Small Skullcap), or *Trichostema brachiatum* (False Pennyroyal). In areas of thin soil over granite, one may find *Dichanthelium latifolium* (Broad-leaved Panic Grass), *Epigaea repens* (Trailing Arbutus), or *Oryzopsis pungens* (Sharp-leaved Mountain-rice). There are, of course, many common species, such as Sugar Maple or White Pine, that can tolerate a wide range of soil conditions and occur all across the county.

Figure 1: Simplified Bedrock Geology



## SIGNIFICANT AREAS

Rare and sparse native plants occur in all parts of the county. If one looks through the checklist; however, several locations appear quite frequently in the site lists for rare and sparse species. Some names, such as Watson Corners, appear often in the list because they occur in an area with few other towns or lakes so they represent a region more than a specific site. Watson Corners also happens to be near the author's home so the general area has been well explored. Other names appear frequently in the list because the areas are especially diverse or have a unique combination of geology, geography, and perhaps history that have combined to create conditions not found elsewhere in the county. Places such as Dixon Lake or the Clay Bank alvar are considered special from a botanical point of view due to the large number of rare and sparse native plants found in a restricted area. Sites such as Dixon Lake occur on Public Land and as such can be accessed and freely explored. Other special areas, such as the Clay Bank alvar, are privately-owned but are at least partly accessible along roadsides where many of the significant plants can be seen. Keddy (2008) describes many special areas in the county and the processes which influenced them.

The following 17 areas are considered to be the best examples of botanical diversity and rare plant concentrations in the county—plant ‘hot-spots’, if you like. As elsewhere in the county, the different levels of past effort can skew the perceived significance of one site over another. Further inventory in lesser-studied areas may show them to be more diverse than presently documented—or not. Several additional areas in the county are also botanically diverse (such as Numogate or Nolans Corners) but do not appear among the 17 areas chosen because there is no reasonable access to them.

Several of the example areas are large, little-disturbed natural landscapes (Dixon and Bottle Lakes; Lavant Long Lake). Most other areas; however, have seen significant disturbance and they are of interest more because of the many significant plants present, rather than because of any ‘wilderness experience’ one might get when visiting them.

### ALMONTE TOWN PARK

In the town of Almonte, on the east side of County Road 29 and the south side of Almonte Street (County Road 49), is a small public park that features mixed woods, rich seepage slopes, and wet meadows along a small creek. The lawns and trails are well-used by walkers and picnickers; however, the woods and slopes still support a relatively diverse flora in a rather small area.

Known only in Lanark from this site are: *Carex woodii* (Wood's Sedge) and *Floerkea proserpinacoides* (False Mermaid). Other rare plants include: *Astragalus neglectus* (Cooper's Milk-vetch), *Bidens vulgatus* (Beggarticks), *Carex bromoides* (Brome-like Sedge), *Carex hirtifolia* (Hairy Sedge), *Hydrophyllum virginianum* (Waterleaf), *Luzula acuminata* (Acuminate Wood-rush), *Ranunculus hispidus* var. *caricetorum* (Northern Crowfoot), and *Veronica americana* (Brooklime). There are also four species rated as sparse known from this site.



**Photo 1:** A small creek running through the west-end park in Almonte.

## **BIG RIDEAU LAKE**

The north shore of this large lake consists of a rugged Canadian Shield landscape associated with the Rideau River—a major plant and animal migration corridor. The area's location in the extreme south tip of the county and southern North Burgess Township, puts it within range of several more-typically southern species. Aquatic vegetation is diverse in the lake though several invasive species are very well-established and may threaten this diversity in the future.

It is all private land; however, there is access to parts of it along the Rideau Trail and Big Rideau North Shore Road. The rugged shoreline itself is quite accessible by boat and several significant species are common on open rocky slopes near shore. Public boat launches exist at Murphys Point Provincial Park and at Narrows Lock at the west end of Big Rideau Lake on Narrows Lock Road. Murphys Point Provincial Park occurs within this broad area but it is treated separately below.

Found nowhere else in the county is *Carex muehlenbergii* (Muhlenberg's Sedge). Other rare species include: *Carex sparganioides* (Bur-reed Sedge), *Carya ovata* (Shagbark Hickory), *Claytonia virginica* (Virginian Spring-beauty), *Polygonum douglasii* (Douglas' Knotweed), *Potentilla arguta* (Tall Cinquefoil), *Pseudognaphalium obtusifolium* (Sweet Everlasting), and *Stuckenia filiformis* (Threadleaf Pondweed). There is an historic (1910) record of the rare *Asplenium platyneuron* (Ebony Spleenwort). There are also 13 species rated as sparse that are known from this site.

## **BLUEBERRY MOUNTAIN**

Blueberry Mountain is the local name given to a high ridge near the northwest corner of the county in northern Lavant Township. The panoramic view from this hilltop is unmatched in the county. The ridge is part of a large, diverse, and undeveloped property that is home to the former Alba Wilderness School. In 2008, the property was voted "one of the Seven Wonders of the County". This area has become the first property to be protected under a conservation easement with the Mississippi Madawaska Land Trust Conservancy. With the agreement, this forested tract will be allowed to develop naturally and to be enjoyed by the public for the next 1000 years. Blueberry Mountain can be found on Hills of Peace Road, east of Flower Station. See Howard Clifford's new website (<http://www.cliffland.ca/>) for more information.

The property has been little-explored botanically, compared to many of the other areas highlighted in this section. *Potamogeton spirillus* (Northern Snailseed Pondweed) and *Salix eriocephala* (Missouri Willow) are known in the county only from this site. Other rare plants include: *Carex scabrata* (Rough Sedge), *Eriophorum gracile* (Slender Cotton-grass), *Eriophorum tenellum* (Filiform Cotton-grass), *Hieracium umbellatum* (Kalm's Hawkweed), and *Platanthera orbiculata* (Round-leaved Orchid). There are also seven species rated as sparse known from this site. No doubt, further exploration of this area will add to the list of significant species.

## **BOLINGBROKE/BOBS LAKE**

The southwest corner of Lanark County includes a small portion of Bobs Lake near its outflow to the Tay River. As with Big Rideau Lake, the Bobs Lake area's location, in the extreme southwest corner of the county and South Sherbrooke Township, puts it within range of several more-typically southern species. The open, dry deciduous woods north of Bolingbroke and the aquatic communities of the lake harbour a number of such species which do not occur farther north in the county.

It is all private land; however, there is access to parts of it along Bolingbroke Station Road. Bobs Lake shoreline and islands are quite accessible by canoe or kayak and several of the significant upland species occur near shore. Aquatic vegetation is diverse in this end of the lake. A boat launch is available at Cedar Haven Cottages on Bobs Lake in adjacent Frontenac County.

Found nowhere else in the county is *Littorella americana* (Shore-plantain) which is locally common along several parts of the Bobs Lake shoreline. Other rare aquatic and lakeshore species include: *Callitricha hermaphroditica* (Water-starwort), *Epilobium coloratum* (Purple-leaved Willow-herb), *Isoetes macrospora* (Quillwort), *Potamogeton vaseyi* (Vasey's Pondweed), and *Salix exigua* ssp. *interior* (Sandbar Willow).

In the dry woods, one can find such rarities as: *Asclepias exaltata* (Poke Milkweed), *Carex sparganioides* (Bur-reed Sedge), *Desmodium paniculatum* (Panicked Tick-trefoil), *Elymus villosus* (Hairy Wild Rye), *Falllopia scandens* (False Buckwheat), *Lysimachia quadrifolia* (Whorled Loosestrife), *Poa alsodes* (Woodland Poa), *Smilax herbacea* (Carrion-flower), and *Triodanis perfoliata* (Venus' Looking-glass). The provincially rare *Wolffia brasiliensis* (Watermeal) was found in a small beaver pond. There are also 18 species rated as sparse known from this site.

### BURNT LANDS ALVAR

The Burnt Lands alvar is a provincially significant Area of Natural and Scientific Interest (ANSI) that straddles the Lanark/Ottawa boundary (Golden Line Road) in eastern Ramsay Township. The Crown Land portion of the alvar is regulated as a Nature Reserve Class provincial park. Alvars are areas of thin soil over flat-lying limestone bedrock. They are drought-prone in summer but may be seasonally-inundated in spring due to poor drainage. The site contains a diversity of coniferous forest, dry and moist alvar meadows, and areas of open exposed bedrock. Such site diversity and extreme conditions favour a number of specialized and otherwise rare plants. The Burnt Lands—as its name implies—is quite susceptible to forest fires in especially dry summers. An extensive forest fire swept through the area in 1870. A smaller but much more recent fire occurred along Golden Line Road in 1999. Forests in the Burnt Lands are severely damaged by fire due to the dry, thin soil and the trees are very slow to regenerate compared to those in areas with deeper, moister soil. The alvar is considered an important site in Keddy (2008) and is described in Sentesy (2008).

The Lanark County portion of the alvar is mostly private land; however, there is a large block of Public Land beyond the travelled portion of the east side of Ramsay Concession 12. There is also some access along township roads, such as Golden Line Road, and along unused road allowances, such as the north ends of Ramsay Concessions 11A and 12. On the Ottawa side of Golden Line Road, a large area along the south side of March Road (County Road 49) is owned by the City of Ottawa and this area is quite accessible.

This site has been well explored over the years and many significant species have been recorded. Found nowhere else in the county are *Ceanothus herbaceus* (Narrow-leaved New Jersey Tea), *Cirsium discolor* (Prairie Thistle) (also provincially rare), *Crataegus macracantha* (Downy Hawthorn), and *Eragrostis frankii* (Frank's Love Grass). Two other provincially and county-wide rare plants occur here, *Astragalus neglectus* (Cooper's Milk-vetch) and *Sporobolus heterolepis* (Prairie Dropseed).

Many other rare-in-Lanark County plants are known from the Burnt Lands: *Amelanchier spicata* (Shadbush), *Arabis hirsuta* ssp. *pycnocarpa* (Hairy Rock Cress), *Calystegia spithamea* (Upright Bindweed), *Carex cravei* (Crawe's Sedge), *Carex richardsonii* (Richardson's Sedge), *Carex umbellata* (Umbel-like Sedge), *Diphasiastrum complanatum* (Ground-cedar), *Dracocephalum parviflorum* (Dragon-head), *Equisetum Xmackaii* (Hybrid Horsetail), *Eriophorum gracile* (Slender Cotton-grass), *Halenia deflexa* (Spurred-gentian), *Maianthemum canadense* var. *interius* (Hairy Wild Lily-of-the-valley), *Panicum flexile* (Wiry Panic Grass), *Pilea fontana* (Clearweed), *Polygala senega* (Seneca Snakeroot), *Scutellaria parvula* (Small Skullcap), *Solidago ptarmicoides* (Upland White Goldenrod), *Veronica peregrina* ssp. *xalapensis* (Purslane Speedwell), *Viola adunca* (Hooked Violet), and *Viola nephrophylla* (Northern Bog Violet). There are also 29 species rated as sparse known from this site.

## CHRISTIE LAKE

In the southern portion of the county, the west end of Christie Lake and the adjacent Tay River support extensive areas of diverse marsh and aquatic communities. The rocky shoreline and small islands of this end of the lake also support a diverse flora due to the mix of igneous and marble bedrock present. Elevated rock barren meadows and dry woodland on the north side of the west end of the lake also contain many rare plants. These features have contributed to the area being identified as a Candidate ANSI (White, 1993).



**Photo 2:** The Tay River at the west end of Christie Lake.

The area of rock barren meadows and dry woodland north of the lake is considered an important site in Keddy (2008).

The area is easily accessed by canoe or kayak into the Tay River from a South Sherbrooke Township access lane on Hanna Road, about 500m east of Bolingbroke Road. The rock barren meadows and dry woodland overlooking the west end of the lake are easily seen from the water but are not very accessible.

Found nowhere else in the county are *Bouteloua curtipendula* (Side-oats Grama), *Gentianella quinquefolia* (Stiff Gentian), and *Sorghastrum nutans* (Indian Grass). The Side-oats Grama and Stiff Gentian are both provincially rare. Other rare aquatic and lakeshore species include: *Callitricha hermaphroditica* (Water-starwort), *Epilobium coloratum* (Purple-leaved Willow-herb), *Potamogeton foliosus* (Leafy Pondweed), and *Wolffia brasiliensis* (Watermeal) (also provincially rare).

The rock barren meadows and dry woodland support such rare species as: *Amelanchier arborea* (Juneberry), *Amelanchier spicata* (Shadbush), *Arabis holboellii* (Rock Cress), *Asplenium platyneuron* (Ebony Spleenwort), *Carex siccata* (Copper Sedge), *Desmodium paniculatum* (Panicled Tick-trefoil), *Hieracium umbellatum* (Kalm's Hawkweed), *Solidago ptarmicoides* (Upland White Goldenrod), *Triodanis perfoliata* (Venus' Looking-glass), and *Viola sagittata* var. *ovata* (Northern Downy Violet).

There are historic records of the rare *Potamogeton vaseyi* (Vasey's Pondweed) (1973) and *Salix nigra* (Black Willow) (1966). There are also 18 species rated as sparse known from this site. An additional sparse plant is known from an historic record.

## CLAY BANK ALVAR

The Clay Bank alvar occurs near the north tip of the county in Pakenham Township and straddles the border with Renfrew County along Young and Barrie Roads. The Clay Bank alvar, the Panmure alvar, and the Burnt Lands alvar have many rare and sparse plants in common but each supports at least a few plants not found in the others. This alvar is all on private land; however, there is access to much of the flora of the area along township roads (Young, Barrie, and the 10th and 11th Concessions North Pakenham).

Found at Clay Bank but nowhere else in the County is *Ranunculus fascicularis* (Early Buttercup). Two rare alvar species from this area are also provincially rare: *Astragalus neglectus* (Cooper's Milk-vetch) and *Sporobolus heterolepis* (Prairie Dropseed). Other rare plants include: *Carex cramei* (Crawe's Sedge), *Carex richardsonii* (Richardson's Sedge), *Carex umbellata* (Umbel-like Sedge), *Luzula acuminata* (Acuminate Wood-rush), *Panicum flexile* (Wiry Panic Grass), *Polygala senega* (Seneca Snakeroot), *Scutellaria parvula* (Small Skullcap), and *Viola adunca* (Hooked Violet). There is an historic record (1940) of the rare *Symphytum oolentangiense* (Azure Aster) from the alvar. There are also 10 species rated as sparse known from this site.

### DIXON AND BOTTLE LAKES

These two small lakes occur near the northwest corner of the county in southwest Lavant Township. Both lakes occur in an area of acidic igneous bedrock that includes several poor fens, and boggy ponds and lakeshores. The area is little-developed and supports a wide range of forest communities, some of which are moderately-mature and have seen little recent cutting. A combination of geology, site history, and geographic location have combined to allow the area to support many locally rare plants.

Much of the site is Public Land so it can be freely explored. The appropriately-named Bottle Lake Road, that goes into Bottle Lake, is usually navigable with a car; however, the side road in to Dixon Lake generally requires a 4X4 vehicle (or a 2 km hike). Both small lakes have canoe and kayak access points and this is the best way to explore their boggy shores and many of the floating poor fen communities.



Photo 3: The floating poor fen communities at Dixon Lake.

Four rare plants are known within the county only from this location: *Oclemena nemoralis* (Bog Aster), *Utricularia purpurea* (Purple Bladderwort), *Utricularia resupinata* (Inverted Bladderwort), and *Viola lanceolata* (Lance-leaved Violet).

Other rare species in this area include: *Carex brunneascens* (Brownish Sedge), *Carex oligosperma* (Few-seeded Sedge), *Drosera intermedia* (Spatulate-leaved Sundew), *Eleocharis flavescentes* var. *olivacea* (Olive-brown Spike-rush), *Eriocaulon aquaticum* (Pipewort), *Eriophorum tenellum* (Filiform Cotton-grass), *Gratiola neglecta* (Hedge-hyssop), *Hypericum ellipticum* (Pale St. John's-wort), *Juncus pelocarpus* (Brown-fruited Rush), *Lycopodiella inundata* (Bog Club-moss), *Oclemena acuminata* (Whorled Wood Aster), *Platanthera clavellata* (Club-spur Orchid), *Triadenum virginicum* (Virginia St. John's-wort), *Utricularia cornuta* (Horned Bladderwort), and *Utricularia gibba* (Humped Bladderwort). There are also 27 species rated as sparse known from this site.

### LAVANT LONG LAKE

A large block of Public Land occurs in the northwest corner of the county in Lavant Township. The area around Lavant Long Lake, and adjacent Perch and Dobbie Lakes, is virtually undeveloped and supports a diverse range of forests, wetlands, and shorelines. Selective logging is ongoing in some of the area but there are extensive stands that have seen little recent disturbance. Old logging roads provide access into much of

this wild area; however, some of the wetter trails have been extensively damaged by ATV and 4X4 travel. Paddling the varied and virtually pristine shoreline of Lavant Long Lake is a very enjoyable daytrip, although getting a canoe or kayak into the lake is a challenge.

*Carex merritt-fernaldii* (Sedge) is known in the county only from this area. Other rare species include: *Coeloglossum viride* (Bracted Orchid), *Cryptogramma stelleri* (Slender Cliffbrake), *Gratiola neglecta* (Hedge-hyssop), *Hypericum ellipticum* (Pale St. John's-wort), *Lycopodium obscurum* (Ground-pine), *Pellaea atropurpurea* (Purple-stemmed Cliffbrake) (also provincially rare), *Platanthera orbiculata* (Round-leaved Orchid), *Potamogeton foliosus* (Leafy Pondweed), *Potamogeton strictifolius* (Strict-leaved Pondweed), *Pseudognaphalium obtusifolium* (Sweet Everlasting), *Rorippa palustris* ssp. *fernaldiana* (Yellow Cress), *Uvularia sessilifolia* (Sessile-leaved Bellwort), *Viola adunca* (Hooked Violet), and *Viola sagittata* var. *ovata* (Northern Downy Violet). There are also 28 species rated as sparse known from this site.

### LOWNEY LAKE

This small lake occurs in northeast Darling Township in an area of marble bedrock. This calcareous substrate has contributed to the development of an extensive graminoid fen at the north end of the lake. Smaller fen and swamp communities occur around the south end as well. Most of the west and south sides of the lake are Public Land and this upland area supports diverse coniferous and mixed forests. The north and east sides of the lake are private but the north end fen and shorelines can be accessed from the lake using an unmarked lane that goes into a little-used boat launch (suitable only for canoes and kayaks) on Peneshula Road about 900m south of the bridge at the lake's north end. The lake's wetlands are part of the provincially significant White Lake Wetland Complex.

Rare plants from this area include: *Galium tinctorium* (Dyer's Bedstraw), *Goodyera tesselata* (Checkered Rattlesnake-plantain), *Platanthera dilatata* (White Bog Orchid), *Pterospora andromedea* (Pinedrops) (also provincially rare), *Spiranthes romanzoffiana* (Hooded Ladies'-tresses), and *Triglochin maritimum* (Arrow-grass). There are also 15 species rated as sparse known from this site. Two additional sparse plants are known from historic records.

### MISSISSIPPI RIVER

The Mississippi River passes through many kilometres of Lanark countryside as it travels from Stump and Dalhousie Lakes in the west, across to Mississippi Lake in the east-central part of the county, and finally out past Pakenham near the northeast corner. The shoreline of this large river is of interest along much of its length; however, two sections stand out from a plant diversity perspective: the first section of interest includes the east end of Dalhousie Lake and the swamp- and marsh-lined portion of the Mississippi River from the lake almost to Sheridans Rapids in Dalhousie Township. Aquatic and shoreline communities are quite diverse at the east end of the lake, along the river, and in two shallow associated lakes (Purdons and McCullochs Mud Lakes) found halfway between Dalhousie Lake and Sheridans Rapids. These shallow lakes and adjacent river make up the provincially significant McCullochs Mud Lake Wetland.



**Photo 4:** The rocky rapids of the Mississippi River near Playfairville.

The river below Dalhousie Lake is easily explored by kayak or canoe, and a boat launch exists at Sylvania Lodge at the foot of the lake. The river is quite slow-moving until it reaches Sheridans Rapids so paddling both ways in this section is relatively easy.

Rare plants in this area include: *Cyperus esculentus* var. *leptostachyus* (Ground-almond), *Eleocharis flavescens* var. *olivacea* (Olive-brown Spike-rush), *Isoetes macrospora* (Quillwort), *Salix exigua* ssp. *interior* (Sandbar Willow), *Spartina pectinata* (Tall Cord Grass), and *Symphyotrichum ontarione* (Ontario Aster).

The second portion of interest is the rocky, rapid-filled section of the river from Sheridans Rapids down to just past Playfairville in northeast Bathurst Township. After Sheridans Rapids, the river moves along more quickly, paddling becomes more challenging, and the trip becomes a one-way excursion. This section is popular with whitewater canoeists in early spring when the river volumes are high. Late in summer, several stretches below Sheridans Rapids can become too shallow for paddling, but portages exist at most of the rapids. The main boat access point for the lower section is at the two-part bridge on Sheridans Rapids Road. This area is considered an important site in Keddy (2008).

Rare plants in this area include: *Parnassia glauca* (Grass-of-parnassus), *Pilea fontana* (Clearweed), *Platanthera flava* var. *herbiola* (Tuberled Orchid) (also provincially rare), *Spiranthes lucida* (Shining Ladies'-tresses), *Torreyochloa pallida* var. *fernaldii* (Fernald's Manna Grass), and *Triglochin maritimum* (Arrow-grass). There are also 19 species rated as sparse known from this site overall. An additional sparse plant is known from an historic record.

### MURPHYS POINT PROVINCIAL PARK

This large park occurs along the north shore of Big Rideau Lake in the south part of the county along the southern edge of North Burgess Township. It protects an extensive and diverse range of forest, wetland, and shoreline communities in an area of primarily acidic, igneous bedrock. The area's location in the southern tip of the county puts it within range of several rare and typically more-southern species. Murphys Point occurs along the Rideau River system—a major migration corridor. The northeast portion of the park has been identified as a Candidate ANSI (White, 1993). The park is considered an important site in Keddy (2008).

Being a provincial park, it can be freely explored and has an extensive trail network. A kayak or canoe is an excellent way to explore the rocky shoreline and diverse aquatic communities in the park. A sheltered boat launch occurs in the park at the mouth of Hogg's Bay.

The park has been well-studied over the years and many rare plants have been reported from it. Unknown elsewhere in Lanark County are: *Carex atlantica* (Prickly Bog Sedge) (also provincially rare), *Carex tribuloides* (Blunt-broom Sedge), and *Luzula multiflora* (Common Wood-rush). Other rare plants in the park include: *Amelanchier arborea* (Juneberry), *Arabis hirsuta* ssp. *pycnocarpa* (Hairy Rock Cress), *Carex brunneoscens* (Brownish Sedge), *Carex formosa* (Sedge), *Carex hirtifolia* (Hairy Sedge), *Carex prasina* (Onion-coloured Sedge), *Carex siccata* (Copper Sedge), *Carya ovata* (Shagbark Hickory), *Claytonia virginica* (Virginian Spring-beauty), *Clematis occidentalis* (Purple Clematis), *Cyperus strigosus* (Strigose Cyperus), *Luzula acuminata* (Acuminate Wood-rush), *Panax trifolius* (Dwarf Ginseng), *Persicaria hydropiperoides* (False Water-pepper), *Potamogeton foliosus* (Leafy Pondweed), *Vaccinium corymbosum* (High Bush Blueberry), and *Woodwardia virginica* (Virginia Chain Fern).

There are historic records (not recorded since 1974) of the following rare species: *Anemone quinquefolia* (Wood Anemone), *Calamagrostis stricta* ssp. *inexpansa* (Northern Reed Grass), *Desmodium nudiflorum* (Naked-flowered Tick-trefoil), *Epilobium coloratum* (Purple-leaved Willow-herb), *Galium boreale* (Northern Bedstraw), *Myosotis laxa* (Smaller Forget-me-not), *Neobeckia aquatica* (Lake Cress), *Oclemena acuminata*

(Whorled Wood Aster), *Osmorrhiza longistylis* (Anise-root), *Potamogeton ogdenii* (Ogden's Pondweed) (also provincially rare), *Potamogeton strictifolius* (Strict-leaved Pondweed), *Prenanthes alba* (White-lettuce), *Ranunculus gmelinii* (Yellow Water-crowfoot), *Salix nigra* (Black Willow), and *Torreyochochloa pallida* var. *fernaldii* (Fernald's Manna Grass). There are also 25 species rated as sparse known from this site. An additional 11 sparse plants are known from historic records.

### NAPIER LAKE

This lake, and several nearby small unnamed lakes, occurs in an extensive glacial moraine deposit in northwest Darling Township. Much of this underlying moraine is calcareous in nature which provides unusual groundwater conditions and may help to explain the rather large number of rare species known from this area. These features have contributed to the area being identified as the provincially significant Darling Township Forest ANSI (Brunton, 1990). The ANSI is also described in Sentesy (2008).



**Photo 5:** The aquamarine water of a small lake near Napier Lake.

The area consists of a mix of private land and Public Land so parts of it can be freely explored. Much of the private land is unfenced and has been unposted so it too can be hiked. The forests have seen extensive cutting at various times in the past but the lakes and kettle ponds are essentially undisturbed and this is where most of the interesting species are to be found. Campbells Road west of County Road 511 provides the best access to the site and the easternmost km or so goes through Public Land.

The area has been well-studied over the years and many rare plants have been reported from it. Unknown elsewhere in Lanark County are: *Carex prairea* (Prairie Sedge), *Eleocharis quinqueflora* (Spike-rush), and *Primula mistassinica* (Bird's-eye Primrose). Other rare plants in the area include: *Amelanchier arborea* (Juneberry), *Carex crawei* (Crawe's Sedge), *Carex lurida* (Sallow Sedge), *Carex scabrata* (Rough Sedge), *Carex sterilis* (Sedge), *Clematis occidentalis* (Purple Clematis), *Coeloglossum viride* (Bracted Orchid), *Dryopteris Xboottii* (Boott's Wood Fern), *Eleocharis intermedia* (Intermediate Spike-rush), *Epilobium palustre* (Swamp Willow-herb), *Equisetum Xmackaii* (Hybrid Horsetail), *Fallopia scandens* (False Buckwheat), *Lycopodiella inundata* (Bog Club-moss), *Lycopodium obscurum* (Ground-pine), *Ophioglossum pusillum* (Adder's-tongue Fern), *Potentilla anserina* (Silverweed), *Pterospora andromedea* (Pinedrops) (also provincially rare), *Rhynchospora capillacea* (Beak-rush), *Stellaria longifolia* (Long-leaved Chickweed), and *Uvularia sessilifolia* (Sessile-leaved Bellwort). There are also 34 species rated as sparse known from this site.

### PANMURE ALVAR

The Panmure alvar occurs about 4 kilometres southeast of Pakenham in eastern Pakenham Township and straddles the Lanark County/Ottawa boundary. It is not far from and is part of the same formation as the Burnt Lands alvar. The site is private but there is some access at the south end from the Rock Coady Road allowance that goes north from Panmure Road. The alvar consists of an elevated limestone plateau with scanty soil. It is a mix of open coniferous woods, dry to moist grassy alvar meadows, and areas of bare exposed bedrock. These features have contributed to the area being identified as a Candidate ANSI (White, 1992).

Rare plants in this area include: *Arabis hirsuta* ssp. *pycnocarpa* (Hairy Rock Cress), *Astragalus neglectus* (Cooper's Milk-vetch) (also provincially rare), *Calystegia spithamea* (Upright Bindweed), *Carex cravei* (Crave's Sedge), *Carex richardsonii* (Richardson's Sedge), *Carex umbellata* (Umbel-like Sedge), *Maianthemum canadense* var. *interius* (Hairy Wild Lily-of-the-valley), *Polygala senega* (Seneca Snakeroot), *Scutellaria parvula* (Small Skullcap), *Veronica peregrina* ssp. *xalapensis* (Purslane Speedwell), and *Viola adunca* (Hooked Violet). There are also eight species rated as sparse known from this site.

### PINERY ROAD EAST

A dry alvar-like area occurs in the northeast part of Montague Township. Although it doesn't have the diversity and overall significance of the Burnt Lands or Panmure alvars, it is still an interesting area and it supports several significant species not found at the Burnt Lands or Panmure. The area is all private land but there is good access to much of its interesting flora along the east end of Pinery Road, the northern portion of Montague Boundary Road, and Ellen Maloney Road.

Not known elsewhere in the county is *Lobelia spicata* (Pale Spike Lobelia). Other rare plants in the area include: *Panicum flexile* (Wiry Panic Grass), *Potentilla arguta* (Tall Cinquefoil), *Solidago ptarmicoides* (Upland White Goldenrod), and *Verbena simplex* (Narrow-leaved Vervain). There are also 21 species rated as sparse known from this site. One additional sparse plant is known from an historic record.

### PURDON CONSERVATION AREA

This diverse fen, located in central Dalhousie Township, is managed by Mississippi Valley Conservation whose focus is to protect and enhance the very large population of *Cypripedium reginae* (Showy Lady-slipper) and to provide easy access to the fen for visitors. The boardwalks and trails do give very good access to this special place but it can be very busy when the Showy Lady-slippers bloom in the latter half of June. The Conservation Area is considered an important site in Keddy (2008) and is described in Sentesy (2008).



**Photo 6:** Along the boardwalk through the fen at the Purdon Conservation Area.

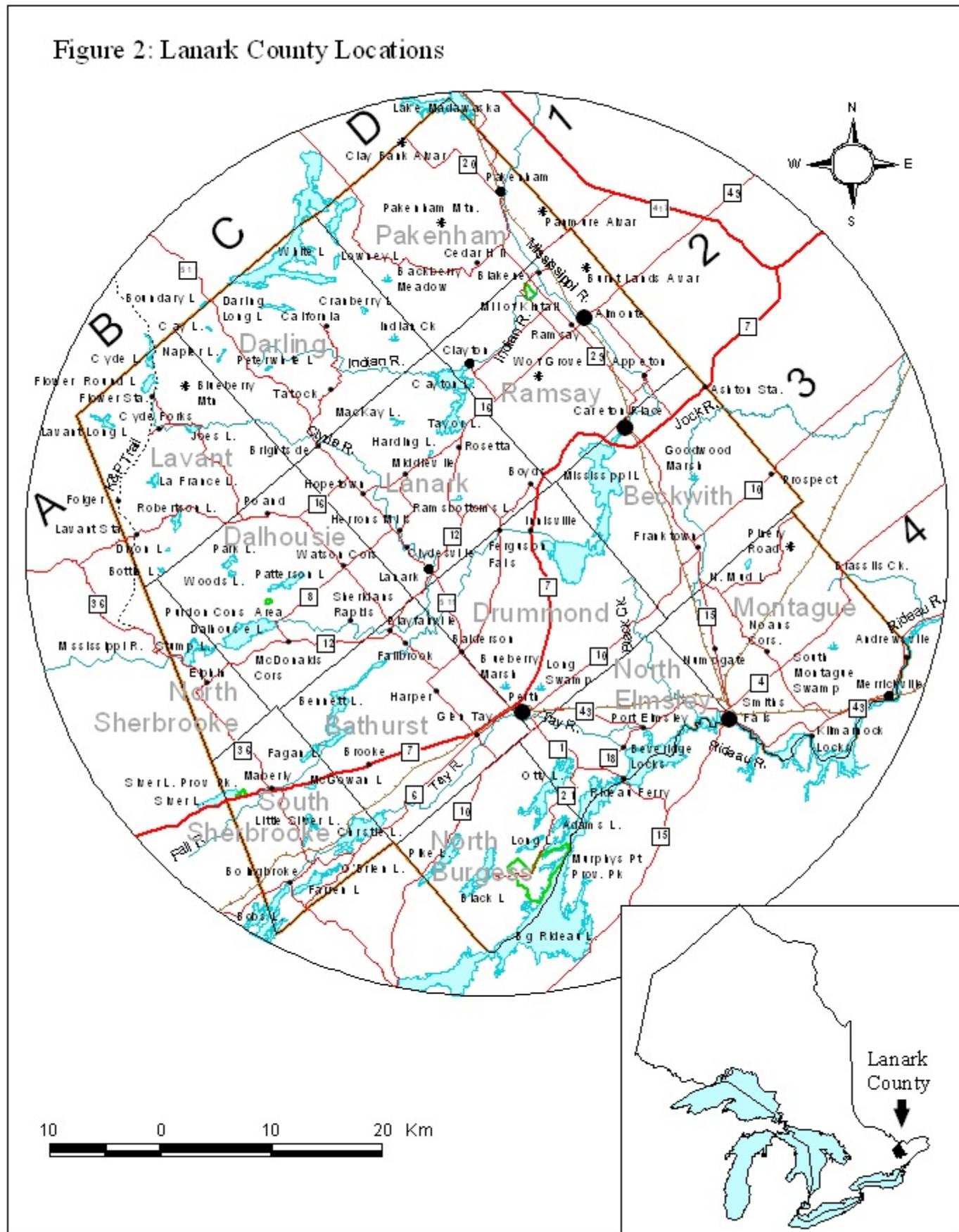
This is another area that has been well-studied over the years and a number of rare plants have been found there, although no Lanark plant is known only from the site. Rare plants in this area include: *Amelanchier arborea* (Juneberry), *Carex bromoides* (Brome-like Sedge), *Carex brunnescens* (Brownish Sedge), *Carex chordorrhiza* (Cord Sedge), *Carex livida* (Lead-coloured Sedge), *Eriophorum gracile* (Slender Cotton-grass), *Lycopodiella inundata* (Bog Club-moss), *Moehringia lateriflora* (Grove Sandwort), *Platanthera dilatata* (White Bog Orchid), *Platanthera orbiculata* (Round-leaved Orchid), *Potentilla arguta* (Tall Cinquefoil), *Uvularia sessilifolia* (Sessile-leaved Bellwort), and *Viola nephrophylla* (Northern Bog Violet). There are also 12 species rated as sparse known from this site.

## **ROBERTSON LAKE**

This medium-sized lake in Lavant Township has several features of interest: diverse aquatics, numerous rocky islands, and areas of poor fen communities. Boat access exists at the northeast end of the lake at the community picnic area. The poor fen communities occur along the west side of the lake but are best accessed on foot from either side of a large culvert on the South Lavant Road just after Morrison Lane, about 1.5 kilometres west of the picnic area. The poor fen in this area, west of the cottages, is on Public Land and it can be explored freely.

*Elodea nuttallii* (Water-weed) and *Muhlenbergia uniflora* (One-flowered Muhlenbergia) are known in the county only from this site. Other rare plants include: *Arethusa bulbosa* (Dragon's-mouth), *Drosera intermedia* (Spatulate-leaved Sundew), *Eleocharis flavescens* var. *olivacea* (Olive-brown Spike-rush), *Platanthera clavellata* (Club-spur Orchid), and *Potamogeton strictifolius* (Strict-leaved Pondweed). There are also ten species rated as sparse known from this site. Two additional sparse plants are known from historic records.

Figure 2: Lanark County Locations



## Index to Lanark County Locations

The following list presents all the location names mentioned in the checklist. In order to locate a place name on the preceding map, use the geographic township boundaries as an approximate reference grid with the letters across the northwest side of the county and the numbers down the northeast side as a guide. As an example, Andrewsville—which occurs in the extreme southeast corner of the county—is found at “D4” on the map. For a few features that span a large area, such as rivers, a range is given in the grid reference below.

Adams L. ....	B4	Elphin ....	A2	N. Elmsley Tp. ....	C4
Almonte ....	D2	Fagan L. ....	A3	N. Mud L. ....	D4
Andrewsville ....	D4	Fallbrook ....	B3	N. Sherbrooke Tp. ....	A2
Appleton ....	D2	Fall R. ....	A3-B3	Napier L. ....	C1
Ashton Sta. ....	D3	Farren L. ....	A3	Nolans Cors. ....	D4
Balderson ....	C3	Ferguson Falls ....	C3	Numogate ....	D4
Bathurst Tp. ....	B3	Flower Round L. ....	B1	O'Brien L. ....	A3
Beckwith Tp. ....	D3	Flower Sta. ....	B1	Otty L. ....	B4
Bennett L. ....	B3	Folger ....	B1	Pakenham ....	D1
Beveridge Locks ....	C4	Franktown ....	D3	Pakenham Mtn. ....	D1
Big Rideau L. ....	B4-C4	Glen Tay ....	B3	Pakenham Tp. ....	D1
Blackberry Meadow ....	D1	Goodwood Marsh ....	D3	Panmure Alvar ....	D1
Black Ck. ....	C3-C4	Harding L. ....	C2	Park L. ....	B2
Black L. ....	B4	Harper ....	B3	Patterson L. ....	B2
Blakeney ....	D2	Herrons Mills ....	C2	Perth ....	C3
Blueberry Marsh ....	C3	Hopetown ....	C2	Peterwhite L. ....	C1
Blueberry Mtn. ....	B1	Indian Ck. ....	C1	Pike L. ....	B4
Bobs L. ....	A3	Innisville ....	C3	Pinery Road ....	D4
Bolingbroke ....	A3	Jock R. ....	D3	Playfairville ....	B3
Bottle L. ....	B1	Joes L. ....	B1	Poland ....	B2
Boundary L. ....	C1	Kilmarnock Locks ....	D4	Port Elmsley ....	C4
Boyds ....	C2	La France L. ....	B1	Prospect ....	D3
Brassils Ck. ....	D4	Lake Madawaska ....	D1	Purdon Cons. Area ....	B2
Brightside ....	C1	Lanark ....	C2	Ramsay ....	D2
Brooke ....	B3	Lanark Tp. ....	C2	Ramsay Tp. ....	D2
Burnt Lands Alvar ....	D2	Lavant Long L. ....	B1	Ramsbottoms L. ....	C2
California ....	C1	Lavant Sta. ....	B1	Rideau Ferry ....	C4
Carleton Place ....	D3	Lavant Tp. ....	B1	Rideau R. ....	C4-D4
Cedar Hill ....	D1	Little Silver L. ....	A3	Robertson L. ....	B1
Christie L. ....	A3	Long L. ....	B4	Rosetta ....	C2
Clay Bank Alvar ....	D1	Long Swamp ....	C3	S. Montague Swamp ....	D4
Clay L. ....	C1	Lowney L. ....	C1	S. Sherbrooke Tp. ....	A3
Clayton ....	D2	Maberly ....	A3	Sheridans Rapids ....	B2
Clayton L. ....	C2	MacKay L. ....	C2	Silver L. ....	A3
Clyde Forks ....	B1	McDonalds Cors. ....	B2	Silver L. Prov. Pk. ....	A3
Clyde L. ....	B1	McGowan L. ....	A3	Smiths Falls ....	C4
Clyde R. ....	B1-C3	Merrickville ....	D4	Stump L. ....	A2
Clydesville ....	C2	Middleville ....	C2	Tatlock ....	C1
Cranberry L. ....	C1	Mill of Kintail ....	D2	Taylor L. ....	C2
Dalhousie L. ....	B2	Mississippi L. ....	C3-D3	Tay R. ....	A3-C4
Dalhousie Tp. ....	B2	Mississippi R. ....	A2-D1	Watson Cors. ....	B2
Darling Long L. ....	C1	Montague Tp. ....	D4	White L. ....	C1-D1
Darling Tp. ....	C1	Murphys Pt. Prov. Pk. ....	B4	Wolf Grove ....	D2
Dixon L. ....	B1	N. Burgess Tp. ....	B4	Woods L. ....	B2
Drummond Tp. ....	C3				

## ANNOTATED CHECKLIST

<u>LYCOPODIACEAE</u>	<u>CLUB-MOSS FAMILY</u>	<u>STATUS IN LANARK COUNTY</u>
<i>Diphasiastrum complanatum</i> (L.) Holub . . . . . ( <i>Lycopodium complanatum</i> L.)	Ground-cedar . . . . .	Rare, sandy woods: Burnt Lands; [Peterwhite L.-1972]
<i>Diphasiastrum digitatum</i> (A. Br.) Holub . . . . . ( <i>Lycopodium digitatum</i> A. Br.; <i>L. flabelliforme</i> (Fern.) Blanch.; <i>L. complanatum</i> L. var. <i>flabelliforme</i> Fern.)	Fan-shaped Club-moss . . . . .	Common
<i>Diphasiastrum tristachyum</i> (Pursh) Holub . . . . . ( <i>Lycopodium tristachyum</i> Pursh)	Blue Ground-cedar . . . . .	Uncommon (13), open mixed woods
<i>Huperzia lucidula</i> (Michx.) Trev. . . . . ( <i>Lycopodium lucidulum</i> Michx.)	Shining Club-moss . . . . .	Common
<i>Lycopodiella inundata</i> (L.) Holub . . . . . ( <i>Lycopodium inundatum</i> L.)	Bog Club-moss . . . . .	Rare, fens and poor fens: Dixon L.; Napier L.; Purdon Cons. Area
<b>Note:</b> Several species formerly included in <i>Lycopodium</i> have been moved to the genera <i>Diphasiastrum</i> , <i>Huperzia</i> and <i>Lycopodiella</i> .		
<i>Lycopodium annotinum</i> L. . . . .	Stiff Club-moss . . . . .	Uncommon, mixed woods
<i>Lycopodium clavatum</i> L. . . . .	Staghorn Club-moss . . . . .	Uncommon, open mixed woods
<i>Lycopodium dendroideum</i> Michx. . . . . ( <i>L. obscurum</i> L. var. <i>dendroideum</i> (Michx.) D. Eat.)	Ground-pine . . . . .	Common
<i>Lycopodium hickeyi</i> Wagner, Beitel & Moran . . . . . ( <i>L. obscurum</i> L. var. <i>isophyllum</i> Hickey)	Ground-pine . . . . .	Sparse, mixed woods: Bottle L.; Cranberry L.; Dixon L.; Elphin (2); Joes L.; Lavant Long L.; Lavant Sta.; Murphys Pt. Pk.; Stump L.; Watson Cors.
<i>Lycopodium obscurum</i> L. . . . .	Ground-pine . . . . .	Rare, mixed woods: Lavant Long L.; Napier L.; Watson Cors.

<u>EQUISETACEAE</u>	<u>HORSETAIL FAMILY</u>
<i>Equisetum arvense</i> L. . . . .	Field Horsetail . . . . .
<i>Equisetum fluviatile</i> L. . . . .	Water Horsetail . . . . .
<i>Equisetum hyemale</i> L. ssp. <i>affine</i> . . . . . (Engelm.) Calder & Taylor	Scouring-rush . . . . .
<i>Equisetum scirpoides</i> Michx. . . . .	Dwarf Scouring-rush . . . . .
<i>Equisetum sylvaticum</i> L. . . . .	Wood Horsetail . . . . .
<i>Equisetum variegatum</i> Schleich. . . . .	Variegated Horsetail . . . . .
<i>Equisetum ×litorale</i> Kuhn. . . . . ( <i>E. arvense</i> × <i>E. fluviatile</i> )	Shoreline Horsetail . . . . .
<i>Equisetum ×mackaii</i> (Newm.) Brichan . . . . . ( <i>E. ×trachydon</i> A. Br.; <i>E. hyemale</i> × <i>E. variegatum</i> )	Hybrid Horsetail . . . . .
Rare, sandy slopes: Burnt Lands; Napier L.	

<u>SELAGINELLACEAE</u>	<u>SPIKEMOSS FAMILY</u>
<i>Selaginella eclipses</i> Buck . . . . . ( <i>S. apoda</i> auct. non (L.) Fern.)	Meadow Spikemoss . . . . .
<i>Selaginella rupestris</i> (L.) Spring . . . . .	Rock Spikemoss . . . . .
Sparse, mainly calcareous shorelines: Carleton Place; Clyde Forks; Clydesville; Farren L.; Hopetown; Napier L.; Pike L.; Playfairville; Sheridans Rapids; [Dalhousie L.-1947]; [Innisville- 1933]; [Lanark-pre1925]	
Uncommon, open rocky slopes	

<u>ISOETACEAE</u>	<u>QUILLWORT FAMILY</u>
<i>Isoetes echinospora</i> Dur. ssp. <i>muricata</i> .... (Dur.) Löve & Löve	Spiny-spored Quillwort .... Sparse, shallow water: Big Rideau L. (2); Clyde L.; Flower Round L.; Long L; Otty L.; Pike L.; Stump L. (2)
<i>Isoetes macrospora</i> Dur. .... ( <i>I. lacustris</i> L., p. pt.)	Large-spored Quillwort .... Rare, shallow water: Bobs L.; Dalhousie L.
<u>OPHIOGLOSSACEAE</u>	<u>ADDER'S-TONGUE FAMILY</u>
<i>Botrychium dissectum</i> Spreng. .... (incl. forma <i>obliquum</i> (Muhl.) Fern.)	Cut-leaved Grape Fern .... Rare, dry open ground: [Pakenham-1953]
<i>Botrychium matricariifolium</i> (Döll) A. Br. ex Koch	Daisyleaf Grape Fern .... Sparse, open woods and meadows: McDonalds Cors.; Murphys Pt. Pk.; Poland; Sheridans Rapids; Stump L.; Watson Cors.; [Pakenham-1952]; [Robertson L.-1960]
<i>Botrychium multifidum</i> (Gmel.) Rupr. ....	Leathery Grape Fern .... Common
<i>Botrychium simplex</i> E. Hitchc. ....	Dwarf Grape Fern .... Sparse, open woods and meadows: Andrewsville; Bottle L.; Dalhousie L.; Murphys Pt. Pk.; Sheridans Rapids; Watson Cors.; Woods L.; [Prospect-1955]
<i>Botrychium virginianum</i> (L.) Sw. ....	Rattlesnake Fern .... Common
<i>Ophioglossum pusillum</i> Raf. .... ( <i>O. vulgatum</i> L. var. <i>pseudopodum</i> (Blake) Farw.)	Adder's-tongue Fern .... Rare, moist open ground: Innisville (2); Napier L.; Playfairville ; [Prospect-1955]; [Watson Cors.-prob. extirpated]
<u>OSMUNDACEAE</u>	<u>FLOWERING FERN FAMILY</u>
<i>Osmunda cinnamomea</i> L. ....	Cinnamon Fern .... Common
<i>Osmunda claytoniana</i> L. ....	Interrupted Fern .... Uncommon, moist woods
<i>Osmunda regalis</i> L. var. <i>spectabilis</i> (Willd.) Gray	Royal Fern .... Common
<u>PTERIDACEAE</u>	<u>MAIDENHAIR FERN FAMILY</u>
<i>Adiantum pedatum</i> L. ....	Maidenhair Fern .... Uncommon, rich deciduous woods
<i>Cryptogramma stelleri</i> (Gmel.) Prantl. ....	Slender Cliffbrake .... Rare, calcareous cliffs: Clay L.; Lavant Long L.; Lavant Sta; White L.; [Dalhousie L.-1906]
#S3 <i>Pellaea atropurpurea</i> (L.) Link ....	Purple-stemmed Cliffbrake .. Rare, calcareous cliffs: Lavant Long L. (2)
<u>DENNSTAEDTIACEAE</u>	<u>BRACKEN FERN FAMILY</u>
<i>Dennstaedtia punctilobula</i> (Michx.) Moore .	Hay-scented Fern .... Sparse, open woods: Bottle L.; California; Darling Long L.; Glen Tay; Joes L. (2); Watson Cors.; Wolf Grove; [Murphys Pt. Pk.-1974]
<i>Pteridium aquilinum</i> (L.) Kuhn .... var. <i>latiusculum</i> (Desv.) Underw. ex Hell.	Bracken Fern .... Common
<u>THELYPTERIDACEAE</u>	<u>MARSH FERN FAMILY</u>
<i>Phegopteris connectilis</i> (Michx.) Watt .... ( <i>Thelypteris phegopteris</i> (L.) Slossen)	Northern Beech Fern .... Uncommon, moist mixed woods

<i>Thelypteris noveboracensis</i> (L.) Nieuwl. .... New York Fern .....	Sparse, rich woods: Bottle L.; Darling Long L.; Elphin; Innisville; Little Silver L.; Watson Cors. (2)
<i>Thelypteris palustris</i> Schott .... Marsh Fern .....	Common

BLECHNACEAE DEER-FERN FAMILY

<i>Woodwardia virginica</i> (L.) Sm. ....	Virginia Chain Fern .... Rare, poor fens: Murphys Pt. Pk.; Wolf Grove
---	---

ASPLENIACEAE SPLEENWORT FAMILY

<i>Asplenium platyneuron</i> (L.) Oakes ....	Ebony Spleenwort .... Rare, open calcareous meadows: Christie L.; Joes L.; Rosetta; Sheridans Rapids; [Big Rideau L.-1910]; [Otty L.-1966]; [White L.-1974]
<i>Asplenium rhizophyllum</i> L. ....	Walking Fern .... Sparse, calcareous outcrops: Bennett L.; California; Clyde Forks; Darling Tp.; Lavant Long L.; Lavant Sta.; Merrickville; Napier L.; Sheridans Rapids; Watson Cors.; [Boundary L.-1955]; [Fallbrook-1966]; [Rideau Ferry-1906]
<i>Asplenium trichomanes</i> L. ....	Tetraploid Maidenhair
ssp. <i>quadrivalens</i> Meyer	Spleenwort .... Rare, limestone: [Merrickville-1947]
<i>Asplenium trichomanes</i> L. ssp. <i>trichomanes</i>	Maidenhair Spleenwort .... Uncommon (13), wooded outcrops

DRYOPTERIDACEAE WOOD FERN FAMILY

<i>Athyrium filix-femina</i> (L.) Roth ....	Lady Fern .... Common
var. <i>angustum</i> (Willd.) Lawson	
<i>Cystopteris bulbifera</i> (L.) Bernh. ....	Bulblet Fern .... Common
<i>Cystopteris fragilis</i> (L.) Bernh. ....	Fragile Fern .... Uncommon, wooded cliffs
<i>Cystopteris tenuis</i> (Michx.) Desv. ....	Mackay's Fragile Fern .... Uncommon, rocky woods
( <i>C. fragilis</i> (L.) Bernh. var. <i>mackayi</i> Laws.)	
<i>Deparia acrostichoides</i> (Sw.) Kato ....	Silvery Spleenwort .... Sparse, rich deciduous woods:
( <i>Athyrium thelypteroides</i> (Michx.) Desv.)	Bolingbroke; Brightside; Darling Long L.; Dixon L.; Elphin; Innisville; Joes L.; Napier L.; Pakenham Mtn.; Peterwhite L.; Watson Cors.; [Pakenham-1943]
<i>Diplazium pycnocarpon</i> (Spreng.) Brown ...	Narrow-leaved Spleenwort ... Rare, rich woods: Andrewsville; Brightside; Innisville
( <i>Athyrium pycnocarpon</i> (Spreng.) Tide.)	
<i>Dryopteris carthusiana</i> (Vill.) H.P. Fuchs ...	Spinulose Wood Fern .... Common
( <i>D. spinulosa</i> (Muell.) Watt)	
<i>Dryopteris clintoniana</i> (D. Eat.) Dowell ....	Clinton's Fern .... Rare, rich woods and mixed swamps: Andrewsville; Clayton; Wolf Grove; [Pakenham-1952]
<i>Dryopteris cristata</i> (L.) Gray ....	Crested Wood Fern .... Uncommon, swamps and wet woods
<i>Dryopteris fragrans</i> (L.) Schott ....	Fragrant Cliff Fern .... Rare, igneous cliffs: Folger
<i>Dryopteris goldiana</i> (Hook.) Gray ....	Goldie's Fern .... Sparse, rich woods: Blakeney; Darling Long L.; Innisville; Joes L.; Lavant Long L.; Mill of Kintail; Pakenham Mtn.; Peterwhite L.; [Lanark-1966]; [Pakenham-1954]
<i>Dryopteris intermedia</i> (Muhl.) Gray ....	Evergreen Wood Fern .... Common
<i>Dryopteris marginalis</i> (L.) Gray ....	Marginal Shield Fern .... Common

<i>Dryopteris × boottii</i> (Tuckerm.) Underw. ....	Boott's Wood Fern .....	Rare, damp woods: Napier L.; Pakenham
( <i>D. cristata</i> × <i>D. intermedia</i> )		
<i>Dryopteris × triploidea</i> Wherry .....	Triploid Wood Fern .....	Rare, mixed woods: Mill of Kintail; [Pakenham Mtn.-1943]
( <i>D. carthusiana</i> × <i>D. intermedia</i> )		
<i>Gymnocarpium dryopteris</i> (L.) Newm. ....	Oak Fern .....	Common
<i>Matteuccia struthiopteris</i> (L.) Tod. ....	Ostrich Fern .....	Common
<i>Onoclea sensibilis</i> L. ....	Sensitive Fern .....	Common
<i>Polystichum acrostichoides</i> (Michx.) Schott .	Christmas Fern .....	Uncommon, rich woods
<i>Woodsia ilvensis</i> (L.) R. Br. ....	Rusty Woodsia .....	Uncommon, rocky slopes

POLYPODIACEAE

POLYPODY FERN FAMILY

<i>Polypodium virginianum</i> L. ....	Rock Polypody .....	Common
---------------------------------------	---------------------	--------

TAXACEAE

YEW FAMILY

<i>Taxus canadensis</i> Marsh. ....	Canada Yew .....	Uncommon, moist mixed woods
-------------------------------------	------------------	-----------------------------

PINACEAE

PINE FAMILY

<i>Abies balsamea</i> (L.) Mill. ....	Balsam Fir .....	Common
<i>Larix laricina</i> (Du Roi) K. Koch ....	Tamarack .....	Common
<i>Picea glauca</i> (Moench) Voss ....	White Spruce .....	Common
<i>Picea mariana</i> (Mill.) BSP. ....	Black Spruce .....	Sparse, bogs and poor fens: Andrewsville; Blueberry Marsh; Bottle L.; Goodwood Marsh; Harding L.; Joes L.; Napier L.; Silver L.; Woods L. (2)
* <i>Pinus banksiana</i> Lamb. ....	Jack Pine .....	Rare escape from cultivation: Hopetown; Lanark; McGowan L.
(*) <i>Pinus resinosa</i> Ait. ....	Red Pine .....	Uncommon as a native tree on rocky shores and dry ridges but also very commonly planted.
<i>Pinus strobus</i> L. ....	White Pine .....	Common
* <i>Pinus sylvestris</i> L. ....	Scotch Pine .....	Uncommon escape from cultivation
<i>Tsuga canadensis</i> (L.) Carr. ....	Hemlock .....	Common

CUPRESSACEAE

CYPRESS FAMILY

<i>Juniperus communis</i> L. ....	Juniper .....	Common
(*) <i>Juniperus virginiana</i> L. ....	Red Cedar .....	Sparse, open woods and roadsides: native in the southern part of the county (locally common in the south portions of S. Sherbrooke Tp. and N. Burgess Tp.). A sparse adventive or escape from cultivation elsewhere in the county: Almonte; Andrewsville; Glen Tay; Hopetown; Perth (4); Silver L. Pk.; Smiths Falls
<i>Thuja occidentalis</i> L. ....	White Cedar .....	Common

TYPHACEAE

CATTAIL FAMILY

(*) <i>Typha angustifolia</i> L. ....	Narrow-leaved Cattail .....	Uncommon, open wetlands
<i>Typha latifolia</i> L. ....	Cattail .....	Common
(*) <i>Typha × glauca</i> Godr. ....	Hybrid Cattail .....	Common
( <i>T. angustifolia</i> × <i>T. latifolia</i> )		

**SPARGANIACEAE****BUR-REED FAMILY**

<i>Sparganium americanum</i> Nutt. ....	American Bur-reed .....	Rare, shallow water: [Carleton Place-1953]
<i>Sparganium angustifolium</i> Michx. ....	Narrow-leaved Bur-reed ....	Sparse, deep water: Blackberry Meadow; Darling Long L.; Lowney L.; Otty L.; Pakenham Mtn; Tatlock; White L.
<i>Sparganium emersum</i> Rehm. ....	Stemless Bur-reed .....	Common
( <i>S. chlorocarpum</i> Rydb)		
<i>Sparganium eurycarpum</i> Engelm. ....	Broad-fruited Bur-reed ....	Uncommon, shorelines and marshes
<i>Sparganium fluctuans</i> (Morong) Robins. ....	Floating Bur-reed .....	Sparse, deep water: Bennett L.; Beveridge Locks; Blueberry Mtn., Clyde Forks; Clyde L.; Dixon L.; Flower Round L.; Lavant Sta.; [Murphys Pt. Pk.-1974]
<i>Sparganium natans</i> L. ....	Small Bur-reed .....	Uncommon (13), shallow water
( <i>S. minimum</i> (Hartm.) Fries)		

**POTAMOGETONACEAE****PONDWEED FAMILY**

Note: Two local species formerly included in *Potamogeton* have been moved to the genus *Stuckenia*.

<i>Potamogeton alpinus</i> Balb. ....	Alpine Pondweed .....	Uncommon, shallow water
<i>Potamogeton amplifolius</i> Tuckerm. ....	Large-leaved Pondweed ....	Common, deep water
* <i>Potamogeton crispus</i> L. ....	Curly Pondweed .....	Uncommon (14) but spreading in shallow water
<i>Potamogeton epihydrus</i> Raf. ....	Emersed Pondweed .....	Common
<i>Potamogeton foliosus</i> Raf. ....	Leafy Pondweed .....	Rare, shallow water: Christie L.; Lavant Long L.; Murphys Pt. Pk.; Patterson L.; Watson Cors.; [Fallbrook-1969]; [Mississippi L.-1947]; [Otty L.-1947]
<i>Potamogeton friesii</i> Rupr. ....	Fries' Pondweed .....	Sparse, shallow water: Bennett L.; Big Rideau L.; Bobs L.; Hopetown; Innisville; Otty L.
<i>Potamogeton gramineus</i> L. ....	Grass-leaved Pondweed ....	Common, shallow water
<i>Potamogeton illinoensis</i> Morong ....	Illinois Pondweed .....	Sparse, shallow water: Beveridge Locks; Bobs L.; Christie L. (2); Clyde Forks; Darling Long L. (2); Port Elmsley; Robertson L.; Sheridans Rapids; Smiths Falls; Tatlock; [Goodwood Marsh-1941]; [Jock R.-1941]; [Mississippi L.-1950]; [Silver L.-1947]
<i>Potamogeton natans</i> L. ....	Floating Pondweed .....	Uncommon, shallow water
<i>Potamogeton nodosus</i> Poir. ....	Knotted Pondweed .....	Sparse, shallow water: Blakeneys; Christie L.; Clydesville; Dalhousie L.; Darling Long L.; Lanark; MacKay L.; Pakenham; Sheridans Rapids; White L.; [Almonte-1977]; [Blakeneys-1953]
#SH <i>Potamogeton ogdenii</i> Hellquist & Hilton ...	Ogden's Pondweed .....	Rare, shallow water: [Murphys Pt. Pk.-1974] (COSEWIC, 2007)

<i>Potamogeton perfoliatus</i> L.	Perfoliate Pondweed	Uncommon (14), shallow water
<i>Potamogeton praelongus</i> Wulfen	White-stem Pondweed	Sparse, shallow water: Adams L.; Blueberry Mtn., Christie L.; Clayton L.; Clyde L.; Dalhousie L.; Port Elmsley; Stump L.; White L.; Woods L. (2); [Carleton Place-1951]
<i>Potamogeton pusillus</i> L.	Small Pondweed	Common
<i>Potamogeton richardsonii</i> (A. Benn.) Rydb.	Richardson's Pondweed	Uncommon, shallow water
<i>Potamogeton robbinsii</i> Oakes	Robbin's Pondweed	Uncommon, shallow water
<i>Potamogeton spirillus</i> Tuckerm.	Northern Snailseed Pondweed	Rare, shallow water: Blueberry Mtn.
<i>Potamogeton strictifolius</i> A. Benn.	Strict-leaved Pondweed	Rare, shallow water: Joes L.; Lavant Long L.; Otty L.; Park L.; Robertson L.; [Murphys Pt. Pk.-1974]; [White L.-1952]
<i>Potamogeton vaseyi</i> Robb.	Vasey's Pondweed	Rare, shallow water: Beveridge Locks; Bobs L.; Smiths Falls; [Christie L.-1973]
<i>Potamogeton zosteriformis</i> Fern.	Flat-stem Pondweed	Common, shallow water
<i>Stuckenia filiformis</i> (Pers.) Börner ( <i>Potamogeton filiformis</i> Pers.)	Threadleaf Pondweed	Rare, shallow water: Andrewsville; Big Rideau L.; Lanark; Otty L.
<i>Stuckenia pectinata</i> (L.) Börner ( <i>Potamogeton pectinatus</i> L.)	Comb-like Pondweed	Uncommon, quiet water

#### NAJADACEAE

#### NAIAD FAMILY

<i>Najas flexilis</i> (Willd.) Rostk. & Schmidt	Naiad	Uncommon, shallow water
#S3 <i>Najas guadalupensis</i> (Spreng.) Magn. ssp. <i>olivacea</i> (Rosen. & Butt.) Haynes & Hellquist	Naiad	Sparse, shallow water: Adams L.; Bobs L.; Christie L. (2); Little Silver L.; Long L.; Otty L.; Smiths Falls

#### JUNCAGINACEAE

#### ARROW-GRASS FAMILY

<i>Triglochin maritimum</i> L.	Arrow-grass	Rare, fens and calcareous shores: Lowney L.; Nolans Cors.; Numogate; Ramsbottoms L.; Sheridans Rapids; [White L.-1972]
<i>Triglochin palustre</i> L.	Marsh Arrow-grass	Rare, fens: Ramsbottoms L.

#### ALISMATACEAE

#### WATER-PLANTAIN FAMILY

<i>Alisma gramineum</i> Lej.	Narrow-leaved Water-plantain	Sparse, shallow water: Big Rideau L. (2); Bobs L.; Murphys Pt. Pk. (2); Port Elmsley; Rideau Ferry (2); Smiths Falls (2)
<i>Alisma triviale</i> Pursh ( <i>A. plantago-aquatica</i> auct. non L.)	Water-plantain	Common
<i>Sagittaria cuneata</i> Sheldon	Arrowleaf	Uncommon (19), shallow water
<i>Sagittaria graminea</i> Michx.	Grass-leaved Arrowhead	Sparse, shallow water: Clydesville; Dalhousie L.; Kilmarnock Locks; Lanark (2); Sheridans Rapids
<i>Sagittaria latifolia</i> Willd.	Broad-leaved Arrowhead	Common
<i>Sagittaria rigida</i> Pursh	Stiff-leaved Arrowhead	Uncommon (14), shallow water

<u>BUTOMACEAE</u>	<u>FLOWERING-RUSH FAMILY</u>	
* <i>Butomus umbellatus</i> L. . . . .	Flowering-rush . . . . .	Uncommon, mainly shorelines along Rideau R. and Mississippi R.
<u>HYDROCHARITACEAE</u>	<u>FROG'S-BIT FAMILY</u>	
<i>Elodea canadensis</i> Michx. . . . .	Canada Water-weed . . . . .	Common
<i>Elodea nuttallii</i> (Planch.) St. John . . . . .	Water-weed . . . . .	Rare, shallow water: Robertson L.
* <i>Hydrocharis morsus-ranae</i> L. . . . .	European Frog's-bit . . . . .	Common
<i>Vallisneria americana</i> Michx. . . . .	American Eel-grass . . . . .	Common
<u>POACEAE (GRAMINEAE)</u>	<u>GRASS FAMILY</u>	
* <i>Agropyron cristatum</i> (L.) Gaertn. . . . .	Crested Wheat Grass . . . . .	Rare, roadsides: Beveridge Locks
ssp. <i>pectinatum</i> (M. Bieb.) Tzvelev		
* <i>Agrostis gigantea</i> Roth . . . . .	Redtop . . . . .	Common
( <i>A. alba</i> auct. non L.)		
<i>Agrostis perennans</i> (Walt.) Tuckerm. . . . .	Autumn Bent Grass . . . . .	Sparse, shorelines: Bottle L.; Darling Long L.; Dixon L.; Joes L.; Lavant Long L.; Otty L.; Playfairville; Robertson L. (2); [Almonte-1953]; [Mississippi L.-1969]; [Murphys Pt. Pk.-1974]
<i>Agrostis scabra</i> Willd. . . . .	Tickle Grass . . . . .	Uncommon (16), rocky meadows
<i>Agrostis stolonifera</i> L. . . . .	Creeping Bent Grass . . . . .	Common
( <i>A. alba</i> L. var. <i>palustris</i> (Huds.) Pers.; <i>A. palustris</i> Huds.)		
<i>Alopecurus aequalis</i> Sobol . . . . .	Short-awn Foxtail . . . . .	Sparse, open wetlands: Big Rideau L.; Blackberry Meadow; Burnt Lands; Napier L.; Smiths Falls; White L. (2); [Perth-1953]
* <i>Alopecurus geniculatus</i> L. . . . .	Marsh Foxtail . . . . .	Rare, roadside ditches: Perth
* <i>Alopecurus pratensis</i> L. . . . .	Meadow Foxtail . . . . .	Sparse, meadows: Almonte (2); Big Rideau L.; Murphys Pt. Pk.; Perth (2)
* <i>Andropogon gerardii</i> Vitm. . . . .	Big Bluestem . . . . .	Rare, rail lines: Glen Tay. A native prairie grass elsewhere in Ontario but the Glen Tay population is adventive along a rail line.
* <i>Apera interrupta</i> (L.) Beauv. . . . .	Interrupted Wind Grass . . . . .	Rare, disturbed ground: Murphys Pt. Pk.; Silver L. Pk.; Watson Cors.
( <i>Agrostis interrupta</i> L.)		
* <i>Arrhenatherum elatius</i> (L.) Beauv. ex Presl .	Tall Oat Grass . . . . .	Rare, rail lines: Carleton Place; Perth
* <i>Avena fatua</i> L. . . . .	Wild Oats . . . . .	Rare, disturbed ground: Glen Tay; [Murphys Pt. Pk.-1974]; [Pakenham-1953]
* <i>Avena sativa</i> L. . . . .	Cultivated Oats . . . . .	Uncommon escape from cultivation
#S2 <i>Bouteloua curtipendula</i> (Michx.) Torr. . . . .	Side-oats Grama . . . . .	Rare, marble slopes: Christie L.
<i>Brachyelytrum aristosum</i> (Michx.) Trel. . . . .	Bearded Shorthusk . . . . .	Uncommon, rich woods in Brann. & Cov. ( <i>B. erectum</i> (Schreb.) Beauv. var. <i>glabratum</i> (Vasey) Koyama & Kawano)
<i>Bromus ciliatus</i> L. . . . .	Fringed Brome Grass . . . . .	Uncommon (16), open woods
* <i>Bromus commutatus</i> Schrad. . . . .	Smooth Brome Grass . . . . .	Rare, rail lines: Glen Tay
* <i>Bromus inermis</i> Leyss. . . . .	Awnless Brome Grass . . . . .	Common

<i>Bromus kalmii</i> Gray	Kalm's Brome Grass	Sparse, dry meadows: Burnt Lands; Christie L.; Clay Bank; Lavant Long L.; McGowan L.; Pinery Rd. ; [Clayton-1969]; [Murphys Pt. Pk.-1974]
* <i>Bromus squarrosus</i> L.	Brome Grass	Sparse, rail lines: Bolingbroke; Glen Tay; Maberly; McGowan L.; Pakenham; Smiths Falls (2)
* <i>Bromus tectorum</i> L.	Downy Chess	Sparse, mainly rail lines: Big Rideau L.; Christie L.; Glen Tay; Little Silver L.; Murphys Pt. Pk.; Perth (2); Smiths Falls (2)
* <i>Bromus ×pseudothomomii</i> P.M. Sm.	Brome Grass	Rare, disturbed ground: Murphys Pt. Pk.
( <i>B. mollis</i> auct.; <i>B. hordeaceus</i> × <i>B. lepidus</i> )		
<i>Calamagrostis canadensis</i> (Michx.) Beauv.	Canada Bluejoint	Common
<i>Calamagrostis stricta</i> (Timm) Koeler	Northern Reed Grass	Rare, shorelines: [Murphys Pt. Pk.-1974] (Lindsay, 1974)
ssp. <i>inexpansa</i> (Gray) Greene		
( <i>C. inexpansa</i> Gray)		
<i>Cinna arundinacea</i> L.	Stout Woodreed	Rare, rich woods: Carleton Place; Peterwhite L.
<i>Cinna latifolia</i> (Trev. ex Goepp.) Griseb.	Drooping Woodreed	Uncommon (16), rich woods
* <i>Dactylis glomerata</i> L.	Orchard Grass	Common
<i>Danthonia spicata</i> (L.) Beauv. ex R. & S.	Poverty Grass	Common
<i>Deschampsia flexuosa</i> (L.) Trin.	Wavy Hair Grass	Uncommon, open rocky sites
<i>Dichanthelium acuminatum</i> (Sw.)	Hairy Panic Grass	Common
Gould & Clark ( <i>s.l.</i> ) ( <i>Panicum acuminatum</i> Sw.; <i>P. lanuginosum</i> Ell.)		
<i>Dichanthelium boreale</i> (Nash) Freckm.	Northern Panic Grass	Rare, open moist soil: McGowan L.; Wolf Grove; [Almonte-pre1959]
( <i>Panicum boreale</i> Nash)		
<i>Dichanthelium depauperatum</i> (Muhl.)	Impoverished Panic Grass	Sparse, open dry meadows: Bennett L.; Big Rideau L.; Clay L.; Napier L.; Otty L.; White L. (2)
Gould ( <i>Panicum depauperatum</i> Muhl.)		
<i>Dichanthelium latifolium</i> (L.)	Broad-leaved Panic Grass	Uncommon (13), open rocky woods
Gould & Clark ( <i>Panicum latifolium</i> L.)		
<i>Dichanthelium linearifolium</i> (Scribn.)	Narrow-leaved Panic Grass	Uncommon (14), dry rocky slopes
Gould ( <i>Panicum linearifolium</i> Scribn.)		
<i>Dichanthelium xanthophysum</i> (Gray)	Yellow Panic Grass	Uncommon (14), open dry woods
Freckm. ( <i>Panicum xanthophysum</i> Gray)		
* <i>Digitaria ischaemum</i> (Schreb.)	Small Crab Grass	Common
Schreb. ex Muhl.		
* <i>Digitaria sanguinalis</i> (L.) Scop.	Large Crab Grass	Common
* <i>Echinochloa crusgalli</i> (L.) Beauv.	Barnyard Grass	Uncommon, disturbed ground
(*) <i>Echinochloa muricata</i> (Beauv.) Fern.	Barnyard Grass	Common
var. <i>microstachya</i> Wieg.		
( <i>E microstachya</i> (Wieg.) Rydb.;		
<i>E. wiegandii</i> (Fassett) McNeill & Dore)		
<i>Elymus hystrix</i> L.	Bottle-brush	Uncommon, rich woods
( <i>Hystrix patula</i> Moench)		
* <i>Elymus repens</i> (L.) Gould.	Quack Grass	Common
( <i>Agropyron repens</i> (L.) Beauv.)		
<i>Elymus trachycaulus</i> (Link) Gould	Wheat Grass	Uncommon (15), dry open woods
( <i>Agropyron trachycaulum</i> (Link) Malte)		
<i>Elymus villosus</i> Muhl. ex Willd.	Hairy Wild Rye	Rare, dry woods: Bobs L.; Carleton Place; Fallbrook
<i>Elymus virginicus</i> L.	Virginia Wild Rye	Uncommon, floodplains

<i>Elymus wiegandii</i> Fern.	Wiegand's Wild Rye	Rare, floodplains: Folger; Poland
* <i>Eragrostis ciliaris</i> (All.) Lutati ex Hubb.	Stinking Love Grass	Rare, disturbed ground: Smiths Falls (Dore & McNeill, 1980)
<i>Eragrostis frankii</i> C. Meyer ex Steud.	Frank's Love Grass	Rare, roadsides: Burnt Lands
* <i>Eragrostis minor</i> Host	Little Love Grass	Uncommon, disturbed ground ( <i>E. poaeoides</i> Beauv. ex R. & S.)
<i>Eragrostis pectinacea</i> (Michx.)	Pectinate Love Grass	Rare, disturbed ground: California; Nees ex Steud. Carleton Place; Smiths Falls
* <i>Festuca rubra</i> L.	Red Fescue	Sparse, meadows: Andrewsville; Burnt Lands; Clydesville; Dalhousie L.; Maberly; Smiths Falls; Taylor L.
<i>Festuca subverticillata</i> (Pers.) Alex. ( <i>F. obtusa</i> Biehler)	Nodding Fescue	Sparse, rich woods: Big Rideau L.; Carleton Place; Innisville; Joes L.; Little Silver L.; Merrickville; Murphys Pt. Pk.; Napier L.; Sheridans Rapids; Watson Cors.; Wolf Grove
* <i>Festuca trachyphylla</i> (Hack.) Krajina	Sheep Fescue	Sparse, roadsides: Andrewsville; ( <i>F. brevipila</i> Tracey; <i>F. longifolia</i> auct. non Thuill.; <i>F. ovina</i> auct. non L.)
<i>Glyceria borealis</i> (Nash) Batch.	Northern Manna Grass	Uncommon, shallow water
<i>Glyceria canadensis</i> (Michx.) Trin.	Canada Manna Grass	Uncommon, shorelines and marshes
<i>Glyceria grandis</i> Wats.	American Manna Grass	Common
* <i>Glyceria maxima</i> (Hartm.) Holmb.	Great Manna Grass	Uncommon but spreading aggressively in open wetlands
<i>Glyceria striata</i> (Lam.) Hitchc.	Fowl Manna Grass	Common
(*) <i>Hierochloe odorata</i> (L.) Beauv.	Sweet Grass	Rare, roadsides: Burnt Lands ( <i>Anthoxanthum nitens</i> (Weber) Schouter & Veldkamp)
Native elsewhere in Ontario but the Burnt Lands population is adventive along a roadside.		
* <i>Hordeum jubatum</i> L.	Fox-tail Barley	Common
* <i>Hordeum vulgare</i> L.	Barley	Uncommon escape from cultivation
<i>Leersia oryzoides</i> (L.) Sw.	Rice Cut Grass	Common
<i>Leersia virginica</i> Willd.	White Grass	Rare, rich woods: Blakeney; Clyde Forks
* <i>Lolium arundinaceum</i> (Schreb.) Darbys.	Tall Fescue	Uncommon, mainly roadsides ( <i>Festuca arundinacea</i> Schreb.)
* <i>Lolium perenne</i> L.	Perennial Rye Grass	Uncommon, disturbed ground (incl. <i>L. multiflorum</i> Lam.)
* <i>Lolium pratense</i> (Huds.) Darbys.	Meadow Fescue	Common ( <i>Festuca pratensis</i> Huds.)
<i>Milium effusum</i> L.	Wild Millet	Sparse, rich woods: Clayton; Dalhousie L.; Elphin; Joes L; Lavant Sta.; Robertson L.; Silver L. Pk.; Watson Cors.; [Merrickville- 1963]; [Perth-1980]; [Smiths Falls- 1964]
* <i>Miscanthus sacchariflorus</i> (Maxim.) Hack.	Plume Grass	Rare garden escape: Numogate; Smiths Falls
<i>Muhlenbergia glomerata</i> (Willd.) Trin.	Agglomerated Muhlenbergia	Uncommon, moist meadows
<i>Muhlenbergia mexicana</i> (L.) Trin.	Mexican Muhlenbergia	Common
<i>Muhlenbergia uniflora</i> (Muhl.) Fern.	One-flowered Muhlenbergia	Rare, poor fens: Robertson L.
<i>Oryzopsis asperifolia</i> Michx.	Rice Grass	Common

<i>Oryzopsis pungens</i> (Torr. ex Spreng.) Hitchc.	Sharp-leaved Mountain-rice	Uncommon (16), dry rocky meadows
<i>Oryzopsis racemosa</i> (Sm.) Ricker ex Hitchc.	Mountain-rice	Uncommon, rich woods
<b>Note:</b> Several species formerly included in <i>Panicum</i> have been moved to the genus <i>Dichanthelium</i> .		
* <i>Panicum capillare</i> L.	Old Witch Grass	Common
* <i>Panicum dichotomiflorum</i> Michx.	Fall Panic Grass	Rare, roadsides: Carleton Place
<i>Panicum flexile</i> (Gatt.) Scribn.	Wiry Panic Grass	Rare, thin soil on limestone: Burnt Lands; Clay Bank; Pinery Rd.
* <i>Panicum miliaceum</i> L.	Millet	Sparse, mostly rail lines: Carleton Place; Christie L.; Glen Tay; Middleville; Pakenham; Perth; Smiths Falls; [Lanark-1953]
<i>Panicum philadelphicum</i> Bernh. ex Trin.	Philadelphia Witch Grass	Sparse, dry rocky meadows: Burnt Lands; Carleton Place; Clay Bank; Joes L.; Lavant Long L.; Lavant Sta.; McDonalds Cors.; Numogate; Panmure; Pinery Rd. (2); Woods L.; [Rideau Ferry-1947]
<i>Panicum tuckermanii</i> Fern.	Tuckerman's Panic Grass	Rare, shorelines: Playfairville;
* <i>Panicum virgatum</i> L.	Switch Grass	Rare, rail lines: Glen Tay. A native prairie grass elsewhere in Ontario but the Glen Tay population is adventive along a rail line.
(*) <i>Phalaris arundinacea</i> L.	Reed Canary Grass	Common
* <i>Phleum pratense</i> L.	Timothy	Common
<i>Phragmites australis</i> (Cav.) Trin. ex Steud.	Common Reed Grass	Uncommon (16), mainly fens and marshes
ssp. <i>americanus</i> Saltonstall, Peterson & Soreng		
* <i>Phragmites australis</i> (Cav.) Trin. ex Steud.	European Reed Grass	Uncommon, but increasing along roadside ditches
ssp. <i>australis</i>		
<i>Poa alsodes</i> Gray	Woodland Poa	Rare, rich woods: Bolingbroke; Carleton Place; Clayton; Elphin; Perth
* <i>Poa annua</i> L.	Annual Meadow Grass	Common
* <i>Poa bulbosa</i> L.	Bulbous Poa	Rare, mainly campsites: Murphys Pt. Pk.; Silver L. Pk.; Watson Cors.
* <i>Poa compressa</i> L.	Canada Blue Grass	Common
* <i>Poa nemoralis</i> L.	Wood Meadow Grass	Sparse, disturbed woods: Almonte; Blueberry Mtn., Carleton Place; Clyde L.; Herrons Mills; Lanark; Silver L. Pk.; Smiths Falls; Stump L.; Watson Cors.; [Blakeney-1953]
<i>Poa palustris</i> L.	Swamp Meadow Grass	Uncommon, shorelines and marshes
* <i>Poa pratensis</i> L.	Kentucky Blue Grass	Common
<i>Poa saltuensis</i> Fern. & Wieg.	Forest Meadow Grass	Sparse, open woods: Clayton; Elphin (2); Joes L.; Mill of Kintail; Napier L.; Peterwhite L.; White L.
* <i>Poa trivialis</i> L.	Rough Meadow Grass	Rare, disturbed ground: Murphys Pt. Pk.
* <i>Puccinellia distans</i> (Jacq.) Parl.	Alkali Grass	Sparse, salty roadsides: Almonte (2); Carleton Place; McGowan L.; Perth (2); Smiths Falls (3)
* <i>Puccinellia nuttalliana</i> (Schultes) Hitchc.	Saltmarsh Grass	Rare, salty roadsides: Carleton Place; Smiths Falls
<i>Schizachne purpurascens</i> (Torr.) Swallen	False Melic Grass	Common

- \* *Schizachyrium scoparium* (Michx.) Nees . . . Little Bluestem . . . . . Rare, rail lines: Smiths Falls.  
*(Andropogon scoparius* Michx.) A native prairie grass elsewhere in Ontario but the large Smiths Falls population is adventive in a rail yard.
  - \* *Secale cereale* L. . . . . Rye . . . . . Rare and short-lived escape from cultivation: Merrickville; Perth; Silver L. Pk.; White L.
  - \* *Setaria faberii* R. Herrm. . . . . Giant Foxtail . . . . . Rare, rail lines: Smiths Falls
  - \* *Setaria italica* (L.) Beauv. . . . . Foxtail Millet . . . . . Rare, disturbed ground: Little Silver L.; [Carleton Place-1911]
  - \* *Setaria pumila* (Poir.) R. & S. . . . . Foxtail . . . . . Rare, disturbed ground: Clayton; Watson Cors.; [Almonte-1946]; [Murphys Pt. Pk.-1974];
  - \* *Setaria verticillata* (L.) Beauv. . . . . Bur Bristle Grass . . . . . Rare, disturbed ground: [Pakenham-1953]
  - \* *Setaria viridis* (L.) Beauv. . . . . Green Foxtail . . . . . Common
  - Sorghastrum nutans* (L.) Nash . . . . . Indian Grass . . . . . Rare, marble slopes: Christie L.
  - (\*) *Spartina pectinata* Link . . . . . Tall Cord Grass . . . . . Rare, native along shorelines: Blakeney; Dalhousie L.; but adventive along roadsides and rail lines: N. Mud L.; Silver L.; [Glen Tay-1968]
  - Sphenopholis intermedia* (Rydb.) Rydb. . . . Slender Wedge Grass . . . . Uncommon (16), shorelines and open woods
  - \* *Sporobolus cryptandrus* (Torr.) Gray . . . . Sand Dropseed . . . . Sparse, roadsides and rail lines: Almonte; Christie L.; Glen Tay; Hopetown; Maberly; McDonalds Cors.; Pakenham; Perth; Silver L. Pk.; Smiths Falls. Native elsewhere in Southern Ontario.
- #S3 *Sporobolus heterolepis* (Gray) Gray . . . Prairie Dropseed . . . . . Rare, alvars: Burnt Lands; Clay Bank
- (\*) *Sporobolus neglectus* Nash . . . . Overlooked Dropseed . . . . Common
- (\*) *Sporobolus vaginiflorus* (Torr. ex Gray) . . . . Ensheathed Dropseed . . . . Common  
 Torr. ex Wood
- Torreyochloa pallida* (Torr.) Church . . . . Fernald's Manna Grass . . . . Rare, shallow water: Clyde Forks; var. *fernaldii* (Hitchc.) Dore ex Koyama & Kawano Numogate; Sheridans Rapids; White L.; [Black Ck.-1953]; [Murphys Pt. Pk.-1974]; [Perth-1947]
- #S2 *Torreyochloa pallida* (Torr.) Church . . . . Manna Grass . . . . . Rare, shallow water: Rideau Ferry  
 var. *pallida*
- Trisetum melicoides* (Michx.) Vasey ex Scribn. Melica-like Trisetum . . . . Rare, rocky shorelines: Playfairville
- Trisetum spicatum* (L.) Richter . . . . Spike Trisetum . . . . . Rare, rocky meadows: Peterwhite L.
- \* *Triticum aestivum* L. . . . . Wheat . . . . . Rare and short-lived escape from cultivation: Glen Tay; Murphys Pt. Pk.; Smiths Falls
- \* *Vulpia myuros* (L.) C.C. Gmel. . . . . Rat's-tail Fescue . . . . . Rare, disturbed ground: Murphys Pt. Pk.  
*(Festuca myuros* L.)
- Zizania palustris* L. . . . . Wild Rice . . . . . Uncommon, shallow water

**CYPERACEAE****SEDGE FAMILY**

<i>Bolboschoenus fluviatilis</i> (Torr.) Soják . . . . .	River Bulrush . . . . .	Sparse <sup>1</sup> , sandy shorelines: Blakeney; Dalhousie L.; Ferguson Falls; Lanark (2); Pakenham; Port Elmsley; Rideau Ferry
<i>Carex albursina</i> Sheld. . . . .	White Bear Sedge . . . . .	Uncommon (14), rich woods ( <i>C. laxiflora</i> Lam. var. <i>latifolia</i> Boott)
<i>Carex alopecoidea</i> Tuckerm. . . . .	Foxtail Sedge . . . . .	Rare, rocky shorelines: Blakeney
<i>Carex aquatilis</i> Wahl. . . . .	Aquatic Sedge . . . . .	Common
<i>Carex arctata</i> Boott . . . . .	Compressed Sedge . . . . .	Common
<i>Carex atherodes</i> Spreng. . . . .	Awned Sedge . . . . .	Rare, wet soil: Dalhousie L.; [Ramsay-1862]
#S1 <i>Carex atlantica</i> Bailey . . . . .	Prickly Bog Sedge . . . . .	Rare, marshes: Murphys Pt. Pk.
<i>Carex aurea</i> Nutt. . . . .	Golden Sedge . . . . .	Uncommon (19), moist calcareous meadows
<i>Carex backii</i> Boott . . . . .	Back's Sedge . . . . .	Uncommon (13), open rocky woods
<i>Carex bebbii</i> (Bailey) Olney ex Fern. . . . .	Bebb's Sedge . . . . .	Uncommon, meadows
<i>Carex blanda</i> Dew. . . . .	Sedge . . . . .	Uncommon, rich woods ( <i>C. laxiflora</i> Lam. var. <i>blanda</i> (Dew.) Boott)
<i>Carex brevior</i> (Dew.) Mack. ex Lunell . . . . .	Short-headed Sedge . . . . .	Sparse, dry meadows: Christie L. (2); Joes L.; Lanark; Lavant Long L.; Watson Cors.
<i>Carex bromoides</i> Schkuhr ex Willd. . . . .	Brome-like Sedge . . . . .	Rare, wet woods: Almonte; Harper; Purdon Cons. Area
<i>Carex brunneoscens</i> (Pers.) Poir. ex Lam. . . . .	Brownish Sedge . . . . .	Rare, fens and poor fens: Clay L.; Clyde Forks; Dixon L.; Murphys Pt. Pk.; Purdon Cons. Area
<i>Carex buxbaumii</i> Wahl. . . . .	Buxbaum's Sedge . . . . .	Rare, mainly fens: California; Clay L.; McGowan L.
<i>Carex canescens</i> L. . . . .	Hoary Sedge . . . . .	Uncommon (15), open wetlands
<i>Carex castanea</i> Wahl. . . . .	Chestnut Sedge . . . . .	Sparse, wet mixed woods: Blakeney; Burnt Lands; California; Pinery Rd.; Purdon Cons. Area; Robertson L.; Watson Cors.
<i>Carex cephaloidea</i> (Dew.) Dew. . . . .	Sedge . . . . .	Sparse, open woods: Andrewsville; Innisville; Joes L.; Lanark; McDonalds Cors.; Murphys Pt. Pk.; Watson Cors. ( <i>C. sparganioides</i> Muhl. var. <i>cephaloidea</i> (Dew.) Carey)
<i>Carex chordorrhiza</i> Ehrh. ex L. f. . . . .	Cord Sedge . . . . .	Rare, fens and poor fens: Innisville; Lavant Sta.; Lowney L.; Purdon Cons. Area
<i>Carex communis</i> Bailey . . . . .	Common Sedge . . . . .	Common
<i>Carex comosa</i> Boott . . . . .	Bristly Sedge . . . . .	Uncommon (13), open wetlands
#S3 <i>Carex conoidea</i> Schkuhr ex Willd. . . . .	Field Sedge . . . . .	Rare, wet meadows: Perth
<i>Carex crawei</i> Dew. . . . .	Crawe's Sedge . . . . .	Rare, open calcareous soil: Burnt Lands; Clay Bank; Napier L.; Panmure
<i>Carex crawfordii</i> Fern. . . . .	Crawford's Sedge . . . . .	Rare, dry meadows: Blackberry Meadow; Clay L.; Clyde Forks; White L.

<sup>1</sup> Refer to Appendix 1 regarding an erroneous record of *Bolboschoenus fluviatilis* from Playfairville.

<i>Carex crinita</i> Lam.	Fringed Sedge	Uncommon, shorelines and marshes
<i>Carex cristatella</i> Britt.	Crested Sedge	Uncommon (14), open wetlands
<i>Carex cryptolepis</i> Mack.	Hidden-scaled Sedge	Sparse, fens and calcareous shorelines: Burnt Lands; California; Darling Long L.; Franktown; Lowney L.; Ramsbottoms L.
<i>Carex deweyana</i> Schwein.	Dewey's Sedge	Uncommon, open woods
<i>Carex diandra</i> Schrank	Two-stamened Sedge	Uncommon (18), shorelines and marshes
<i>Carex disperma</i> Dew.	Two-seeded Sedge	Uncommon, fens and open swamps
<i>Carex eburnea</i> Boott	Ivory Sedge	Uncommon, open calcareous woods
<i>Carex echinata</i> Murray	Prickly Sedge	Sparse, shorelines and marshes: <i>(C. muricata</i> L. var. <i>cephalantha</i> (Bailey) Wieg. & Eames)
<i>Carex flava</i> L.	Yellow Sedge	Common
<i>Carex formosa</i> Dew.	Sedge	Rare, rich woods: Andrewsville; Lanark; Murphys Pt. Pk.
<i>Carex gracillima</i> Schwein.	Filiform Sedge	Common
<i>Carex granularis</i> Muhl. ex Willd.	Granular Sedge	Uncommon, calcareous meadows
<i>Carex grayi</i> Carey	Gray's Sedge	Rare, rich woods: Andrewsville; Mill of Kintail
<i>Carex grisea</i> Wahl. ( <i>C. amphibola</i> Steud. var. <i>turgida</i> Fern.)	Gray Sedge	Rare, rich woods and floodplains: Carleton Place; Mill of Kintail
<i>Carex gynocrates</i> Wormsk. ex Drejer	Ridged Sedge	Rare, poor fens: Harding L.; MacKay L.
<i>Carex hirtifolia</i> Mack.	Hairy Sedge	Rare, open woods: Almonte; Carleton Place; Lanark; Mill of Kintail; Murphys Pt. Pk.
<i>Carex hitchcockiana</i> Dew.	Hitchcock's Sedge	Sparse, open woods: Carleton Place; Clayton; Dalhousie L.; Lanark; Murphys Pt. Pk.; Silver L. Pk.
<i>Carex houghtoniana</i> Torr. ex Dew.	Houghton's Sedge	Sparse, open sandy soil: Burnt Lands; Clyde Forks; Darling Long L.; Lavant Long L. (3); Sheridans Rapids; White L. (2)
<i>Carex hystericina</i> Muhl. ex Willd.	Porcupine Sedge	Uncommon, shorelines and marshes
<i>Carex interior</i> Bailey	Inland Sedge	Uncommon, shorelines and marshes
<i>Carex intumescens</i> Rudge	Bladder Sedge	Common
<i>Carex lacustris</i> Willd.	Lake Sedge	Uncommon, shorelines and marshes
<i>Carex lasiocarpa</i> Ehrh.	Woolly Sedge	Uncommon (14), fens and calcareous shorelines
<i>Carex laxiflora</i> Lam.	Distant-flowered Sedge	Uncommon, moist woods
<i>Carex leptalea</i> Wahl.	Bristle-stalked Sedge	Uncommon (16), wet meadows
<i>Carex leptonervia</i> Fern.	Finely-nerved Sedge	Sparse, open woods: Andrewsville; Clayton; Herrons Mills; Innisville; Purdon Cons. Area; Silver L. Pk.; Smiths Falls; Watson Cors. (3)
<i>Carex limosa</i> L.	Mud Sedge	Sparse, fens and poor fens: Bottle L.; Ferguson Falls; Indian Ck.; Lavant Sta.; Lowney L.; Nolans Cors.; Numogate; Park L.; Sheridans Rapids; Silver L.; White L.

<i>Carex livida</i> (Wahl.) Willd.	Lead-coloured Sedge	Rare, fens: Nolans Cors.; Numogate; Purdon Cons. Area	
<i>Carex lucorum</i> Willd. ex Link	Distant Sedge	Sparse, granitic rock barrens: Clayton; Innisville; Lavant Sta.; Murphys Pt. Pk. (2); Robertson L.; Watson Cors.	
( <i>C. pensylvanica</i> Lam. var. <i>distans</i> Peck)			
<i>Carex lupulina</i> Muhl. ex Willd.	Hop Sedge	Uncommon, marshes and wet woods	
<i>Carex lurida</i> Wahl.	Sallow Sedge	Rare, wet woods: Clayton; Napier L.	
<i>Carex magellanica</i> Lam. ssp. <i>irrigua</i>	Stunted Sedge	Uncommon (13), fens, poor fens, and bogs	
(Wahl.) Hiit ( <i>C. paupercula</i> Michx.)			
<i>Carex merritt-fernaldii</i> Mack.	Sedge	Rare, open rocky woods: Lavant Long L. (Brownell & Larsen, 1995)	
<i>Carex muehlenbergii</i> Schkuhr ex Willd.	Muhlenberg's Sedge	Rare, dry sandy slopes: Big Rideau L.	
<i>Carex novae-angliae</i> Schwein.	New England Sedge	Rare, moist deciduous woods: [Ramsay-1862]	
<i>Carex oligosperma</i> Michx.	Few-seeded Sedge	Rare, poor fens: Cranberry L.; Dixon L.; Lavant Sta.	
<i>Carex ormostachya</i> Wieg.	Sedge	Sparse, dry woods: Boundary L.; Joes L.; Murphys Pt. Pk. (2); Napier L.; Silver L. Pk.	
( <i>C. laxiflora</i> Lam. var. <i>ormostachya</i> (Wieg.) Gleason)			
<i>Carex pallescens</i> L.	Pale Sedge	Uncommon, meadows	
<i>Carex peckii</i> Howe	Peck's Sedge	Common	
( <i>C. nigromarginata</i> Schwein. var. <i>elliptica</i> (Boott) Gleason)			
<i>Carex pedunculata</i> Muhl. ex Willd.	Peduncled Sedge	Common	
<i>Carex pellita</i> Muhl.	Sedge	Sparse, calcareous sites: Almonte; Burnt Lands; Clayton; Innisville; McGowan L.; Napier L.; Pakenham; [Carleton Place-1947]	
( <i>C. lanuginosa</i> auct.)			
<i>Carex pensylvanica</i> Lam.	Pennsylvania Sedge	Common	
<i>Carex plantaginea</i> Lam.	Plantain-leaved Sedge	Sparse, rich deciduous woods: Bolingbroke; Clayton; Mill of Kintail; Murphys Pt. Pk.; Pakenham; Watson Cors.; Wolf Grove; [Pakenham Mtn.-1954]	
<i>Carex platyphylla</i> Carey	Broad-leaved Sedge	Sparse, rich deciduous woods: Blueberry Mtn., Bolingbroke; Elphin; Joes L.; Lanark; Murphys Pt. Pk. (2); Napier L.; Pakenham Mtn.; Watson Cors.	
*	<i>Carex praegracilis</i> W. Boott	Slender Sedge	Rare but spreading along Hwy #7: Glen Tay; Long Swamp; Perth
	<i>Carex prairea</i> Dew.	Prairie Sedge	Rare, open wetlands: Napier L. (Brownell, 1992)
	<i>Carex prasina</i> Wahl.	Onion-coloured Sedge	Rare, moist woods: Murphys Pt. Pk.; [Almonte-1898]
	<i>Carex projecta</i> Mack.	Spreading Sedge	Rare, open wetlands: Blackberry Meadow; California; Indian Ck.; Silver L. Pk.; Watson Cors.
	<i>Carex pseudo-cyperus</i> L.	Cyperus-like Sedge	Uncommon, shorelines and open wetlands
	<i>Carex radiata</i> (Wahl.) Small	Sedge	Common
	( <i>C. rosea</i> Schkuhr ex Willd. var. <i>radiata</i> (Wahl.) Dew.)		
	<i>Carex retrorsa</i> Schwein.	Retorse Sedge	Uncommon, marshes

<i>Carex richardsonii</i> R. Br.	Richardson's Sedge	Rare, alvars: Burnt Lands; Clay Bank; Panmure
<i>Carex rosea</i> Schkuhr ex Willd.	Stellate Sedge	Common
( <i>C. convoluta</i> Mack.)		
<i>Carex sartwellii</i> Dew.	Sartwell's Sedge	Sparse, wet meadows: Bennett L.; Burnt Lands; California; Clay L.; Darling Long L.; Hopetown; MacKay L.; McGowan L.; Purdon Cons. Area; Ramsbottoms L.; Watson Cors.
<i>Carex scabrata</i> Schwein.	Rough Sedge	Rare, seepage slopes: Blueberry Mtn., Innisville; Mill of Kintail; Napier L.
<i>Carex scoparia</i> Schkuhr ex Willd.	Broom Sedge	Uncommon, meadows
<i>Carex siccata</i> Dew.	Copper Sedge	Rare, dry meadows: Christie L.; Clyde L.; Maberly; Murphys Pt. Pk.; White L.
( <i>C. foenea</i> auct. non Willd.)		
<i>Carex sparganioides</i> Muhl. ex Willd.	Bur-reed Sedge	Rare, rich woods: Big Rideau L.; Bolingbroke; Lanark; Mill of Kintail; Pakenham
*	<i>Carex spicata</i> Huds.	Sedge
		Rare, shorelines and roadsides: Blakeney; Pakenham; Silver L.
<i>Carex sprengelii</i> Dew. ex Spreng.	Sprengel's Sedge	Common
<i>Carex sterilis</i> Willd.	Sedge	Rare, wet calcareous meadows: Joes L.; Napier L.
( <i>C. muricata</i> L. var. <i>sterilis</i> (Willd.) Gleason)		
<i>Carex stipata</i> Muhl. ex Willd.	Awl-fruited Sedge	Common
<i>Carex stricta</i> Lam.	Stiff Sedge	Uncommon (13), fens, poor fens, and marshes
<i>Carex sychnocephala</i> J. Carey	Compact Sedge	Rare, marshes and wet ground: California; Carleton Place
<i>Carex tenera</i> Dew.	Slender Sedge	Uncommon, shorelines and moist meadows
<i>Carex tonsa</i> (Fern.) Bickn. var. <i>rugosperma</i>	Sedge	Uncommon, dry meadows
(Mack.) Crins ( <i>C. rugosperma</i> Mack.)		
<i>Carex tribuloides</i> Wahl.	Blunt-broom Sedge	Rare, open wetlands: Murphys Pt. Pk.
<i>Carex trisperma</i> Dew. var. <i>trisperma</i>	Three-fruited Sedge	Uncommon, fens and open swamps
<i>Carex tuckermanii</i> Dew.	Tuckerman's Sedge	Uncommon, open wetlands
<i>Carex umbellata</i> Schkuhr ex Willd.	Umbel-like Sedge	Rare, alvars: Burnt Lands; Clay Bank; Panmure
<i>Carex utriculata</i> Boott	Beaked Sedge	Uncommon, poor fens and marshes
( <i>C. rostrata</i> auct. non Stokes)		
<i>Carex vaginata</i> Tausch	Sheathed Sedge	Rare, conifer swamps: Darling Long L.
<i>Carex vesicaria</i> L.	Inflated Sedge	Uncommon, shores and open wetlands
<i>Carex viridula</i> Michx.	Greenish Sedge	Sparse, shorelines: Bolingbroke; California; Darling Long L.; Lavant Long L.; McGowan L.; Napier L.; Playfairville (2); Robertson L.; Taylor L.; [Carleton Place-1952]; [Dalhousie L.-1947]
<i>Carex vulpinoidea</i> Michx.	Fox Sedge	Common
<i>Carex woodii</i> Dew.	Wood's Sedge	Rare, open woods: Almonte
( <i>C. tetanica</i> Schkuhr var. <i>woodii</i> (Dew.) Wood)		

<i>Cladium mariscoides</i> (Muhl.) Torr.	Twig-rush	Uncommon, fens, poor fens, and shorelines
<i>Cyperus bipartitus</i> Torr.	River Cyperus	Uncommon (15), sandy shores and trails
( <i>C. rivularis</i> Kunth)		
<i>Cyperus diandrus</i> Torr.	Two-stamened Cyperus	Rare, mainly shorelines: Carleton Place; Mississippi L.; Pakenham; [Black Ck.-1953]
<i>Cyperus esculentus</i> L.	Ground-almond	Rare, mainly shorelines: Blakeney; Dalhousie L. (2); Mississippi L.; Pakenham; [Kilmarnock Locks-1951]
var. <i>leptostachyus</i> Boeck.		
<i>Cyperus squarrosus</i> L.	Awned Cyperus	Rare, shorelines: [Ferguson Falls-1947]
( <i>C. aristatus</i> Rottb.)		
<i>Cyperus strigosus</i> L.	Strigose Cyperus	Rare, mainly shorelines: Carleton Place; Kilmarnock Locks; Murphys Pt. Pk.; Pakenham; Smiths Falls
<i>Dulichium arundinaceum</i> (L.) Britt.	Three-way Sedge	Uncommon, shorelines and marshes
<i>Eleocharis acicularis</i> (L.) R. & S.	Needle Spike-rush	Common
<i>Eleocharis elliptica</i> Kunth	Elliptic Spike-rush	Sparse, mainly fens: Lowney L. (2); McGowan L.; Napier L. (2); Nolans Cors.; Pinery Rd.; Purdon Cons. Area; Robertson L.; White L.
( <i>E. tenuis</i> (Willd.) Schultes var. <i>borealis</i> (Svenson) Gleason)		
<i>Eleocharis erythropoda</i> Steud.	Red-stemmed Spike-rush	Uncommon, shorelines and marshes
( <i>E. calva</i> Torr.)		
<i>Eleocharis flavescens</i> (Poir.) Urban	Olive-brown Spike-rush	Rare, poor fens and marshes: Dixon L.; Farren L.; Robertson L.; Sheridans Rapids
var. <i>olivacea</i> (Torr.) Gleason		
( <i>E. olivacea</i> Torr.)		
<i>Eleocharis intermedia</i> Schultes	Intermediate Spike-rush	Rare, open wetlands: Clay L.; Napier L.
<i>Eleocharis obtusa</i> (Willd.) Schultes	Blunt Spike-rush	Uncommon, open wetlands
<i>Eleocharis palustris</i> (L.) R. & S.	Marsh Spike-rush	Common
( <i>E. smallii</i> Britt.)		
<i>Eleocharis quinqueflora</i> (Hartm.) O. Schwarz	Spike-rush	Rare, calcareous shorelines: Napier L. (Brownell, 1992)
( <i>E. pauciflora</i> (Lightf.) Link)		
<i>Eriophorum gracile</i> Koch ex Roth	Slender Cotton-grass	Rare, fens and poor fens: Blueberry Mtn., Burnt Lands; Indian Ck.; Lowney L.; Purdon Cons. Area
<i>Eriophorum tenellum</i> Nutt.	Filiform Cotton-grass	Rare, poor fens: Blueberry Mtn., Cranberry L.; Dixon L.; Wolf Grove
<i>Eriophorum vaginatum</i> L. ( <i>E. spissum</i> Fern.) Dense Cotton-grass		Sparse, bogs and poor fens: Blueberry Marsh; Bottle L.; Cranberry L.; Dixon L.; Indian Ck.; Lavant Sta.; O'Brien L.
<i>Eriophorum virginicum</i> L.	Virginia Cotton-grass	Uncommon (17), poor fens and boggy shores
<i>Eriophorum viridicarinatum</i> (Engelm.) Fern.	Green Cotton-grass	Uncommon (16), wet meadows
<i>Rhynchospora alba</i> (L.) Vahl	White Beak-rush	Uncommon (13), fens and poor fens
<i>Rhynchospora capillacea</i> Torr.	Beak-rush	Rare, fens and calcareous shorelines: Indian Ck.; Napier L.
<i>Rhynchospora capitellata</i> (Michx.) Vahl	Beak-rush	Rare, poor fens: Lavant Sta.
<i>Rhynchospora fusca</i> (L.) Ait. f.	Brown Beak-rush	Rare, fens: Numogate

<i>Schoenoplectus acutus</i> (Muhl. ex Bigel.) . . . . .	Great Bulrush . . . . .	Sparse, mainly shorelines:
Löve & Löve ( <i>Scirpus acutus</i> Muhl. ex Bigel.)		Andrewsville; Christie L.; Darling Long L. Innisville; Napier L.; Numogate; Otty L.; Sheridans Rapids; [Murphys Pt. Pk.-1974]
<i>Schoenoplectus pungens</i> (Vahl) Palla . . . . .	American Bulrush . . . . .	Sparse, sandy shorelines: Carleton Place; Dalhousie L. (2); Farren L. (2); Playfairville
( <i>S. americanus</i> auct. non Pers.;		
<i>Scirpus pungens</i> Vahl)		
<i>Schoenoplectus subterminalis</i> (Torr.) Soják . . . . .	Swaying-rush . . . . .	Sparse, quiet water: Blueberry Mtn., Bottle L.; Darling Long L.; Dixon L.; Flower Round L.; Lanark; Lavant Long L.; Sheridans Rapids; Tatlock
( <i>Scirpus subterminalis</i> Torr.)		
<i>Schoenoplectus tabernaemontani</i> . . . . .	Strong Bulrush . . . . .	Common
(Gmel.) Palla ( <i>Scirpus validus</i> L.)		
Note: Several species formerly included in <i>Scirpus</i> have been moved to the genera <i>Bolboschoenus</i> , <i>Schoenoplectus</i> , and <i>Trichophorum</i> .		
<i>Scirpus atrovirens</i> Willd. . . . .	Blackish Bulrush . . . . .	Common
<i>Scirpus cyperinus</i> (L.) Kunth . . . . .	Wool-grass . . . . .	Common
<i>Scirpus microcarpus</i> Presl. . . . .	Red-sheathed Bulrush . . . . .	Uncommon (13), shorelines and open wetlands
( <i>S. rubrotinctus</i> Fern.)		
<i>Scirpus pendulus</i> Muhl. ex Willd. . . . .	Reddish Bulrush . . . . .	Uncommon (17), moist meadows
( <i>S. lineatus</i> auct. non Michx.)		
<i>Trichophorum alpinum</i> (L.) Pers. . . . .	Hudsonian Club-rush . . . . .	Sparse, fens and calcareous shores:
( <i>Scirpus hudsonianus</i> (Michx.) Fern.)		Bottle L.; Indian Ck.; Lowney L.; McGowan L.; Napier L. (2); Nolans Cors.; Numogate; Purdon Cons. Area; White L. (2)

#### ARACEAE

#### ARUM FAMILY

<i>Acorus americanus</i> (Raf.) Raf. . . . .	Sweet Flag . . . . .	Uncommon (15), open wetlands
( <i>A. calamus</i> auct. non L.)		
<i>Arisaema triphyllum</i> (L.) Schott . . . . .	Jack-in-the-pulpit . . . . .	Common
<i>Calla palustris</i> L. . . . .	Water Arum . . . . .	Common
#S2 <i>Peltandra virginica</i> (L.) Schott & Endl. . . . .	Arrow Arum . . . . .	Rare, open wetlands: Innisville (see Toner <i>et al.</i> , 1995)
<i>Symplocarpus foetidus</i> (L.) Salisb. ex Nutt. . . . .	Skunk-cabbage . . . . .	Rare, wet woods: Blueberry Marsh; Long Swamp

#### LEMNACEAE

#### DUCKWEED FAMILY

<i>Lemna minor</i> L. . . . .	Duckweed . . . . .	Common
<i>Lemna trisulca</i> L. . . . .	Ivy-leaved Duckweed . . . . .	Common
<i>Spirodela polyrhiza</i> (L.) Schleid. . . . .	Larger Duckweed . . . . .	Uncommon, quiet water
<i>Wolffia borealis</i> (Engelm.) Land. . . . .	Watermeal . . . . .	Uncommon, quiet water
( <i>W. punctata</i> auct. non Griseb.)		
#S2? <i>Wolffia brasiliensis</i> Wedd. . . . .	Watermeal . . . . .	Rare, quiet water: Bolingbroke; Christie L. (see Thomson, 2005b)
<i>Wolffia columbiana</i> Karst. . . . .	Watermeal . . . . .	Uncommon, quiet water
( <i>W. arrhiza</i> auct. non (L.) Hork. ex Wimm.)		

#### ERIOCAULACEAE

#### PIPEWORT FAMILY

<i>Eriocaulon aquaticum</i> (Hill) Druce . . . . .	Pipewort . . . . .	Rare, lakeshores: Bottle L. (2); Dixon L.; O'Brien L.
( <i>E. septangulare</i> With.)		

<u>PONTEDERIACEAE</u>		<u>PICKEREL-WEED FAMILY</u>
<i>Pontederia cordata</i> L.	.....	Pickerel-weed ..... Common
<i>Zosterella dubia</i> (Jacq.) Small	.....	Water Stargrass ..... Uncommon (17), shallow water
<i>(Heteranthera dubia</i> (Jacq.) MacM.)		
<u>JUNCACEAE</u>		<u>RUSH FAMILY</u>
<i>Juncus alpinoarticulatus</i> Chaix	.....	Alpine Rush ..... Uncommon (15), calcareous meadows
<i>(J. alpinus</i> Vill.)		
* <i>Juncus arcticus</i> Willd.	.....	Baltic Rush ..... Rare but spreading along Hwy #7: Glen Tay; Perth. Native elsewhere in Ontario.
var. <i>balticus</i> (Willd.) Trautv.		
<i>(J. balticus</i> Willd.)		
<i>Juncus articulatus</i> L.	.....	Jointed Rush ..... Sparse, open wetlands: Bottle L.; California; Dixon L.; Playfairville; Robertson L.; Wolf Grove
<i>Juncus brevicaudatus</i> (Engelm.) Fern.		Short-caudate Rush ..... Common
<i>Juncus bufonius</i> L.	.....	Toad Rush ..... Common
<i>Juncus canadensis</i> J. Gay ex Laharpe	.....	Canada Rush ..... Uncommon (18), mainly shorelines
* <i>Juncus compressus</i> Jacq.	.....	Compressed Rush ..... Sparse, roadsides: Carleton Place (2); Lanark; Merrickville; Pakenham; Perth; Smiths Falls
<i>Juncus dudleyi</i> Wieg.	.....	Dudley's Rush ..... Common
<i>Juncus effusus</i> L.	.....	Common Rush ..... Common
* <i>Juncus gerardii</i> Lois.	.....	Black Rush ..... Sparse, mainly roadsides: Almonte (2); Blakeney; Carleton Place (2); Smiths Falls
<i>Juncus nodosus</i> L.	.....	Knotted Rush ..... Uncommon, shorelines and open moist ground
<i>Juncus pelocarpus</i> E. Meyer	.....	Brown-fruited Rush ..... Rare, poor fens: Dixon L.; Indian Ck.
<i>Juncus tenuis</i> Willd.	.....	Path Rush ..... Common
* <i>Juncus torreyi</i> Cov.	.....	Torrey's Rush ..... Sparse, roadsides: Christie L.; Glen Tay; Herrons Mills; Merrickville; Nolans Cors.; Perth; Port Elmsley; Prospect; Smiths Falls. Native elsewhere in Ontario.
<i>Luzula acuminata</i> Raf.	.....	Acuminate Wood-rush ..... Rare, open woods: Almonte; Clay Bank; Murphys Pt. Pk.
<i>Luzula multiflora</i> (Retz.) Lej.	.....	Common Wood-rush ..... Rare, open woods: Murphys Pt. Pk.
<u>LILIACEAE</u>		<u>LILY FAMILY</u>
* <i>Allium schoenoprasum</i> L.	.....	Chives ..... Sparse garden escape:; Almonte; Bennett L.; Burnt Lands; Clayton L.; Farren L.; Hopetown; Lanark; Perth; Watson Cors. (2)
<i>Allium tricoccum</i> Ait.	.....	Wild Leek ..... Uncommon, rich woods
* <i>Allium vineale</i> L.	.....	Field Garlic ..... Rare garden escape: Glen Tay
* <i>Asparagus officinalis</i> L.	.....	Asparagus ..... Common escape from cultivation
<i>Clintonia borealis</i> (Ait.) Raf.	.....	Bluebead-lily ..... Common
* <i>Convallaria majalis</i> L.	.....	Lily-of-the-valley ..... Uncommon garden escape
<i>Erythronium americanum</i> Ker Gawl.	....	Dog's-tooth-violet ..... Common
* <i>Hemerocallis fulva</i> (L.) L.	.....	Day-lily ..... Common garden escape
* <i>Hemerocallis lilioasphodelus</i> L.	.....	Lemon-lily ..... Rare garden escape: Stump L.
<i>(H. flava</i> (L.) L.)		

* <i>Lilium lancifolium</i> Thunb. ....	Tiger Lily .....	Sparse garden escape: Beveridge Locks; Big Rideau L.; Brightside; Clyde Forks; Fallbrook; Perth; Watson Cors.
( <i>L. tigrinum</i> Ker Gawl.)		
<i>Lilium philadelphicum</i> L. ....	Wood Lily .....	Uncommon (13), dry meadows
<i>Maianthemum canadense</i> Desf. ....	Wild Lily-of-the-valley .....	Common
var. <i>canadense</i>		
<i>Maianthemum canadense</i> Desf. ....	Hairy Wild Lily-of-the-valley	Rare, restricted to limestone areas: Burnt Lands; Clay Bank; Panmure; [Merrickville-1968]
var. <i>interius</i> Fern.		
<i>Maianthemum racemosum</i> (L.) Link ....	False Solomon's Seal .....	Common
( <i>Smilacina racemosa</i> (L.) Desf.)		
<i>Maianthemum stellatum</i> (L.) Link ....	Starry False Solomon's Seal .	Sparse, meadows: Almonte; Burnt Lands; Clay Bank; Harper; N. Mud L.; Numogate; Panmure; Patterson L.; Perth; Pinery Rd.; S. Montague Swamp
( <i>Smilacina stellata</i> (L.) Desf.)		
<i>Maianthemum trifolium</i> (L.) Slob. ....	Three-leaved False Solomon's Seal .....	Uncommon, fens and conifer swamps
( <i>Smilacina trifolia</i> (L.) Desf.)		
<i>Medeola virginiana</i> L. ....	Indian Cucumber-root .....	Uncommon, rich woods
* <i>Narcissus pseudonarcissus</i> L. ....	Daffodil .....	Rare garden escape: Watson Cors.
* <i>Ornithogalum umbellatum</i> L. ....	Star-of-Bethlehem .....	Rare garden escape: Sheridans Rapids; Watson Cors.
* <i>Polygonatum multiflorum</i> (L.) All. ....	Solomon's Seal .....	Rare garden escape: Almonte; Lanark
<i>Polygonatum pubescens</i> (Willd.) Pursh ....	Hairy Solomon's Seal .....	Common
* <i>Scilla sibirica</i> Haw. ....	Scilla .....	Rare garden escape: Fallbrook; Perth
<i>Streptopus lanceolatus</i> (Ait.) Rev. ....	Rose Twistedstalk .....	Uncommon, mixed woods
( <i>S. roseus</i> Michx.)		
<i>Triantha glutinosa</i> (Michx.) Baker ....	Sticky False Asphodel .....	Rare, fens: Nolans Cors.
( <i>Tofieldia glutinosa</i> (Michx.) Pers.)		
<i>Trillium cernuum</i> L. ....	Nodding Trillium .....	Rare, wet woods: Hopetown; Perth
<i>Trillium erectum</i> L. ....	Red Trillium .....	Common
<i>Trillium grandiflorum</i> (Michx.) Salisb. ....	White Trillium .....	Common
<i>Uvularia grandiflora</i> Sm. ....	Bellwort .....	Common
<i>Uvularia sessilifolia</i> L. ....	Sessile-leaved Bellwort .....	Rare, rich woods: Lavant Long L.; Napier L.; Purdon Cons. Area; Watson Cors.

#### SMILACACEAE

#### CATBRIER FAMILY

<i>Smilax herbacea</i> L. ....	Carrion-flower .....	Rare, open woods: Bolingbroke; Innisville
--------------------------------	----------------------	--

#### IRIDACEAE

#### IRIS FAMILY

* <i>Iris germanica</i> L. ....	Bearded Iris .....	Sparse garden escape: Almonte; Bolingbroke; Perth; Pinery Rd.; Watson Cors.; Wolf Grove
* <i>Iris prismatica</i> Pursh ....	Slender Blue Flag .....	Rare garden escape: [Pakenham- 1937]
* <i>Iris pseudacorus</i> L. ....	Yellow Flag .....	Rare garden escape: Beveridge Locks (2); Big Rideau L.; Perth; Port Elmsley
* <i>Iris sibirica</i> L. ....	Siberian Iris .....	Rare garden escape: Watson Cors.
<i>Iris versicolor</i> L. ....	Wild Iris .....	Common
<i>Sisyrinchium montanum</i> Greene ....	Blue-eyed Grass .....	Common

<u>ORCHIDACEAE</u>	<u>ORCHID FAMILY</u>	
<i>Amerorchis rotundifolia</i> (Banks ex Pursh) . . . . .	Round-leaved Orchis . . . . .	Rare but probably extirpated, fens: Hult. ( <i>Orchis rotundifolia</i> Banks ex Pursh)
<i>Arethusa bulbosa</i> L. . . . .	Dragon's-mouth . . . . .	Rare, fens and poor fens: Indian Ck.; Joes L.; Robertson L.
<i>Calopogon tuberosus</i> (L.) BSP. . . . .	Grass-pink . . . . .	Sparse, fens and poor fens: Bottle L.; Indian Ck.; Lavant Sta.; Lowney L.; Nolans Cors.; Numogate; Robertson L.; [Ramsay-1862]
<i>Calypso bulbosa</i> (L.) Oakes . . . . .	Fairy-slipper . . . . .	Rare but probably extirpated, wet woods: [Almonte-1897]; [Ramsay- 1897]
<i>Coeloglossum viride</i> (L.) Hartm. . . . .	Bracted Orchid . . . . .	Rare, open woods: Boundary L.; <i>(Habenaria viridis</i> (L.) R. Br.)
<i>Corallorrhiza maculata</i> (Raf.) Raf. . . . .	Spotted Coralroot . . . . .	Sparse, mixed woods: Clayton; Dalhousie L.; Darling Long L.; MacKay L.; Tatlock; Watson Cors.; White L.; [Robertson L.-1967]; [Ramsay-1861]; [Pakenham Tp.- 1943]
<i>Corallorrhiza striata</i> Lindl. . . . .	Striped Coralroot . . . . .	Sparse, mixed woods: Boundary L.; California (2); Dalhousie L.; Lavant Long L.; Lowney L.; MacKay L. (2); Poland (2); Tatlock; Watson Cors.; [Brooke-1973]; [Lavant Sta.- 1972]; [Middleville-1973]; [Ramsay-1861]; [White L.-1968]
<i>Corallorrhiza trifida</i> Chât. . . . .	Early Coralroot . . . . .	Uncommon, wet mixed woods
<i>Cypripedium acaule</i> Ait. . . . .	Moccasin-flower . . . . .	Uncommon (14), open mixed woods
#S3 <i>Cypripedium arietinum</i> R. Br. . . . .	Ram's-head Lady-slipper . . . . .	Sparse, calcareous woods: Burnt Lands; Clay Bank; Harding L.; Hopetown; Lowney L.; Napier L.; Peterwhite L.; Pinery Rd.; Rosetta; Sheridans Rapids; [McDonalds Cors.-1967]; [Pakenham Mtn.- 1968]; [Silver L.-1966]
<i>Cypripedium parviflorum</i> Salisb. . . . .	Yellow Lady-slipper . . . . .	Uncommon, rich woods
var. <i>pubescens</i> (Willd.) Knight ( <i>C. calceolus</i> L. var. <i>pubescens</i> (Willd.) Correll)		
<i>Cypripedium reginae</i> Walt. . . . .	Showy Lady-slipper . . . . .	Uncommon (16), fens and open wet woods
* <i>Epipactis helleborine</i> (L.) Crantz . . . . .	Helleborine . . . . .	Common
<i>Galearis spectabilis</i> (L.) Raf. . . . .	Showy Orchis . . . . .	Rare, rich woods: Clayton; Dalhousie L.; Innisville; Pakenham Mtn.
<i>Goodyera pubescens</i> (Willd.) R. Br. . . . .	Downy Rattlesnake-plantain .	Rare, conifer swamps: Darling Long L.
<i>Goodyera repens</i> (L.) R. Br. . . . .	Dwarf Rattlesnake-plantain .	Sparse, mixed woods: Blueberry Mtn., Brightside; California; Darling Long L. (2); Lavant Long L. (2); MacKay L.; Park L.; Peterwhite L.; Robertson L.; Woods L.; [Lowney L.-1967]; [Napier L.-1967]; [Ramsay-1862]

<i>Goodyera tesselata</i> Lodd.	Checkered Rattlesnake-plantain	Rare, mixed woods: Clyde Forks; Joes L.; MacKay L.; [Clayton L.-1967]; [Lowney L.-1979]
<i>Liparis loeselii</i> (L.) Rich.	Bog Twayblade	Uncommon (15), wet meadows and open wetlands
<i>Listera cordata</i> (L.) R. Br.	Heartleaved Twayblade	Rare, conifer swamps: California; Joes L.; Park L.; Peterwhite L.; Woods L.; [Robertson L.-1966]; [Silver L.-1968]
<i>Malaxis monophyllos</i> (L.) Sw.	White Adder's-mouth	Uncommon, open wetlands
var. <i>brachypoda</i> (Gray) Morris & Ames ( <i>M. brachypoda</i> (Gray) Fern.)		
<i>Malaxis unifolia</i> Michx.	Green Adder's-mouth	Sparse, open woods: Burnt Lands; Dalhousie L.; Innisville; Joes L.; Lowney L.; Middleville; Panmure; Pinery Rd.; [Boyds-1966]; [Cedar Hill-1969]; [Harding L.-1966]; [Robertson L.-1959]; [Ramsay-1862]
<i>Platanthera aquilonis</i> Sheviak	Northern Green Orchid	Uncommon, open wet woods
( <i>P. hyperborea</i> auct. non (L.) Lindl., <i>Habenaria hyperborea</i> auct. non (L.) R. Br.)		
<i>Platanthera clavellata</i> (Michx.) Luer	Club-spur Orchid	Rare, mainly shorelines: Bottle L.; McDonalds Cors.; Pinery Rd.; Robertson L.
( <i>Habenaria clavellata</i> (Michx.) Spreng.)		
<i>Platanthera dilatata</i> (Pursh) Lindl. ex Beck	White Bog Orchid	Rare, fens and poor fens: Lowney L.; MacKay L.; Purdon Cons. Area; Robertson L.; [Middleville-1965]
( <i>Habenaria dilatata</i> (Pursh) Hook.)		
#S3 <i>Platanthera flava</i> (L.) Lindl. var. <i>herbiola</i>	Tuberclad Orchid	Rare, shorelines: Innisville; Sheridans Rapids
(R. Br.) Luer ( <i>Habenaria flava</i> (L.) R. Br. var. <i>herbiola</i> (R. Br.) Ames & Correll)		
#S3 <i>Platanthera hookeri</i> (Torr. ex Gray) Lindl.	Hooker's Orchid	Sparse, rich woods: Boundary L.; Burnt Lands; California (2); Darling Long L.; Lavant Long L. Lowney L.; Napier L.; Tatlock; [Cedar Hill-1969]; [Clayton-1969]; [Middleville-1968]; [Pakenham Mtn.-1972]; [Robertson L.-1962]; [Sheridans Rapids-1969]; [White L.-1972]
( <i>Habenaria hookeri</i> Torr. ex Gray)		
<i>Platanthera huronensis</i> (Nutt.) Lindl.	Hybrid Bog Orchid	Rare, open wetlands: MacKay L.
( <i>P. ×media</i> (Rydb.) Luer; <i>P. dilatata</i> × <i>P. hyperborea</i> )		
#S2 <i>Platanthera macrophylla</i> (Goldie)	Large Round-leaved Orchid	Rare, mixed woods: Sheridans Rapids (Reddoch & Reddoch, 1997)
P.M. Brown ( <i>P. orbiculata</i> (Pursh) Lindl. var. <i>macrophylla</i> (Goldie) Luer; <i>Habenaria macrophylla</i> Goldie)		

<i>Platanthera obtusata</i> (Banks ex Pursh) ....	Blunt-leaved Orchid	Sparse, boggy woods: California; Darling Long L.; Joes L.; Lavant Long L.; MacKay L.; McDonalds Cors.; Park L.; Peterwhite L. (2); Woods L.; [Boundary L.-1967]; [Elphin-1966]; [Harding L.-1966]; [Lavant Sta.-1967]; [Lowney L.- 1967]; [Middleville-1966]; [Napier L.-1967]; [Pakenham Mtn.-1968]; [Robertson L.-1967]; [Rosetta- 1968]; [Sheridans Rapids-1969]; [Silver L.-1968]; [White L.-1966]; [Wolf Grove-1966]
<i>Platanthera orbiculata</i> (Pursh) Lindl. ....	Round-leaved Orchid	Rare, rich woods: Blueberry Mtn.; California; Lavant Long L.; Purdon Cons. Area; [Cedar Hill-1969]; [Peterwhite L.-1967]; [Ramsay- 1867]; [Robertson L.-1966]; [Sheridans Rapids-1965]
<i>Platanthera psycodes</i> (L.) Lindl. ....	Small Purple Fringed Orchid	Uncommon, moist meadows
( <i>Habenaria psycodes</i> (L.) Spreng.)		
<i>Pogonia ophioglossoides</i> (L.) Ker Gawl. ....	Rose Pogonia	Uncommon (13), fens and poor fens
<i>Spiranthes casei</i> Catling & Cruise ....	Case's Ladies'-tresses	Sparse, dry meadows: California; Christie L.; Flower Sta.; Folger; Joes L.; Peterwhite L.; Watson Cors.; White L.; [Otty L.-pre1973]
<i>Spiranthes cernua</i> (L.) Rich. ....	Nodding Ladies'-tresses	Uncommon, wet meadows
<i>Spiranthes lacera</i> (Raf.) Raf. var. <i>lacera</i> ....	Slender Ladies'-tresses	Uncommon, dry rocky meadows
<i>Spiranthes lucida</i> (H. H. Eat.) Ames ....	Shining Ladies'-tresses	Rare, calcareous shorelines: Herrons Mills; Playfairville; Sheridans Rapids (2); [Carleton Place-1922]
<i>Spiranthes romanzoffiana</i> Cham. ....	Hooded Ladies'-tresses	Rare, fens and poor fens: Lowney L. (2); Park L.; [Clayton L.-1967]; [Ferguson Falls-1968]; [Numogate- 1973]; [Robertson L.-1959]

#### SALICACEAE

#### WILLOW FAMILY

* <i>Populus alba</i> L. ....	White Poplar	Uncommon escape from cultivation
<i>Populus balsamifera</i> L. ....	Balsam Poplar	Common
<i>Populus deltoides</i> Bartram ex Marsh. ....	Cottonwood	Sparse, rich soil: Blakeney; Burnt Lands; Clayton; Farren L.; Glen Tay; Goodwood Marsh; Hopetown; Murphys Pt. Pk.; Pakenham
<i>Populus grandidentata</i> Michx. ....	Large-toothed Aspen	Common
* <i>Populus nigra</i> L. ....	Lombardy Poplar	Sparse escape from cultivation: Boyd's (2); Christie L.; Herrons Mills; Hopetown; Little Silver L.; Pakenham; Watson Cors.; White L.
<i>Populus tremuloides</i> Michx. ....	Trembling Aspen	Common
* <i>Salix alba</i> L. ....	White Willow	Uncommon escape from cultivation

<i>Salix amygdaloides</i> Anderss.	Peach-leaf Willow	Uncommon (13), open wetlands and shorelines
<i>Salix bebbiana</i> Sarg.	Bebb's Willow	Common
<i>Salix candida</i> Flüegge ex Willd.	Hoary Willow	Uncommon (17), calcareous meadows
<i>Salix discolor</i> Muhl.	Pussy Willow	Common
<i>Salix eriocephala</i> Michx. ( <i>S. rigida</i> Muhl.)	Missouri Willow	Rare, moist meadows: Blueberry Mtn., [Murphys Pt. Pk.-1974]
<i>Salix exigua</i> Nutt. ssp. <i>interior</i> (Rowlee) Cronq. ( <i>S. interior</i> Rowlee)	Sandbar Willow	Rare, lakeshores: Bobs L.; Dalhousie L.; Farren L.
* <i>Salix fragilis</i> L.	Crack Willow	Uncommon escape from cultivation
<i>Salix humilis</i> Marsh.	Upland Willow	Sparse, dry open woods: Blueberry Mtn., Bobs L.; Burnt Lands; Darling Long L.; Joes L.; McGowan L.; Napier L.; Pakenham Mtn.
<i>Salix lucida</i> Muhl.	Shining Willow	Uncommon, open wetlands
<i>Salix nigra</i> Marsh.	Black Willow	Rare, open wetlands: Carleton Place; Innisville; [Christie L.-1966]; [Murphys Pt. Pk.-1974]
<i>Salix pedicellaris</i> Pursh	Bog Willow	Sparse, fens and poor fens: Lavant Sta.; Lowney L. (2); Nolans Cors.; Otty L.; Patterson L.; Purdon Cons. Area
<i>Salix petiolaris</i> Sm.	Slender Willow	Common
<i>Salix pyrifolia</i> Anderss.	Balsam Willow	Rare, poor fens: Lavant Sta.
<i>Salix serissima</i> (L.) Bailey Fern.	Autumn Willow	Rare, shrubby fens: Joes L. <sup>1</sup>
* <i>Salix × rubens</i> Schrank ( <i>S. alba</i> × <i>S. fragilis</i> )	Hybrid Willow	Uncommon escape from cultivation

#### MYRICACEAE

#### BAYBERRY FAMILY

<i>Comptonia peregrina</i> (L.) Coult.	Sweet-fern	Uncommon, open dry meadows
<i>Myrica gale</i> L.	Sweet Gale	Common

#### JUGLANDACEAE

#### WALNUT FAMILY

<i>Carya cordiformis</i> (Wang.) K. Koch	Bitternut Hickory	Uncommon, deciduous and mixed woods
<i>Carya ovata</i> (Mill.) K. Koch	Shagbark Hickory	Rare, dry woods: Big Rideau L.; Joes L.; Murphys Pt. Pk.; [McGowan L.-1979]
#S3? <i>Juglans cinerea</i> L.	Butternut	Uncommon but in serious decline across the province due to Butternut canker disease
* <i>Juglans nigra</i> L.	Black Walnut	Rare escape from cultivation: Almonte; Carleton Place; Perth; Smiths Falls

#### BETULACEAE

#### BIRCH FAMILY

<i>Alnus incana</i> (L.) Moench ssp. <i>rugosa</i> (Du Roi) Clausen ( <i>A. rugosa</i> (Du Roi) Spreng.)	Speckled Alder	Common
<i>Betula alleghaniensis</i> Britt.	Yellow Birch	Common
<i>Betula papyrifera</i> Marsh	White Birch	Common

<sup>1</sup> Refer to Appendix 1 regarding an unverified sight record of *Salix serissima* from Numogate.

<i>Betula populifolia</i> Marsh.	Gray Birch	Rare, open bogs, poor fens, and moist fields: Goodwood Marsh; McGowan L.; Smiths Falls
<i>Betula pumila</i> L. var. <i>glandulifera</i> Regel <i>(B. glandulifera</i> (Regel) Butler)	Dwarf Birch	Rare, fens: N. Mud L.; Nolans Cors.; Numogate
<i>Carpinus caroliniana</i> Walt.	Blue-beech	Uncommon, rich woods
<i>Corylus cornuta</i> Marsh.	Hazelnut	Common
<i>Ostrya virginiana</i> (Mill.) K. Koch	Ironwood, Hop Hornbeam	Common

FAGACEAE	BEECH FAMILY	
<i>Fagus grandifolia</i> Ehrh.	Beech	Common
<i>Quercus alba</i> L.	White Oak	Uncommon, dry rocky woods
<i>Quercus macrocarpa</i> Michx.	Bur Oak	Uncommon, floodplains and rich ground
<i>Quercus rubra</i> L. ( <i>Q. borealis</i> Michx. f.)	Red Oak	Common

ULMACEAE	ELM FAMILY	
<i>Celtis occidentalis</i> L.	Hackberry	Rare, mainly shorelines: Carleton Place; Fallbrook; Smiths Falls
<i>Ulmus americana</i> L.	American Elm	Common but old trees are rare due to Dutch Elm disease
* <i>Ulmus pumila</i> L.	Siberian Elm	Sparse escape from cultivation: Almonte; Carleton Place; Innisville; Lanark; Perth (2); Port Elmsley; Smiths Falls (2)
<i>Ulmus rubra</i> Muhl.	Slippery Elm	Uncommon, open woods
<i>Ulmus thomasii</i> Sarg.	Rock Elm	Common

CANNABACEAE	HEMP FAMILY	
* <i>Cannabis sativa</i> L.	Marijuana	Rare, disturbed ground: Kilmarnock Locks; McDonalds Cors.; Watson Cors.; [Ramsay-1862]
* <i>Humulus japonicus</i> Sieb. & Zucc.	Japanese Hops	Rare, disturbed ground: [Carleton Place-1954]
* <i>Humulus lupulus</i> L.	Hops	Rare, open woods: Murphys Pt. Pk. (2); Watson Cors.; Woods L.

URTICACEAE	NETTLE FAMILY	
<i>Boehmeria cylindrica</i> (L.) Sw.	False Nettle	Uncommon, shorelines and marshes
<i>Laportea canadensis</i> (L.) Wedd.	Wood Nettle	Uncommon, rich woods
<i>Pilea fontana</i> (Lunell) Rydb.	Clearweed	Rare, wet ground: Burnt Lands; Kilmarnock Locks; Sheridans Rapids; Smiths Falls
<i>Pilea pumila</i> (L.) Gray	Clearweed	Uncommon, rich woods
<i>Urtica dioica</i> L. ssp. <i>gracilis</i> (Ait.) Selander	Stinging Nettle	Common

SANTALACEAE	SANDALWOOD FAMILY	
<i>Comandra umbellata</i> (L.) Nutt.	Bastard Toadflax	Uncommon (19), dry meadows

ARISTOLOCHIACEAEBIRTHWORT FAMILY

- Asarum canadense* L. .... Wild Ginger ..... Uncommon, open woods

POLYGONACEAEBUCKWHEAT FAMILY

- \* *Fagopyrum esculentum* Moench ..... Buckwheat ..... Rare and short-lived escape from cultivation: Glen Tay; Watson Cors.
- Fallopia cilinodis* (Michx.) Holub ..... Fringed Bindweed ..... Uncommon, open woods  
(*Polygonum cilinode* Michx.)
- \* *Fallopia convolvulus* (L.) A. Löve ..... Black Bindweed ..... Uncommon, rail lines and disturbed ground  
(*Polygonum convolvulus* L.)
- \* *Fallopia japonica* (Houtt.) Ronse Decr. .... Japanese Knotweed ..... Sparse escape from cultivation:  
var. *japonica* (*Polygonum cuspidatum* Sieb. & Zucc.) Almonte (2); Carleton Place; Lanark; Perth; Smiths Falls (2)
- Fallopia scandens* (L.) Holub ..... False Buckwheat ..... Rare, open woods: Bobs L.; Napier L.; Pakenham Mtn.  
(*Polygonum scandens* L.)
- Persicaria amphibia* (L.) S.F. Gray ..... Water Smartweed ..... Uncommon, shorelines and marshes  
(*Polygonum amphibium* L.;  
*P. natans* (Michx.) Eat.; *P. coccinum* Muhl. ex Willd.)
- \* *Persicaria hydropiper* (L.) Spach ..... Water-pepper ..... Common  
(*Polygonum hydropiper* L.)
- Persicaria hydropiperoides* (Michx.) Sm. .... False Water-pepper ..... Rare, open wetlands: Bennett L.; Brightside; Ferguson Falls; Murphys Pt. Pk.; [Brooke-1947]; [Perth-1947]
- Persicaria lapathifolia* (L.) S.F. Gray ..... Dock-leaved Knotweed ..... Uncommon, shorelines and open wetlands  
(*Polygonum lapathifolium* L.; *P. scabrum* Moench)
- \* *Persicaria maculosa* S.F. Gray ..... Lady's-thumb ..... Common  
(*Polygonum persicaria* L.)
- Persicaria pensylvanica* (L.) M. Gómez .... Pennsylvania Knotweed .... Uncommon, roadsides and disturbed ground  
(*Polygonum pensylvanicum* L.)
- Persicaria punctata* (Ell.) Sm. .... Water Knotweed ..... Sparse, disturbed ground and open wetlands: Andrewsville; Christie L. (2); Franktown; Murphys Pt. Pk.; Perth; Watson Cors.
- Persicaria sagittata* (L.) Gross ..... Tear-thumb ..... Sparse, open wetlands: Blackberry Meadow; Cranberry L.; Dixon L.; Murphys Pt. Pk.; Pakenham Mtn.; Poland; Sheridans Rapids; Watson Cors.; White L.; Wolf Grove
- (*Polygonum sagittatum* L.)

Note: Several species formerly included in *Polygonum* have been moved to the genera *Fallopia* and *Persicaria*.

- \* *Polygonum achoreum* Blake ..... Leathery Knotweed ..... Uncommon, disturbed ground
- \* *Polygonum aviculare* L. ssp. *aviculare* ..... Knotweed ..... Common
- (\*) *Polygonum aviculare* L. ssp. *buxiforme* .... Knotweed ..... Rare, disturbed ground: Burnt Lands; Smiths Falls; [Pakenham Tp.-1940]  
(Sm.) Cos. & Tard. (*P. buxiforme* Small)
- \* *Polygonum aviculare* L. ssp. *depressum* .... Knotweed ..... Common  
(Meisn.) Arc. (*P. arenastrum* Boreau)
- Polygonum douglasii* Greene ..... Douglas' Knotweed ..... Rare, open rocky slopes: Big Rideau L. (2)
- \* *Rheum rhabarbarum* L. .... Rhubarb ..... Rare, long-persisting at old homesteads or spreading nearby: Burnt Lands; Carleton Place; Joes L.; Watson Cors.; [Murphys Pt. Pk.-1974]

* <i>Rumex acetosella</i> L.	Sheep Sorrel	Common
<i>Rumex britannica</i> L.	Great Water Dock	Uncommon, open wetlands
( <i>R. orbiculatus</i> Gray)		
* <i>Rumex crispus</i> L.	Curled Dock	Common
* <i>Rumex longifolius</i> DC.	Long-leaved Dock	Rare, roadsides: Beveridge Locks; Murphys Pt. Pk.; Pike L.; Poland; [Perth-1957]
( <i>R. domesticus</i> Hartm.)		
* <i>Rumex maritimus</i> L.	Golden Dock	Rare, wet, disturbed ground: Perth; Poland
* <i>Rumex obtusifolius</i> L.	Broad-leaved Dock	Rare, disturbed ground: Perth; Woods L.
* <i>Rumex triangulivalvis</i> (Dans.) Rech. f.	Willow-leaved Dock	Sparse, roadsides: Carleton Place; <i>(R. mexicanus</i> auct. non Meisn.) Hopetown; Pakenham; Smiths Falls (3)
<i>Rumex verticillatus</i> L.	Water Dock	Uncommon, open wetlands

#### CHENOPODIACEAE

#### GOOSEFOOT FAMILY

* <i>Atriplex oblongifolia</i> Waldst. & Kit.	Oblong-leaved Orach	Rare, roadsides: Franktown
* <i>Atriplex patula</i> L.	Spearscale	Uncommon, disturbed ground
* <i>Atriplex prostrata</i> Bouch. ex DC.	Orach	Uncommon, roadsides and disturbed ( <i>A. patula</i> L. var. <i>hastata</i> (L.) Gray; <i>A. hastata</i> auct.)
* <i>Chenopodium album</i> L.	Lamb's Quarters	Common
<i>Chenopodium capitatum</i> (L.) Ambrosi	Strawberry-blite	Sparse, disturbed ground: Boundary L.; Burnt Lands; Harding L.; Hopetown; Napier L.; Tatlock; [Pinery Rd.-1946]
* <i>Chenopodium glaucum</i> L.	Oak-leaved Goosefoot	Rare, roadsides: Christie L.; Pakenham; Perth (2); Smiths Falls; [Almonte-1939]; [Blakeney-1945]
<i>Chenopodium simplex</i> (Torr.) Raf.	Maple-leaved Goosefoot	Uncommon, open woods ( <i>C. gigantospermum</i> Aellen)
* <i>Chenopodium vulvaria</i> L.	Stinking Goosefoot	Rare, disturbed ground: [Perth-1949] (Montgomery, 1957)
* <i>Kochia scoparia</i> (L.) Schrad.	Summer-cypress	Rare, mainly rail lines: Carleton Place; Dalhousie L.; Perth; Smiths Falls
* <i>Polyneum majus</i> A. Br. ex Bogen.	Polyneum	Rare, open limestone: Burnt Lands; Clay Bank
* <i>Salsola collina</i> Pall.	Russian-thistle	Rare, roadsides and rail lines: Boyds; Smiths Falls
* <i>Salsola tragus</i> L.	Russian-thistle	Uncommon, rail lines and roadsides ( <i>S. kali</i> L. var. <i>tenuifolia</i> Tausch ex Moq.; <i>S. pestifer</i> Nelson)

#### AMARANTHACEAE

#### AMARANTH FAMILY

* <i>Amaranthus albus</i> L.	Tumbleweed	Rare, disturbed ground: Perth; Smiths Falls; Watson Cors.; White L.; [Almonte-1939]; [Murphys Pt. Pk.- 1974]
* <i>Amaranthus retroflexus</i> L.	Pigweed	Common
<i>Amaranthus tuberculatus</i> (Moq.) Sauer	Water-hemp	Rare, shorelines: [Innisville-1949] ( <i>Acnida tuberculata</i> Moq.)

<u>NYCTAGINACEAE</u>	<u>FOUR-O'CLOCK FAMILY</u>	
* <i>Mirabilis albida</i> (Walt.) Heim. ....	Hairy Four-o'clock ....	Rare, disturbed ground: Maberly; [Smiths Falls- 1954]
( <i>M. hirsuta</i> (Pursh) MacM.)		
* <i>Mirabilis nyctaginea</i> (Michx.) MacM. ....	Four-o'clock ....	Rare, disturbed ground: Merrickville; Perth; Smiths Falls (2)
<u>AIZOACEAE</u>	<u>CARPETWEED FAMILY</u>	
* <i>Mollugo verticillata</i> L. ....	Carpetweed ....	Rare, disturbed ground: Smiths Falls
<u>PORTULACACEAE</u>	<u>PURSLANE FAMILY</u>	
<i>Claytonia caroliniana</i> Michx. ....	Spring-beauty ....	Common
<i>Claytonia virginica</i> L. ....	Virginian Spring-beauty ....	Rare, open woods: Big Rideau L. (2); Harper; Murphys Pt. Pk.; Pakenham Mtn.; [Perth-1887]
* <i>Montia linearis</i> (Dougl. ex Hook.) Greene ..	Narrow-leaved Montia ....	Rare lawn weed: Watson Cors. Not ( <i>Claytonia linearis</i> Dougl. ex Hook.) known elsewhere in Ontario.
* <i>Portulaca grandiflora</i> Hook. ....	Portulaca ....	Rare garden escape: Perth
* <i>Portulaca oleracea</i> L. ....	Purslane ....	Common
<u>CARYOPHYLLACEAE</u>	<u>PINK FAMILY</u>	
* <i>Arenaria serpyllifolia</i> L. ....	Thyme-leaved Sandwort ....	Uncommon, disturbed ground
<i>Cerastium arvense</i> L. ....	Meadow Chickweed ....	Rare, rocky meadows: [Almonte- 1949]
* <i>Cerastium fontanum</i> Baumg. ....	Mouse-ear Chickweed ....	Common ( <i>C. vulgatum</i> auct. non L.)
* <i>Cerastium pumilum</i> Curtis ....	Chickweed ....	Rare, campgrounds: Silver L. Pk.
* <i>Cerastium semidecandrum</i> L. ....	Chickweed ....	Rare, campgrounds: Murphys Pt. Pk. (2); Silver L. Pk.
* <i>Cerastium tomentosum</i> L. ....	Snow-in-summer ....	Rare garden escape: Almonte; Burnt Lands; Robertson L.
* <i>Dianthus armeria</i> L. ....	Deptford Pink ....	Common
* <i>Dianthus barbatus</i> L. ....	Sweet William ....	Rare garden escape: Murphys Pt. Pk.; Watson Cors.
* <i>Dianthus deltoides</i> L. ....	Maiden Pink ....	Rare garden escape: Watson Cors.
<i>Minuartia michauxii</i> (Fenzl) Farw. ....	Rock Sandwort ....	Sparse, open bare rock: Big Rideau L. (2); Burnt Lands (2); Christie L.; Clay Bank; Farren L.; Panmure
<i>Moehringia lateriflora</i> (L.) Fenzl ....	Grove Sandwort ....	Rare, dry meadows: Purdon Cons. ( <i>Arenaria lateriflora</i> L.) Area; Stump L.; Wolf Grove
* <i>Sagina procumbens</i> L. ....	Pearlwort ....	Rare, disturbed ground: Silver L. Pk.
* <i>Saponaria officinalis</i> L. ....	Bouncing Bet ....	Common
<i>Silene antirrhina</i> L. ....	Sleepy Catchfly ....	Uncommon (13), open dry sites
* <i>Silene armeria</i> L. ....	Sweet William Catchfly ....	Rare garden escape: Watson Cors.
* <i>Silene chalcedonica</i> (L.) Krause ....	Scarlet Lychnis ....	Rare garden escape (prob. ( <i>Lychnis chalcedonica</i> L.) extirpated): S. Montague Swamp
* <i>Silene coronaria</i> (L.) Clair. ....	Mullein Pink ....	Rare garden escape: Watson Cors. ( <i>Lychnis coronaria</i> (L.) Murr.)
* <i>Silene latifolia</i> Poir. ( <i>S. pratensis</i> (Raf.) ....	White Campion ....	Uncommon, disturbed ground Gren. & Godr.; <i>S. alba</i> (Mill.) Krause; <i>Lychnis alba</i> Mill.)
* <i>Silene noctiflora</i> L. ....	Night-flowering Catchfly ....	Rare, disturbed ground: [Almonte- 1939]; [Carleton Place-1945]
* <i>Silene vulgaris</i> (Moench) Garske ....	Bladder Campion ....	Common ( <i>S. cucubalus</i> Wibel)
<i>Stellaria borealis</i> Bigel. ....	Northern Stitchwort ....	Rare, seepage areas: Watson Cors.

- \* *Stellaria graminea* L. .... Lesser Stitchwort ..... Common
- Stellaria longifolia* Muhl. ex Willd. .... Long-leaved Chickweed .... Rare, meadows: Napier L.; Pakenham Mtn.
- \* *Stellaria media* (L.) Vill. .... Common Chickweed ..... Common
- \* *Stellaria pallida* (Dumort.) Pire .... Lesser Chickweed ..... Rare, campgrounds: Murphys Pt. Pk.

CERATOPHYLLACEAE

HORNWORT FAMILY

- Ceratophyllum demersum* L. .... Coontail ..... Uncommon, shallow water

CABOMBACEAE

FANWORT FAMILY

- Brasenia schreberi* Gmel. .... Water-shield ..... Uncommon, shallow water

NYMPHAEACEAE

WATER-LILY FAMILY

- Nuphar rubrodisca* Morong .... Red-disk Pond-lily ..... Rare, shallow water: Kilmarnock Locks
- Nuphar variegata* Dur. .... Bullhead-lily ..... Common
- Nymphaea odorata* Ait. ssp. *odorata* .... Fragrant Water-lily ..... Common
- Nymphaea odorata* Ait. ssp. *tuberosa* .... Tuberous Water-lily ..... Sparse, shallow water: Beveridge Locks; Blakeney; Clyde Forks; Dalhousie L.; Innisville; Merrickville; Otty L.; Port Elmsley; Smiths Falls; [Murphys Pt. Pk.-1974]

RANUNCULACEAE

CROWFOOT FAMILY

- Actaea pachypoda* Ell. .... White Baneberry ..... Common
- Actaea rubra* (Ait.) Willd. .... Red Baneberry ..... Common
- Anemone acutiloba* (DC.) Laws. .... Sharp-lobed Hepatica ..... Uncommon, open woods  
(*Hepatica acutiloba* DC.; *H. nobilis* Mill.  
var. *acuta* (Pursh) Stey.)
- Anemone americana* (DC.) Hara .... Round-lobed Hepatica ..... Uncommon, open woods  
(*Hepatica americana* (DC.) Ker Gawl.;  
*H. nobilis* Mill. var. *obtusa* (Pursh) Stey.)
- Anemone canadensis* L. .... Canada Anemone ..... Common
- Anemone cylindrica* Gray .... Long-headed Thimbleweed .. Uncommon, dry meadows and open woods
- Anemone quinquefolia* L. .... Wood Anemone ..... Rare, dry woods: [Murphys Pt. Pk.-1974] (Lindsay, 1974)
- Anemone virginiana* L. (s.l.) .... Thimbleweed ..... Uncommon, open woods
- Aquilegia canadensis* L. .... Columbine ..... Common
- \* *Aquilegia vulgaris* L. .... European Columbine ..... Rare garden escape: Perth
- Caltha palustris* L. .... Marsh-marigold ..... Common
- Clematis occidentalis* (Hornem.) DC. .... Purple Clematis ..... Rare, open woods: Murphys Pt. Pk.;  
(*C. verticillaris* DC.) Napier L.
- \* *Clematis recta* L. .... Upright Clematis ..... Rare garden escape: Perth
- Clematis virginiana* L. .... Virgin's-bower ..... Common
- Coptis trifolia* (L.) Salisb. .... Goldthread ..... Common  
(*C. groenlandica* (Oeder) Fern.)
- Ranunculus abortivus* L. .... Kidneyleaf Buttercup ..... Common
- \* *Ranunculus acris* L. .... Buttercup ..... Common
- Ranunculus aquatilis* L. var *diffusus* With. .... White Water Buttercup ..... Uncommon (16), shallow water  
(*R. longirostris* Godr.; *R. trichophyllus* (Chaix.) Bosch)
- Ranunculus fascicularis* Muhl. ex Bigel. .... Early Buttercup ..... Rare, alvars: Clay Bank
- Ranunculus flabellaris* Raf. .... Yellow Water-crowfoot ..... Uncommon (15), shallow water

<i>Ranunculus flammula</i> L. var. <i>reptans</i> (L.) Mey.	Spearwort	Sparse, mainly shorelines: Adams L.; Bobs L.; Carleton Place; Dalhousie L. (2); Farren L.; Murphys Pt. Pk.; Playfairville; Rideau Ferry; Sheridans Rapids
( <i>R. reptans</i> L.)		
<i>Ranunculus gmelinii</i> DC.	Small Yellow Water-crowfoot	Rare, shallow water: Blackberry Meadow; Harding L.; Rosetta; Watson Cors.; [Murphys Pt. Pk.-1974]; [Almonte-1898]; [Perth-1947]
<i>Ranunculus hispidus</i> Michx. var. <i>caricetorum</i> (Greene) Duncan	Northern Crowfoot	Rare, open wetlands: Almonte; Dalhousie L.; Hopetown; Pakenham; Watson Cors.
( <i>R. septentrionalis</i> Poir. var. <i>caricetorum</i> (Greene) Fern.)		
<i>Ranunculus pensylvanicus</i> L.f.	Bristly Crowfoot	Uncommon, open wetlands and moist woods
<i>Ranunculus recurvatus</i> Poir.	Hooked Crowfoot	Uncommon, moist woods
* <i>Ranunculus repens</i> L.	Creeping Buttercup	Sparse, mainly lawns: Blackberry Meadow; Lanark; Perth (2); Playfairville; Rideau Ferry; Robertson L.; Sheridans Rapids; [Almonte-1953]
<i>Ranunculus sceleratus</i> L.	Cursed Crowfoot	Sparse, open wetlands: Almonte; Herrons Mills; Lanark; Napier L.; Pakenham; Perth
<i>Thalictrum dioicum</i> L.	Early Meadow-rue	Common
<i>Thalictrum pubescens</i> Pursh	Tall Meadow-rue	Common
( <i>T. polygamum</i> Muhl.)		
<i>Thalictrum venulosum</i> Trel.	Veiny Meadow-rue	Rare, shorelines: [Carleton Place-1922]

#### BERBERIDACEAE

#### BARBERRY FAMILY

* <i>Berberis vulgaris</i> L.	Barberry	Sparse, roadsides and open woods: Andrewsville; Beveridge Locks; Big Rideau L.; Blakeney; Carleton Place (2); Merrickville; Nolans Cors.; Perth; Smiths Falls (2); Wolf Grove; [Appleton-1953]; [Blakeney-1945]
<i>Caulophyllum giganteum</i> (Farw.) Loc. & Black. ( <i>C. thalictroides</i> (L.) Michx. var. <i>giganteum</i> Farw.)	Blue Cohosh	Uncommon, rich woods

#### MENISPERMACEAE

#### MOONSEED FAMILY

<i>Menispermum canadense</i> L.	Moonseed	Rare, shorelines and floodplains: Carleton Place; Fallbrook; Pakenham; [Almonte-1862]; [Smiths Falls-1979]
---------------------------------	----------	--

#### PAPAVERACEAE

#### POPPY FAMILY

* <i>Chelidonium majus</i> L.	Celandine	Rare garden escape: Perth; Silver L. Pk.; Watson Cors.
* <i>Papaver orientale</i> L.	Oriental Poppy	Rare garden escape: Watson Cors.
* <i>Papaver rhoeas</i> L.	Corn Poppy	Rare garden escape: Balderson; Lanark

* <i>Papaver somniferum</i> L. ....	Opium Poppy .....	Rare garden escape: Smiths Falls; Watson Cors.; [Carleton Place-1911]
<i>Sanguinaria canadensis</i> L. ....	Bloodroot .....	Uncommon, open woods

<u>FUMARIACEAE</u>	<u>FUMITORY FAMILY</u>
<i>Adlumia fungosa</i> (Ait.) Greene ex BSP. ....	Alleghany-vine ..... Uncommon, open disturbed woods
<i>Corydalis aurea</i> Willd. ....	Golden Corydalis ..... Sparse, open woods: Burnt Lands; Clay Bank; Lanark (2); Napier L.; Watson Cors.; White L.
<i>Corydalis sempervirens</i> (L.) Pers. ....	Pale Corydalis ..... Uncommon, open rocky woods
<i>Dicentra canadensis</i> (Goldie) Walp. ....	Squirrel-corn ..... Uncommon, deciduous woods
<i>Dicentra cucullaria</i> (L.) Bernh. ....	Dutchman's-breeches ..... Common

<u>CAPPARACEAE</u>	<u>CAPER FAMILY</u>
* <i>Polanisia dodecandra</i> (L.) DC. ssp. <i>trachysperma</i> (T. & G.) Iltis	Clammyweed ..... Rare, disturbed ground: White L.; Wolf Grove

<u>BRASSICACEAE (CRUCIFERAE)</u>	<u>MUSTARD FAMILY</u>
* <i>Alliaria petiolata</i> (Bieb.) Cav. & Gr. .... ( <i>A. officinalis</i> Andrz.)	Garlic Mustard ..... Sparse but increasing in open woods and disturbed ground: Almonte; Andrewsville; Big Rideau L.; Carleton Place; Glen Tay; Murphys Pt. Pk.; Perth (2); Silver L. Pk.; Tatlock; Watson Cors.

**Note:** Garlic Mustard is an aggressive alien that could become a problem in Lanark County woods as it has elsewhere in southern Ontario.

* <i>Alyssum alyssoides</i> (L.) L. ....	Yellow Alyssum ..... Uncommon (14), open ground
* <i>Arabidopsis thaliana</i> (L.) Heynh. ....	Mouse-ear Cress ..... Rare, disturbed ground: Herrons Mills; Middleville
<i>Arabis divaricarpa</i> Nels. ....	Divaricate Arabis ..... Uncommon (15), open rocky sites
<i>Arabis glabra</i> (L.) Bernh. ....	Tower Mustard ..... Common
<i>Arabis hirsuta</i> (L.) Scop. ssp. <i>pycnocarpa</i> (Hopk.) Hult. ( <i>A. pycnocarpa</i> Hopk.)	Hairy Rock Cress ..... Rare, open calcareous soil: Burnt Lands (2); Farren L.; Murphys Pt. Pk.; Panmure
<i>Arabis holboellii</i> Hornem. ....	Rock Cress ..... Rare, dry meadows: Christie L.; Farren L.

**Note:** *Armoracia aquatica* is now called *Neobeckia aquatica*.

* <i>Armoracia rusticana</i> Gaertn., Meyer & Scherb.	Horseradish ..... Rare garden escape: Almonte; Perth; Poland; Smiths Falls
* <i>Barbarea vulgaris</i> R. Br. ....	Winter Cress ..... Common
* <i>Berteroa incana</i> (L.) DC. ....	Hoary-alyssum ..... Common
* <i>Brassica juncea</i> (L.) Czern. ....	Indian Mustard ..... Rare, rail lines: Little Silver L.; Pakenham; [Smiths Falls-1943]
* <i>Brassica napus</i> L. ....	Rutabaga ..... Rare, rail lines: Carleton Place; Perth
* <i>Brassica rapa</i> L. ....	Field Mustard ..... Rare, rail lines: Merrickville; Perth (2); Smiths Falls
* <i>Camelina microcarpa</i> Andrz. ex DC. ....	False Flax ..... Rare, rail lines: Perth (2); Smiths Falls
* <i>Capsella bursa-pastoris</i> (L.) Medic. ....	Shepherd's-purse ..... Common
<i>Cardamine bulbosa</i> (Schreb. ex Muhl.) B.S.P. ( <i>C. rhomboidea</i> (Pers.) DC.)	Bulbous Cress ..... Rare, deciduous swamps: Harper
<i>Cardamine concatenata</i> (Michx.) Schwein. ( <i>Dentaria laciniata</i> Muhl.)	Cut-leaved Toothwort ..... Rare, open woods: Elphin; Mill of Kintail; Sheridans Rapids; Watson Cors.

<i>Cardamine diphylla</i> (Michx.) Wood	Toothwort	Common
( <i>Dentaria diphylla</i> Michx.)		
* <i>Cardamine flexuosa</i> With.	Bitter-cress	Rare, gardens and nurseries: Glen Tay; Perth; Watson Cors.
<i>Cardamine parviflora</i> L.	Small-flowered Bitter-cress	Sparse, open dry woods: Big Rideau L. (2); Brightside; Christie L.; Clyde Forks; Joes L.; Lavant Long L.; Murphys Pt. Pk.; Pakenham Mtn.
<i>Cardamine pensylvanica</i> Muhl. ex Willd.	Pennsylvania Bitter-cress	Uncommon, wet woods and marshes
<i>Cardamine pratensis</i> L.	Cuckoo-flower	Sparse, open wetlands: Bolingbroke; Clayton L.; Innisville; Napier L.; Pinery Rd.; Purdon Cons. Area; Smiths Falls; Stump L.; White L.
* <i>Conringia orientalis</i> (L.) Dum.	Hare's-ear Mustard	Rare, disturbed ground: [Carleton Place-1943]
* <i>Descurainia pinnata</i> (Walt.) Britt.	Green Tansy-mustard	Rare, rail lines and disturbed ground: Smiths Falls; Watson Cors.; White L.
ssp. <i>brachycarpa</i> (Richards.) Detl.		
* <i>Descurainia sophia</i> (L.) Webb ex Prantl	Tansy-mustard	Rare, mainly rail lines: Glen Tay; Perth (2); Pinery Rd.; [Appleton-1949]
* <i>Diplotaxis tenuifolia</i> (L.) DC.	Wall Rocket	Rare, rail lines: Numogate
* <i>Draba verna</i> L.	Whitlow-grass	Rare, mainly campgrounds: Murphys Pt. Pk. (2); Silver L. Pk.; Smiths Falls
( <i>Erophila verna</i> (L.) Chevall.)		
* <i>Erucastrum gallicum</i> (Willd.) Schultz	Dog Mustard	Sparse, roadsides: Bennett L.; Carleton Place; Franktown; Glen Tay; Perth (2); S. Montague Swamp; Watson Cors. (2)
* <i>Erysimum cheiranthoides</i> L.	Wormseed Mustard	Common
* <i>Erysimum hieraciifolium</i> L.	Tall Wormseed Mustard	Common
* <i>Hesperis matronalis</i> L.	Dame's Rocket	Uncommon garden escape
* <i>Iberis umbellata</i> L.	Globe Candytuft	Rare garden escape: Watson Cors.; Wolf Grove
* <i>Lepidium campestre</i> (L.) R. Br.	Field Cress	Uncommon, disturbed ground
* <i>Lepidium densiflorum</i> Schrad.	Peppergrass	Common
* <i>Lepidium virginicum</i> L.	Poor-man's Pepper	Rare, disturbed ground: Burnt Lands; Napier L.; Watson Cors.; [Sheridans Rapids-1969]
#S3? <i>Neobeckia aquatica</i> (Eat.) Greene	Lake Cress	Rare, shallow water: Bennett L.; [Murphys Pt. Pk.-1974]; [Stump L.- 1969]
( <i>Armoracia aquatica</i> (Eat.) Wieg.; <i>A. lacustris</i> (Gray) Al-Sh. & Bates; <i>Rorippa aquatica</i> (Eat.) Palm. & Stey.)		
* <i>Neslia paniculata</i> (L.) Desv.	Ball Mustard	Rare, disturbed ground: [Carleton Place-1943]
* <i>Rorippa nasturtium-aquaticum</i> (L.) Hayek	Watercress	Rare, shallow water: Clayton; Smiths Falls
( <i>Nasturtium officinale</i> R. Br.)		
<i>Rorippa palustris</i> (L.) Bess. ssp. <i>fernaldiana</i>	Yellow Cress	Rare, moist to wet ground: Lavant Long L. (2); Perth; Tatlock; [Almonte- 1939]; [Carleton Place-1941]; [Smiths Falls-1949]
(Butt. & Abbe) Jonsell ( <i>R. islandica</i> Oeder) Borbás var. <i>fernaldiana</i>		
Butt. & Abbe)		
<i>Rorippa palustris</i> (L.) Bess. ssp. <i>hispida</i>	Hairy Yellow Cress	Uncommon, moist to wet ground
(Desv.) Jonsell ( <i>R. islandica</i> (Oeder) Borbás var. <i>hispida</i> Desv.)		

- \* *Rorippa sylvestris* (L.) Bess. .... Creeping Yellow Cress .... Sparse, mainly shorelines: Almonte; Beveridge Locks; Blakeney; Carleton Place; Murphys Pt. Pk.; Pakenham; Perth; Rideau Ferry; Watson Cors.
- \* *Sinapis alba* L. .... White Mustard .... Rare, rail lines: Almonte; Pakenham
- \* *Sinapis arvensis* L. .... Charlock .... Common  
*(Brassica kaber* (DC.) Wheeler)
- \* *Sisymbrium altissimum* L. .... Tumble Mustard .... Sparse, disturbed ground: Beveridge Locks; Big Rideau L.; Carleton Place; McDonalds Cors.; Murphys Pt. Pk.; Napier L.; Smiths Falls
- \* *Sisymbrium loeselii* L. .... Tall Hedge Mustard .... Rare, rail lines: Almonte; Carleton Place
- \* *Sisymbrium officinale* (L.) Scop. .... Hedge Mustard .... Rare, disturbed ground: Perth; Watson Cors.; [Pakenham Tp.-1939]
- \* *Thlaspi arvense* L. .... Field Penny-cress .... Uncommon, disturbed ground

#### SARRACENIACEAE

#### PITCHER-PLANT FAMILY

- Sarracenia purpurea* L. .... Pitcher-plant .... Uncommon (18), bogs, fens, and poor fens

#### DROSERACEAE

#### SUNDEW FAMILY

- Drosera intermedia* Hayne .... Spatulate-leaved Sundew .... Rare, poor fens: Bottle L.; Dixon L.; Indian Ck.; Lavant Sta.; Robertson L.
- Drosera rotundifolia* L. .... Round-leaved Sundew .... Uncommon, poor fens and boggy shorelines

#### CRASSULACEAE

#### ORPINE FAMILY

- \* *Hylotelephium telephium* (L.) H. Ohba .... Orpine .... Rare garden escape: Blakeney; Murphys Pt. Pk.; Silver L. Pk.; Watson Cors.; [Brightside-1971]
- (*Sedum telephium* L.)
- \* *Sedum acre* L. .... Mossy Stonecrop .... Uncommon garden escape
- \* *Sedum hispanicum* L. .... Spanish Stonecrop .... Rare garden escape: Burnt Lands; Lanark; Watson Cors.
- \* *Sedum sarmentosum* Bunge. .... Stonecrop .... Rare garden escape: Smiths Falls

**Note:** Other garden *Sedum* will occasionally spread to shorelines, areas of bare rock, and disturbed ground. Due to the large number of species, varieties, hybrids, and garden cultivars involved, identifying these escapes is often impossible.

#### PENTHORACEAE

#### DITCH STONECROP FAMILY

- Penthorum sedoides* L. .... Ditch-stonecrop .... Uncommon (14), open wet woods

#### SAXIFRAGACEAE

#### SAXIFRAGE FAMILY

- Chrysosplenium americanum* Schwein. .... Golden-saxifrage .... Sparse, wet woods: Clayton; Otty L.; Purdon Cons. Area; Stump L.; Watson Cors. (3)
- Micranthes virginiana* (Michx.) Sm. .... Early Saxifrage .... Uncommon, open rocky slopes  
(*Saxifraga virginiana* Michx.)
- Mitella diphylla* L. .... Mitrewort .... Common
- Mitella nuda* L. .... Naked Mitrewort .... Uncommon, wet mixed woods

<i>Parnassia glauca</i> Raf.	Grass-of-parnassus	Rare, calcareous shorelines: Clydesville; Herrons Mills; Playfairville; Sheridans Rapids; [Ferguson Falls-1952]
------------------------------	--------------------	--

Note: *Saxifraga virginiensis* now called *Micranthes virginensis*

<i>Tiarella cordifolia</i> L.	Foamflower	Common
-------------------------------	------------	--------

<u>HYDRANGEACEAE</u>		<u>HYDRANGEA FAMILY</u>
* <i>Philadelphus coronarius</i> L.	Mock-orange	Rare garden escape: Carleton Place (2)

<u>GROSSULARIACEAE</u>		<u>GOOSEBERRY FAMILY</u>
* <i>Ribes aureum</i> Pursh var. <i>villosum</i> DC.	Golden Currant	Rare garden escape: Perth ( <i>R. odoratum</i> Wendl. f.)
<i>Ribes americanum</i> Mill.	Wild Black Currant	Common
<i>Ribes cynosbati</i> L.	Wild Gooseberry	Common
<i>Ribes glandulosum</i> Grauer	Skunk Currant	Uncommon, wet mixed woods
<i>Ribes hirtellum</i> Michx.	Wild Gooseberry	Common
<i>Ribes hudsonianum</i> Richards.	Northern Wild Black Currant	Rare, wet woods: Peterwhite L.
<i>Ribes lacustre</i> (Pers.) Poir.	Swamp Currant	Uncommon, moist woods
* <i>Ribes rubrum</i> L.	Red Currant	Rare garden escape: Almonte
<i>Ribes triste</i> Pall.	American Red Currant	Uncommon, wet woods

<u>ROSACEAE</u>		<u>ROSE FAMILY</u>
<i>Agrimonia gryposepala</i> Wallr.	Hooked Agrimony	Common
<i>Amelanchier alnifolia</i> (Nutt.) Nutt. ex R. Roem. ( <i>A. humilis</i> Wieg.)	Juneberry	Sparse, open rocky meadows: Bobs L.; Burnt Lands; California; Clay Bank; Lavant Sta.; Long L.; Lowney L.; [Pakenham Mtn.-1977]
<i>Amelanchier arborea</i> (Michx. f.) Fern.	Juneberry	Rare, open woods: Andrewsville; Murphys Pt. Pk.; Napier L.; Purdon Cons. Area; [Boyds-1968]; [Christie L.-1966]
<i>Amelanchier laevis</i> Wieg.	Smooth Serviceberry	Common
<i>Amelanchier sanguinea</i> (Pursh) DC.	Roundleaf Serviceberry	Uncommon, open rocky slopes
<i>Amelanchier spicata</i> (Lam.) K. Koch ( <i>s.l.</i> ) (incl. <i>A. stolonifera</i> Wieg.)	Shadbush	Rare, dry meadows: Burnt Lands; Christie L.; Otty L.
<i>Aronia melanocarpa</i> (Michx.) Ell. ( <i>A. prunifolia</i> (Marsh.) Rehder;	Black Chokeberry	Uncommon, bogs and rocky slopes
<i>Photinia melanocarpa</i> (Michx.) Roberts. & Phipps)		
<i>Crataegus chrysocarpa</i> Ashe	Golden-fruited Hawthorn	Uncommon, open woods and meadows
<i>Crataegus flabellata</i> (Bosc ex Spach) K. Koch	Hawthorn	Rare, old fields: Ramsay Tp.
<i>Crataegus macracantha</i> Lodd.	Downy Hawthorn	Rare, old fields: Burnt Lands
<i>Crataegus punctata</i> Jacq.	Punctate Hawthorn	Uncommon, open woods and meadows
<i>Crataegus submollis</i> Sarg.	Velvety Hawthorn	Rare, old fields: Glen Tay; [Carleton Place-1922]; [Port Elmsley-1977]; [Ramsay-1862]
<i>Crataegus succulenta</i> Schrad. ex Link	Succulent Hawthorn	Rare, old fields: Carleton Place
<i>Dalibarda repens</i> L.	Dewdrop	Rare, wet woods: Blueberry Marsh (Gartner-Lee Assoc. Ltd., 1984)
<i>Fragaria vesca</i> L.	Wood Strawberry	Uncommon, open rocky slopes
<i>Fragaria virginiana</i> Mill.	Wild Strawberry	Common

<i>Geum aleppicum</i> Jacq.	Yellow Avens	Common
<i>Geum canadense</i> Jacq.	White Avens	Common
<i>Geum laciniatum</i> Murr.	Slashed Avens	Rare, rich woods: Carleton Place
<i>Geum rivale</i> L.	Purple Avens	Sparse, open wetlands and conifer swamps: Clyde Forks (2); Joes L.; Lavant Long L.; Napier L.; Watson Cors.
* <i>Malus pumila</i> Mill. ( <i>M. sylvestris</i> auct.; <i>Pyrus malus</i> auct.)	Wild Apple	Common
* <i>Physocarpus opulifolius</i> (L.) Maxim.	Ninebark	Rare, wet thickets and shorelines: Smiths Falls. A native shrub elsewhere in Ontario but the Smiths Falls population is a garden escape.
<i>Potentilla anserina</i> L. ( <i>Argentina anserina</i> (L.) Rydb.)	Silverweed	Rare, mainly shorelines: California; Clydesville; Herrons Mills; Hopetown; Napier L.; [Carleton Place-1941]; [Watson Cors.-prob. extirpated]
* <i>Potentilla argentea</i> L.	Silvery Cinquefoil	Common
<i>Potentilla arguta</i> Pursh ( <i>Drymocallis agrimonoides</i> (Pursh) Rydb.)	Tall Cinquefoil	Rare, dry open sites: Big Rideau L. (2); MacKay L.; Pinery Rd.; Purdon Cons. Area; [Clayton-1943]; [Merrickville-1947]; [Pakenham Mtn.-1975]; [Prospect-1977]
<i>Potentilla fruticosa</i> L. ( <i>Dasiphora floribunda</i> (Pursh) Kartesz)	Shrubby Cinquefoil	Uncommon (16), fens and calcareous shores
* <i>Potentilla neumanniana</i> Asch. ( <i>P. tabernaemontani</i> Asch.; <i>P. verna</i> L.)	Spring Cinquefoil	Rare lawn weed: Watson Cors.
* <i>Potentilla norwegica</i> L.	Rough Cinquefoil	Common
<i>Potentilla palustris</i> (L.) Scop. ( <i>Comarum palustre</i> L.)	Marsh Cinquefoil	Uncommon, open wetlands
* <i>Potentilla recta</i> L.	Rough-fruited Cinquefoil	Common
<i>Potentilla simplex</i> Michx.	Common Cinquefoil	Uncommon, dry meadows
* <i>Potentilla ×inclinata</i> Vill. ( <i>P. intermedia</i> auct.; <i>P. argentea</i> × <i>P. recta</i> )	Downy Cinquefoil	Sparse, roadsides and rail lines: Almonte; Carleton Place; Maberly (2); Pakenham; Sheridans Rapids; Smiths Falls; [Stump L.-1969]
<i>Prunus nigra</i> Ait.	Canada Plum	Common
<i>Prunus pensylvanica</i> L. f.	Pin Cherry	Common
<i>Prunus pumila</i> L. var. <i>susquehanae</i> (Willd.) Jaeger ( <i>P. cuneata</i> Raf.)	Sand Cherry	Rare, rocky meadows: California; Pakenham Mtn.
<i>Prunus serotina</i> Ehrh.	Black Cherry	Common
<i>Prunus virginiana</i> L.	Choke Cherry	Common
<i>Rosa acicularis</i> Lindl.	Bristly Rose	Uncommon, roadsides and meadows
<i>Rosa blanda</i> Ait.	Wild Rose	Uncommon, roadsides and meadows
* <i>Rosa cinnamomea</i> L. ( <i>R. majalis</i> Herrm.)	Cinnamon Rose	Rare garden escape: Almonte; Christie L.
* <i>Rosa eglanteria</i> L. ( <i>R. rubiginosa</i> L.)	Sweet-briar	Rare escape from cultivation: Innisville; Middleville; Sheridans Rapids; Watson Cors.; Woods L.; [Almonte-1890]; [Stump L.-1969]
<i>Rosa palustris</i> Marsh.	Swamp Rose	Uncommon (14), mainly shorelines

**Note:** Other garden Roses will occasionally spread to roadsides, fields, and disturbed ground. Due to the large number of varieties, hybrids, and garden cultivars involved, identifying these escapes is sometimes impossible.

<i>Rubus allegheniensis</i> Porter	Blackberry	Common
<i>Rubus hispida</i> L.	Dewberry	Sparse, open wetlands and rocky shorelines: Bottle L.; Cranberry L.; Dalhousie L.; Lavant Long L.; Lavant Sta.; McGowan L.; O'Brien L.; Robertson L.
<i>Rubus idaeus</i> L. ssp. <i>strigosus</i>	Red Raspberry	Common (Michx.) Focke ( <i>R. strigosus</i> Michx.)
<i>Rubus occidentalis</i> L.	Black Raspberry	Common
<i>Rubus odoratus</i> L.	Purple Flowering Raspberry	Uncommon, open woods
<i>Rubus pubescens</i> Raf.	Dwarf Raspberry	Common
* <i>Sorbaria sorbifolia</i> (L.) A. Br.	False Spiraea	Sparse garden escape: Blakeney; Boyds; Cedar Hill; Herrons Mills; Lanark; Perth; Playfairville; Watson Cors.
<i>Sorbus americana</i> Marsh.	American Mountain-ash	Rare, wet woods: Andrewsville; Darling Long L.; Wolf Grove; [Long Swamp-1966]; [Otty L.-1966]
* <i>Sorbus aucuparia</i> L.	European Mountain-ash	Sparse escape from cultivation: Almonte; Carleton Place; Lanark; Perth (2); Smiths Falls
<i>Spiraea alba</i> Du Roi	Meadowsweet	Common
<i>Spiraea tomentosa</i> L.	Steeplebush	Common
<i>Waldsteinia fragarioides</i> (Michx.) Tratt.	Barren-strawberry	Common

FABACEAE (LEGUMINOSAE)	BEAN FAMILY	
<i>Amphicarpaea bracteata</i> (L.) Fern.	Hog-peanut	Common
<i>Apios americana</i> Medic.	Groundnut	Uncommon (15), mainly shorelines
<i>Astragalus canadensis</i> L.	Canadian Milk-vetch	Uncommon (13), open rocky woods
* <i>Astragalus cicer</i> L.	Cicer Milk-vetch	Rare, open woods: Bobs L.
#S3 <i>Astragalus neglectus</i> (T. & G.) Sheldon	Cooper's Milk-vetch	Rare, open woods on limestone: Almonte; Burnt Lands; Clay Bank; Panmure
* <i>Caragana arborescens</i> Lam.	Siberian Pea Tree	Rare escape from cultivation: Boundary L.
* <i>Caragana frutex</i> (L.) K. Koch	Russian Pea Shrub	Rare garden escape: Herrons Mills
* <i>Coronilla varia</i> L.	Crown-vetch	Sparse escape from cultivation: Almonte; Clydesville; Darling Long L.; Burnt Lands; Perth; Playfairville
<i>Desmodium canadense</i> (L.) DC.	Showy Tick-trefoil	Uncommon (16), mainly shorelines
<i>Desmodium glutinosum</i> (Muhl. ex Willd.) ... Wood	Glutinous Tick-trefoil	Uncommon, open woods
<i>Desmodium nudiflorum</i> (L.) DC.	Naked-flowered Tick-trefoil	Rare, open woods: [Murphys Pt. Pk.-1974] (Lindsay, 1974)
<i>Desmodium paniculatum</i> (L.) DC.	Panicled Tick-trefoil	Rare, open woods: Bolingbroke; Christie L.
* <i>Lathyrus latifolius</i> L.	Everlasting Pea	Sparse garden escape: Blakeney; Brightside; Christie L.; Elphin (2); Lowney L.; Stump L.; Watson Cors.
<i>Lathyrus palustris</i> L.	Marsh Wild Pea	Uncommon (15), mainly shorelines
* <i>Lathyrus pratensis</i> L.	Yellow Vetchling	Rare, roadsides: Merrickville
* <i>Lathyrus sylvestris</i> L.	Everlasting Pea	Rare garden escape: Perth

- \* *Lathyrus tuberosus* L. .... Tuberous Pea ..... Rare garden escape: Clayton
- Lespedeza capitata* Michx. .... Round-headed Bush-clover .. Rare, dry rocky meadows: O'Brien L.
- \* *Lotus corniculatus* L. .... Bird's-foot Trefoil ..... Common
- \* *Lupinus polyphyllus* Lindl. .... Large-leaved Lupine ..... Rare garden escape: Christie L.; Middleville; Robertson L.; Sheridans Rapids
- \* *Medicago lupulina* L. .... Black Medic ..... Common
- \* *Medicago sativa* L. .... Alfalfa ..... Common
- \* *Melilotus alba* Desr. .... White Sweet-clover ..... Common
- \* *Melilotus officinalis* (L.) Pall. .... Yellow Sweet-clover ..... Common
- \* *Robinia pseudo-acacia* L. .... Black Locust ..... Uncommon escape from cultivation
- \* *Trifolium aureum* Poll. .... Hop Clover ..... Common  
(*T. agrarium* L.)
- \* *Trifolium campestre* Schreb. .... Low Hop Clover ..... Uncommon, meadows and disturbed ground  
(*T. procumbens* L.)
- \* *Trifolium hybridum* L. .... Alsike Clover ..... Common  
ssp. *elegans* (Savi) Asch. & Graebn.
- \* *Trifolium pratense* L. .... Red Clover ..... Common
- \* *Trifolium repens* L. .... White Clover ..... Common
- \* *Vicia cracca* L. .... Vetch ..... Common
- \* *Vicia hirsuta* (L.) Gray .... Hairy Vetch ..... Rare, rail lines: Almonte; Perth
- \* *Vicia sativa* L. .... Common Vetch ..... Rare, disturbed ground: Fallbrook;  
(*V. angustifolia* L.) Napier L.; [Sheridans Rapids-1969]
- \* *Vicia tetrasperma* (L.) Schreb. .... Four-seeded Vetch ..... Sparse, dry rocky meadows: Almonte;  
Christie L. (2); Clyde L.; McGowan L.; Murphys Pt. Pk. (2)

#### LINACEAE

#### FLAX FAMILY

- \* *Linum usitatissimum* L. .... Common Flax ..... Rare, roadsides and rail lines:  
Almonte; Glen Tay; Perth; Watson Cors.

#### OXALIDACEAE

#### WOOD-SORREL FAMILY

- Oxalis acetosella* L. .... Wood-sorrel ..... Uncommon (15), rich woods  
(*O. montana* Raf.)
- \* *Oxalis stricta* L. .... Yellow Wood-sorrel ..... Common  
(*O. dillenii* Jacq.; *O. fontana* Bunge;  
*O. europaea* Jord.)

#### GERANIACEAE

#### GERANIUM FAMILY

- \* *Erodium cicutarium* (L.) L'Hér. .... Stork's-bill ..... Rare lawn weed: Smiths Falls
- Geranium bicknellii* Britt. .... Bicknell's Crane's-bill ..... Uncommon, open rocky slopes
- \* *Geranium robertianum* L. .... Herb Robert ..... Common

#### RUTACEAE

#### RUE FAMILY

- Zanthoxylum americanum* Mill. .... Prickly-ash ..... Uncommon, shrubby fields and open woods

#### POLYGALACEAE

#### MILKWORT FAMILY

- Polygala paucifolia* Willd. .... Gaywings ..... Uncommon, mixed woods
- Polygala polygama* Walter .... Pink Polygala ..... Rare, dry rocky meadows: O'Brien L.
- #S3 *Polygala sanguinea* L. .... Purple Milkwort ..... Rare but probably extirpated, dry fields: Watson Cors.

*Polygala senega* L. .... Seneca Snakeroot ..... Rare, dry limestone: Burnt Lands (2);  
Clay Bank (2); Panmure

*Polygala verticillata* L. .... Whorled Milkwort ..... Rare, dry meadows: Innisville;  
[Brooke-1947]

EUPHORBIACEAE

SPURGE FAMILY

- (\*) *Acalypha virginica* L. .... Three-seeded Mercury ..... Uncommon, disturbed ground  
*(A. rhomboidea* Raf.)
- (\*) *Chamaesyce glyptosperma* (Engelm.) Small . Ridge-seeded Spurge ..... Rare, rail lines and disturbed  
*(Euphorbia glyptosperma* Engelm.) ground: Little Silver L.; [Almonte-  
1976]; Pakenham-1976]
- \* *Chamaesyce maculata* (L.) Small ..... Wartweed ..... Common  
*(Euphorbia maculata* L.; *E. supina* Raf.)
- \* *Chamaesyce nutans* (Lag.) Small ..... Eyebane ..... Rare, rail lines: Christie L.; Smiths  
*(Euphorbia nutans* Lag.) Falls (2)
- \* *Chamaesyce serpyllifolia* (Pers.) Small ..... Thyme-leaved Spurge ..... Rare, disturbed ground: Pinery  
*(Euphorbia serpyllifolia* Pers.) Rd.; [Carleton Place-1922]
- Chamaesyce vermiculata* (Raf.) House ..... Vermiculate Spurge ..... Rare, disturbed ground: [Carleton  
*(Euphorbia vermiculata* Raf.) Place-1922]
- \* *Euphorbia cyparissias* L. ..... Cypress Spurge ..... Common
- \* *Euphorbia esula* L. ..... Leafy Spurge ..... Rare, roadsides and disturbed ground:  
Franktown; [Appleton-1949]
- \* *Euphorbia peplus* L. ..... Petty Spurge ..... Rare, disturbed ground: [Carleton  
Place-1943]

CALLITRICHACEAE

WATER-STARWORT FAMILY

- Callitricha hermaphrodita* L. .... Water-starwort ..... Rare, quiet water: Bobs L.; Christie  
L.; Elphin; [Beveridge Locks-1951]
- Callitricha verna* L. .... Common Water-starwort .... Sparse, shallow quiet water: Elphin;  
*(C. palustris* L.) Ferguson Falls; Lavant Long L.;  
Pakenham; Port Elmsley; Stump L.;  
Watson Cors.

LIMNANTHACEAE

FALSE MERMAID FAMILY

- Floerkea proserpinacoides* Willd. .... False Mermaid ..... Rare, open wet woods: Almonte

ANACARDIACEAE

CASHEW FAMILY

- \* *Cotinus coggygria* Scop. .... Smoke-tree ..... Rare garden escape: Almonte
- Rhus aromatica* Ait. .... Fragrant Sumac ..... Sparse, dry meadows: Big Rideau L.;  
Bobs L.; Bolingbroke (2); Christie  
L.; Farren L.; Indian Ck.;  
McGowan L.
- Rhus typhina* L. .... Staghorn Sumac ..... Common  
*(R. hirta* (L.) Sudw.)
- Toxicodendron radicans* (L.) Kuntze .... Climbing Poison Ivy ..... Rare, rocky slopes: Carleton Place;  
ssp. *negundo* (Greene) Gillis Playfairville  
*(Rhus radicans* L. ssp. *negundo*  
(Greene) McNeill)
- Toxicodendron rydbergii* (Small ex Rydb.) .... Poison Ivy ..... Common  
Greene (*Rhus radicans* L. ssp. *rydbergii*  
(Small ex Rydb.) McNeill)
- Toxicodendron vernix* (L.) Kuntze .... Poison Sumac ..... Rare, open wetlands: Wolf Grove  
*(Rhus vernix* L.)

<u>AQUIFOLIACEAE</u>	<u>HOLLY FAMILY</u>
<i>Ilex verticillata</i> (L.) Gray . . . . .	Winterberry . . . . . Common
<i>Nemopanthus mucronatus</i> (L.) Loes. . . . .	Mountain-holly . . . . . Sparse, open wetlands: Blueberry Marsh; Bottle L.; Dixon L.; Goodwood Marsh; Indian Ck.; Lavant Sta.; Numogate; Park L.; Wolf Grove; [Ramsay-1862]
<u>CELASTRACEAE</u>	<u>STAFF-TREE FAMILY</u>
<i>Celastrus scandens</i> L. . . . .	Bittersweet . . . . . Common
<u>ACERACEAE</u>	<u>MAPLE FAMILY</u>
* <i>Acer negundo</i> L. . . . .	Manitoba Maple . . . . . Common
<i>Acer pensylvanicum</i> L. . . . .	Striped Maple . . . . . Uncommon, moist woods
* <i>Acer platanoides</i> L. . . . .	Norway Maple . . . . . Rare but spreading in urban areas: Almonte; Carleton Place; Perth; Smiths Falls
<i>Acer rubrum</i> L. . . . .	Red Maple . . . . . Common
<i>Acer saccharinum</i> L. . . . .	Silver Maple . . . . . Common
<i>Acer saccharum</i> Marsh. ssp. <i>nigrum</i> . . . . . (Michx. f.) Desm. ( <i>A. nigrum</i> Michx. f.)	Black Maple . . . . . Sparse, rich deciduous woods: Almonte; Andrewsville; Carleton Place; Lake Madawaska; Mill of Kintail; Murphys Pt. Pk.; Pakenham; [Brightside-1971]
<i>Acer saccharum</i> Marsh. ssp. <i>saccharum</i> . . . . .	Sugar Maple . . . . . Common
<i>Acer spicatum</i> Lam. . . . .	Mountain Maple . . . . . Common
<i>Acer ×freemanii</i> Murr. . . . . ( <i>A. rubrum</i> × <i>A. saccharinum</i> )	Hybrid Soft Maple . . . . . Uncommon, deciduous swamps
<u>BALSAMINACEAE</u>	<u>TOUCH-ME-NOT FAMILY</u>
<i>Impatiens capensis</i> Meerb. . . . .	Touch-me-not . . . . . Common
* <i>Impatiens glandulifera</i> Royle . . . . .	Indian Balsam . . . . . Rare garden escape: Hopetown; Pakenham
<u>RHAMNACEAE</u>	<u>BUCKTHORN FAMILY</u>
<i>Ceanothus americanus</i> L. . . . .	New Jersey Tea . . . . . Sparse, dry rocky meadows: Adams L.; Bennett L.; Big Rideau L.; Christie L.; Flower Sta.; Lowney L.; Maberly; [Murphys Pt. Pk.-1974]
<i>Ceanothus herbaceus</i> Raf. . . . . ( <i>C. ovatus</i> auct. non Desf.)	Narrow-leaved New Jersey Tea . . . . . Rare, alvars: Burnt Lands
<i>Rhamnus alnifolia</i> L'Hér. . . . .	Alder-leaved Buckthorn . . . . . Uncommon, open wetlands
* <i>Rhamnus cathartica</i> L. . . . .	Common Buckthorn . . . . . Common
* <i>Rhamnus frangula</i> L. . . . . ( <i>Frangula alnus</i> P. Mill.)	Black Buckthorn . . . . . Not known in the western part of Lanark County but uncommon and rapidly increasing in eastern Lanark.
<b>Note:</b> Black Buckthorn is an aggressive alien shrub that will surely become invasive in Lanark woods and wetlands as it has elsewhere in southern Ontario (Catling & Porebski, 1994).	
<u>VITACEAE</u>	<u>GRAPE FAMILY</u>
<i>Parthenocissus vitacea</i> (Knerr) Hitchc. . . . .	Virginia Creeper . . . . . Common
( <i>P. inserta</i> (Kerner) Fritsch)	
<i>Vitis riparia</i> Michx. . . . .	Wild Grape . . . . . Common

<u>TILIACEAE</u>	<u>LINDEN FAMILY</u>	
<i>Tilia americana</i> L.	Basswood	Common
<u>MALVACEAE</u>		<u>MALLOW FAMILY</u>
* <i>Abutilon theophrasti</i> Medic.	Velvet-leaf	Rare, disturbed ground: Appleton; Watson Cors.
* <i>Alcea rosea</i> L.	Hollyhock	Rare garden escape: Almonte; Carleton Place; Fallbrook; White L.;
* <i>Hibiscus trionum</i> L.	Flower-of-an-hour	Rare garden escape: [Ramsay-1862]
* <i>Malva moschata</i> L.	Musk Mallow	Sparse garden escape: Beveridge Locks; Clayton; Pakenham; Poland; Tatlock; Woods L.
* <i>Malva neglecta</i> Wallr.	Common Mallow	Common
* <i>Malva sylvestris</i> L.	High Mallow	Rare, disturbed ground: [Murphys Pt. Pk.-1974] (Lindsay, 1974)
<u>CLUSIACEAE (GUTTIFERAE)</u>		<u>ST. JOHN'S-WORT FAMILY</u>
<i>Hypericum boreale</i> (Britt.) Bickn. ( <i>H. mutilum</i> L. ssp. <i>boreale</i> (Britt.) Gillett)	Dwarf St. John's-wort	Sparse, poor fens and boggy shorelines: Dalhousie L.; Dixon L.; Joes L.; Lavant Long L.; Murphys Pt. Pk.; Napier L.
<i>Hypericum ellipticum</i> Hook.	Pale St. John's-wort	Rare, mainly shorelines: Dixon L.; Lavant Long L.; Stump L.
<i>Hypericum majus</i> (Gray) Britt.	Large St. John's-wort	Uncommon (13), mainly shorelines
* <i>Hypericum perforatum</i> L.	Common St. John's-wort	Common
<i>Hypericum punctatum</i> Lam.	Spotted St. John's-wort	Rare, open woods: California
<i>Triadenum fraseri</i> (Spach) Gleason ( <i>T. virginicum</i> (L.) Raf. ssp. <i>fraseri</i> (Spach) Gillett)	Marsh St. John's-wort	Common
<i>Triadenum virginicum</i> (L.) Raf.	Virginia St. John's-wort	Rare, poor fens: Dixon L.; Cranberry L.; Woods L.
<u>CISTACEAE</u>		<u>ROCKROSE FAMILY</u>
<i>Lechea intermedia</i> Legg.	Pinweed	Uncommon (16), dry rocky meadows
<u>VIOLACEAE</u>		<u>VIOLET FAMILY</u>
<i>Viola adunca</i> Sm.	Hooked Violet	Rare, rocky meadows: Burnt Lands (2); Clay Bank; Lavant Long L.; Panmure; [Clayton-1973]; [Peterwhite L.-1972]
* <i>Viola arvensis</i> Murr.	Field Pansy	Rare, disturbed ground: [Murphys Pt. Pk.-1974] (Lindsay, 1974)
<i>Viola blanda</i> Willd.	Sweet White Violet	Uncommon, moist mixed woods
<i>Viola canadensis</i> L.	Canada Violet	Uncommon, rich deciduous woods
<i>Viola cucullata</i> Ait.	Marsh Blue Violet	Uncommon, open wetlands
<i>Viola labradorica</i> Schrank ( <i>V. conspersa</i> Reich.)	Dog Violet	Common
<i>Viola lanceolata</i> L.	Lance-leaved Violet	Rare, lakeshores: Dixon L.
<i>Viola macloskeyi</i> Lloyd ssp. <i>pallens</i> (Banks ex DC.) M.S. Baker ( <i>V. pallens</i> (Banks ex DC.) Brainerd)	Northern White Violet	Uncommon, wet woods
<i>Viola nephrophylla</i> Greene	Northern Bog Violet	Rare, wet woods: Burnt Lands; Pakenham Mtn.; Purdon Cons. Area; Sheridans Rapids

<i>Viola pubescens</i> Ait.	Downy Yellow Violet	Common
(incl. <i>V. eriocarpa</i> Schwein.)		
<i>Viola renifolia</i> Gray	Kidney-leaved Violet	Uncommon, fens and wet woods
<i>Viola rostrata</i> Pursh	Long-spurred Violet	Sparse, wet woods: Big Rideau L.; Glen Tay; Long L.; Merrickville; Murphys Pt. Pk.; Otty L.; [Carleton Place-1911]
<i>Viola sagittata</i> Ait. var. <i>ovata</i> (Nutt.) T. & G. Northern Downy Violet	Rare, dry rocky meadows: Christie ( <i>V. fimbriatula</i> Sm.)	L.; Lavant Long L.; O'Brien L.
<i>Viola selkirkii</i> Pursh	Great-spurred Violet	Rare, wet woods: [Carleton Place- 1911]
<i>Viola sororia</i> Willd.	Common Blue Violet	Common; however, a form with ( <i>V. papilionacea</i> auct. non Pursh; <i>V. septentrionalis</i> auct. non Greene)
* <i>Viola tricolor</i> L.	Johnny-jump-up	Rare garden escape: McDonalds Cors.; Perth; Smiths Falls; Watson Cors.

#### THYMELAEACEAE

#### MEZEREUM FAMILY

<i>Dirca palustris</i> L.	Leatherwood	Common
---------------------------	-------------	--------

#### ELAEAGNACEAE

#### OLEASTER FAMILY

* <i>Elaeagnus angustifolia</i> L.	Russian-olive	Rare garden escape: Carleton Place
* <i>Shepherdia argentea</i> (Pursh) Nutt.	Thorny Buffaloberry	Rare garden escape: Perth; Watson Cors.
<i>Shepherdia canadensis</i> (L.) Nutt.	Soapberry	Uncommon, calcareous shorelines and dry woods

#### LYTHRACEAE

#### LOOSESTRIFE FAMILY

<i>Decodon verticillatus</i> (L.) Ell.	Water-willow	Uncommon, shorelines and marshes
* <i>Lythrum salicaria</i> L.	Purple Loosestrife	Common

#### ONAGRACEAE

#### EVENING-PRIMROSE FAMILY

<i>Circaeaa alpina</i> L.	Alpine Enchanter's Nightshade	Uncommon, moist woods
<i>Circaeaa lutetiana</i> L. ssp. <i>canadensis</i> (L.) Asch. & Magnus ( <i>C. quadrifolium</i> (L.) Holub) (Maxim.) Franch. & Sav.)	Enchanter's Nightshade	Common
<i>Epilobium angustifolium</i> L. ( <i>Chamerion angustifolium</i> (L.) Holub)	Fireweed	Uncommon, meadows and open woods
<i>Epilobium ciliatum</i> Raf. ( <i>E. glandulosum</i> auct. non Lehm.)	Northern Willow-herb	Common
<i>Epilobium coloratum</i> Bichler	Purple-leaved Willow-herb	Rare, open wetlands: Black Ck; Bobs L.; Christie L.; Herrons Mills; [Murphys Pt. Pk.-1974]; [Stump L.- 1969]
* <i>Epilobium hirsutum</i> L.	Hairy Willow-herb	Rare, disturbed ground: Almonte; Kilmarnock Locks; Park L.; Smiths Falls; White L.
<i>Epilobium leptophyllum</i> Raf.	Narrow-leaved Willow-herb	Uncommon (18), wet meadows
<i>Epilobium palustre</i> L.	Swamp Willow-herb	Rare, fens and poor fens: Lavant Sta.; Napier L.; Numogate
* <i>Epilobium parviflorum</i> Schreb.	Small-flowered Willow-herb	Rare, moist ground: Clayton (Thomson, 2005a)

<i>Epilobium strictum</i> Muhl. ex Spreng. ....	Downy Willow-herb .....	Sparse, fens and poor fens: Beveridge Locks; Lowney L. (3); Napier L.; Park L.; Pinery Rd.; Sheridans Rapids
<i>Ludwigia palustris</i> (L.) Ell. ....	Marsh-purslane .....	Uncommon, shorelines and marshes
<i>Oenothera biennis</i> L. ....	Evening-primrose .....	Common
<i>Oenothera parviflora</i> L. ....	Small-flowered Evening-primrose .....	Sparse, roadsides and disturbed ground: Beveridge Locks; Hopetown; Joes L.; Patterson L.; Perth; Smiths Falls; [Almonte-1939]; [Goodwood Marsh-1941]; [Ramsay Tp.-1945]
<i>Oenothera perennis</i> L. ....	Sundrops .....	Uncommon, moist meadows

#### HALORAGACEAE

#### WATER-MILFOIL FAMILY

<i>Myriophyllum alterniflorum</i> DC. ....	Alternate Water-milfoil .....	Sparse, shallow water: Big Rideau L. (2); Christie L.; Farren L.; Long L.; Murphys Pt. Pk.; O'Brien L.; Otty L.; Pike L. (2); Taylor L.
<i>Myriophyllum heterophyllum</i> Michx. ....	Diverse-leaved Water-milfoil	Rare, shallow water: Fagan L.; Innisville; Kilmarnock Locks; Lanark
<i>Myriophyllum sibiricum</i> Komarov .... <i>(M. exalbescens</i> Fern.)	Whitish Water-milfoil .....	Common
* <i>Myriophyllum spicatum</i> L. ....	Eurasian Water-milfoil .....	Common
<i>Myriophyllum verticillatum</i> L. ....	Whorled Water-milfoil .....	Sparse, shallow water: Andrewsville; Beveridge Locks; Christie L.; Clayton L.; Clyde Forks (2); Clydesville; Dixon L.; MacKay L.
<i>Proserpinaca palustris</i> L. ....	Mermaid-weed .....	Sparse, mainly shallow water but easily overlooked in deeper water: Bobs L.; Burnt Lands; California; Clydesville (2); Franktown; Innisville; Joes L.; Pinery Rd.; Playfairville; Stump L.

#### HIPPURIDACEAE

#### MARE'S-TAIL FAMILY

<i>Hippuris vulgaris</i> L. ....	Mare's-tail .....	Rare, shallow water: Clayton L.; Poland; [Almonte-1862]; [Carleton Place- 1862]
----------------------------------	-------------------	---

#### ARALIACEAE

#### GINSENG FAMILY

<i>Aralia hispida</i> Vent. ....	Bristly Sarsaparilla .....	Uncommon, open rocky slopes
<i>Aralia nudicaulis</i> L. ....	Wild Sarsaparilla .....	Common
<i>Aralia racemosa</i> L. ....	Spikenard .....	Uncommon, rich woods
#S2 <i>Panax quinquefolius</i> L. ....	Ginseng .....	Sparse due to over-harvest
<i>Panax trifolius</i> L. ....	Dwarf Ginseng .....	Rare, rich woods: Glen Tay (poss. extirpated); Murphys Pt. Pk.; Watson Cors.; [Carleton Place-1903]; [Merrickville-1952]; [Ramsay-1861]

<u>APIACEAE (UMBELLIFERAE)</u>	<u>PARSLEY FAMILY</u>
* <i>Aegopodium podagraria</i> L. ....	Goutweed ..... Uncommon garden escape
* <i>Anthriscus sylvestris</i> (L.) Hoffm. ....	Wild Chervil ..... Sparse garden escape: Almonte; Franktown; Nolans Cors.; Perth (2); Smiths Falls; Wolf Grove
* <i>Carum carvi</i> L. ....	Caraway ..... Sparse, roadsides: Brooke; Fallbrook; Franktown; Joes L.; Poland; Watson Cors. (2); [Burnt Lands-1941]; [Ashton Sta.-1949]
<i>Cicuta bulbifera</i> L. ....	Bulb-bearing Water-hemlock Common
<i>Cicuta maculata</i> L. ....	Water-hemlock ..... Sparse, mainly shorelines: Andrewsville; Bennett L.; Blakeney; Farren L. (2); Lavant Long L.; Pike L. (2); Rideau Ferry; [Mill of Kintail-1979]; [Murphys Pt. Pk.-1974]
<i>Cryptotaenia canadensis</i> (L.) DC. ....	Honewort ..... Sparse, moist woods: Andrewsville; Blueberry Mtn., Clayton; Darling Long L.; Fallbrook; Innisville; Joes L.; Lavant Long L. (2); Merrickville; Sheridans Rapids; White L.; [Murphys Pt. Pk.-1974]
* <i>Daucus carota</i> L. ....	Queen Anne's-lace ..... Common
<i>Heracleum maximum</i> Bartr. ....	Cow-parsnip ..... Rare, rich woods: Pakenham ( <i>Heracleum lanatum</i> Michx.)
<i>Hydrocotyle americana</i> L. ....	Marsh-pennywort ..... Uncommon (17), meadows and open wet woods
<i>Osmorhiza claytonii</i> (Michx.) Clarke ....	Sweet Cicely ..... Common
<i>Osmorhiza longistylis</i> (Torr.) DC. ....	Anise-root ..... Rare, rich woods: [Murphys Pt. Pk.-1974] (Lindsay, 1974)
* <i>Pastinaca sativa</i> L. ....	Wild Parsnip ..... Common
<i>Sanicula marilandica</i> L. ....	Black Snakeroot ..... Common
<i>Sanicula odorata</i> (Raf.) Pryer & Phillippe ...	Clustered Snakeroot ..... Rare, rich woods: Clayton ( <i>S. gregaria</i> Bickn.)
<i>Sanicula trifoliata</i> Bickn. ....	Large-fruited Snakeroot .... Sparse, rich woods: Andrewsville; Clayton; Lavant Long L.; McDonalds Cors.; Napier L.; Peterwhite L.; Watson Cors.
<i>Sium suave</i> Walt. ....	Water-parsnip ..... Common
<i>Zizia aurea</i> (L.) Koch ....	Golden Alexanders ..... Rare, damp meadows: Folger (2)

<u>CORNACEAE</u>	<u>DOGWOOD FAMILY</u>
<i>Cornus alternifolia</i> L. f. ....	Alternate-leaved Dogwood .. Common
<i>Cornus amomum</i> Mill. ssp. <i>obliqua</i> ....	Silky Dogwood ..... Uncommon, meadows and fencerows (Raf.) Wilson ( <i>C. obliqua</i> Raf.)
<i>Cornus canadensis</i> L. ....	Bunchberry ..... Common
<i>Cornus foemina</i> Mill. ssp. <i>racemosa</i> ....	Red-panicle Dogwood .... Uncommon, meadows and fencerows (Lam.) Wilson ( <i>C. racemosa</i> Lam.)
<i>Cornus rugosa</i> Lam. ....	Round-leaved Dogwood .... Uncommon, wooded slopes
<i>Cornus stolonifera</i> Michx. ....	Red Osier ..... Common

<u>ERICACEAE</u>	<u>HEATH FAMILY</u>
<i>Andromeda polifolia</i> L. var. <i>latifolia</i> Ait. ....	Bog Rosemary ..... Uncommon (16), bogs and poor fens ( <i>A. polifolia</i> ssp. <i>glaucophylla</i> (Link) Hult.)
<i>Arctostaphylos uva-ursi</i> (L.) Spreng. ....	Bearberry ..... Uncommon, open rocky woods

<i>Chamaedaphne calyculata</i> (L.) Moench . . . . .	Leatherleaf . . . . .	Uncommon, bogs, poor fens, and boggy shorelines
( <i>Cassandra calyculata</i> (L.) D. Don)		
<i>Chimaphila umbellata</i> (L.) Bart. . . . .	Pipsissewa . . . . .	Uncommon, mixed woods
<i>Epigaea repens</i> L. . . . .	Trailing Arbutus . . . . .	Uncommon (14), mainly coniferous woods
<i>Gaultheria hispida</i> (L.) Muhl. ex Bigel. . . . .	Creeping Snowberry . . . . .	Uncommon, wet mossy woods
<i>Gaultheria procumbens</i> L. . . . .	Wintergreen . . . . .	Common
<i>Gaylussacia baccata</i> (Wang.) K. Koch . . . . .	Huckleberry . . . . .	Sparse, poor fens and rocky slopes: Bottle L.; Cranberry L.; Dixon L.; Indian Ck.; Lavant Long L.; Lavant Sta.; Long L.; Lowney L.; Murphys Pt. Pk.; Pakenham Mtn.; Pike L.
<i>Kalmia angustifolia</i> L. . . . .	Sheep Laurel . . . . .	Uncommon (14), mainly coniferous woods
<i>Kalmia polifolia</i> Wang. . . . .	Bog Laurel . . . . .	Sparse, bogs and poor fens: Blueberry Marsh; Bottle L.; Cranberry L.; Dixon L.; Ferguson Falls; Lavant Sta. (2); Numogate; Park L.; [Ramsay-1862]

Note: *Ledum groenlandicum* is now called *Rhododendron groenlandicum*

<i>Moneses uniflora</i> (L.) Gray . . . . .	One-flowered Wintergreen . . . . .	Uncommon (17), wet woods
<i>Monotropa hypopitys</i> L. . . . .	Pinesap . . . . .	Uncommon (13), mixed woods
<i>Monotropa uniflora</i> L. . . . .	Indian Pipe . . . . .	Common
<i>Orthilia secunda</i> (L.) House . . . . .	One-sided Pyrola . . . . .	Uncommon, mixed woods
( <i>Pyrola secunda</i> L.)		
#S2 <i>Pterospora andromedea</i> Nutt. . . . .	Pinedrops . . . . .	Rare, mixed woods: Lowney L.; Napier L.; [Woods L.-prob. extirpated]
<i>Pyrola americana</i> Sw. ( <i>P. rotundifolia</i> L. . . . . var. <i>americana</i> (Sw.) Fern.)	Pyrola . . . . .	Sparse, open rocky meadows: Burnt Lands; Dixon L.; Indian Ck.; Lavant Long L.; Lavant Sta.; Robertson L.
<i>Pyrola asarifolia</i> Michx. . . . .	Pink Pyrola . . . . .	Uncommon, moist mixed woods
<i>Pyrola chlorantha</i> Sw. . . . .	Greenish-flowered Pyrola . . . . .	Uncommon (17), mixed woods
( <i>P. virens</i> Schreb.)		
<i>Pyrola elliptica</i> Nutt. . . . .	Shinleaf . . . . .	Common
<i>Rhododendron groenlandicum</i> (Oeder) . . . . . Kron & Judd ( <i>Ledum groenlandicum</i> Oeder)	Labrador Tea . . . . .	Uncommon, bogs, poor fens, and boggy woods
<i>Vaccinium angustifolium</i> Ait. . . . .	Low Blueberry . . . . .	Common
<i>Vaccinium corymbosum</i> L. . . . .	High Bush Blueberry . . . . .	Rare, boggy woods: Blueberry Marsh; Murphys Pt. Pk.; O'Brien L.
<i>Vaccinium macrocarpon</i> Ait. . . . .	Large Cranberry . . . . .	Sparse, fens, poor fens, and boggy shorelines: Bottle L.; Dixon L.; Indian Ck.; Lavant Sta.; Lowney L.; Numogate; Park L.; Robertson L.; Sheridans Rapids
<i>Vaccinium myrtilloides</i> Michx. . . . .	Velvetleaf Blueberry . . . . .	Uncommon, open mixed woods
<i>Vaccinium oxycoccus</i> L. . . . .	Small Cranberry . . . . .	Uncommon, bogs and poor fens

#### PRIMULACEAE

#### PRIMROSE FAMILY

<i>Primula mistassinica</i> Michx. . . . .	Bird's-eye Primrose . . . . .	Rare, calcareous shorelines: Napier L.
--	-------------------------------	--

MYRSINACEAEMYRSINE FAMILY

<i>Lysimachia ciliata</i> L.	Fringed Loosestrife	Sparse, mainly shorelines: Almonte; Blakeney; Carleton Place; Clydesville; Dalhousie L.; Lanark; Pakenham (2); Playfairville; Sheridans Rapids; Smiths Falls (2)
* <i>Lysimachia nummularia</i> L.	Moneywort	Uncommon garden escape
* <i>Lysimachia punctata</i> L.	Spotted Loosestrife	Rare garden escape: McDonald Cors.; Smiths Falls; [Perth-1902]
<i>Lysimachia quadrifolia</i> L.	Whorled Loosestrife	Rare, open dry woods: Bolingbroke; Darling Long L.
<i>Lysimachia terrestris</i> (L.) BSP.	Swamp-candles	Common
<i>Lysimachia thyrsiflora</i> L.	Tufted Loosestrife	Common
<i>Trientalis borealis</i> Raf.	Starflower	Common

OLEACEAEOLIVE FAMILY

<i>Fraxinus americana</i> L.	White Ash	Common
<i>Fraxinus nigra</i> Marsh.	Black Ash	Common
<i>Fraxinus pennsylvanica</i> Marsh.	Red Ash	Common
* <i>Syringa vulgaris</i> L.	Lilac	Common escape from cultivation

GENTIANACEAEGENTIAN FAMILY

* <i>Centaurium pulchellum</i> (Sw.) Druce	Lesser Centaury	Rare, roadsides and disturbed ground: Carleton Place; Perth; Pinery Rd.
<i>Gentiana andrewsii</i> Griseb.	Bottle Gentian	Uncommon (17), mainly shorelines
#S2 <i>Gentianella quinquefolia</i> (L.) Small	Stiff Gentian	Rare, rocky shorelines: Christie L.
<i>Gentianopsis crinita</i> (Froel.) Ma ( <i>Gentiana crinita</i> Froel.)	Fringed Gentian	Sparse, calcareous sites: Burnt Lands (2); Folger; Hopetown; Joes L.; Napier L.; Numogate; Pinery Rd.; Smiths Falls; Watson Cors.
<i>Halenia deflexa</i> (Sm.) Griseb.	Spurred-gentian	Rare, mainly coniferous woods: Burnt Lands (2)

MENYANTHACEAEBUCKBEAN FAMILY

<i>Menyanthes trifoliata</i> L.	Buckbean	Uncommon (13), mainly fens
---------------------------------	----------	----------------------------

APOCYNACEAEDOGBANE FAMILY

<i>Apocynum androsaemifolium</i> L.	Dogbane	Common
<i>Apocynum cannabinum</i> L.	Indian Hemp	Uncommon, mainly shorelines
(incl. <i>A. sibiricum</i> Jacq.)		

\* *Vinca minor* L. Periwinkle Rare garden escape: Almonte; Christie L.; Lanark; Perth

ASCLEPIADACEAEMILKWEED FAMILY

<i>Asclepias exaltata</i> L.	Poke Milkweed	Rare, open woods: Bolingbroke; Poland
<i>Asclepias incarnata</i> L.	Swamp Milkweed	Common
<i>Asclepias syriaca</i> L.	Common Milkweed	Common
* <i>Cynanchum rossicum</i> (Kleop.) Borh. ( <i>Vincetoxicum rossicum</i> (Kleop.) Barb.)	Swallow-wort	Sparse and increasing, rail lines and disturbed ground: Beveridge Locks; Bolingbroke; Glen Tay; Merrickville; Murphys Pt. Pk.; Perth

<u>CONVOLVULACEAE</u>	<u>MORNING-GLORY FAMILY</u>
<i>Calystegia sepium</i> (L.) R. Br. ....	Hedge Bindweed .... Common
( <i>Convolvulus sepium</i> L.)	
<i>Calystegia spithamea</i> (L.) Pursh ....	Upright Bindweed .... Rare, open calcareous woods:
( <i>Convolvulus spithameus</i> L.)	Boundary L.; Burnt Lands (2); Panmure
* <i>Convolvulus arvensis</i> L. ....	Field Bindweed .... Common
<i>Cuscuta gronovii</i> Willd. ex Schultz ....	Dodder .... Uncommon (13), moist meadows and shorelines
<u>POLEMONIACEAE</u>	<u>PHLOX FAMILY</u>
* <i>Collomia linearis</i> Nutt. ....	Narrow-leaved Collomia ... Rare, dry meadows: [Christie L.- 1960]
<i>Phlox divaricata</i> L. ....	Blue Phlox .... Uncommon, open deciduous woods
* <i>Phlox paniculata</i> L. ....	Garden Phlox .... Rare garden escape: Almonte; Pakenham; [Murphys Pt. Pk.-1974]
* <i>Phlox subulata</i> L. ....	Moss Phlox .... Rare garden escape: Robertson L.
<u>HYDROPHYLLACEAE</u>	<u>WATERLEAF FAMILY</u>
<i>Hydrophyllum virginianum</i> L. ....	Waterleaf .... Rare, rich woods: Almonte: Lanark; Merrickville; Mill of Kintail; Pakenham; [Wolf Grove-1968]
<u>BORAGINACEAE</u>	<u>BORAGE FAMILY</u>
<i>Cynoglossum boreale</i> Fern. ....	Wild Comfrey .... Sparse, mixed woods: Burnt Lands; Cranberry L.; Darling Long L.; Dixon L.; Hopetown; Joes L.; Lavant Long L.; MacKay L.; Panmure; Pinery Rd.; Purdon Cons. Area; Woods L.
* <i>Cynoglossum officinale</i> L. ....	Hound's-tongue .... Common
* <i>Echium vulgare</i> L. ....	Blue-weed .... Common
<i>Hackelia deflexa</i> (Wahl.) Opiz ....	American Stickseed .... Uncommon (15), open deciduous woods
( <i>H. americana</i> (Gray) Fern.)	
<i>Hackelia virginiana</i> (L.) Johnst. ....	Virginian Stickseed .... Uncommon (13), open deciduous woods
* <i>Lappula squarrosa</i> (Retz.) Dumort. ....	Two-row Stickseed .... Rare, disturbed ground: Almonte; Carleton Place; Napier L.; Perth; [Appleton-1949]; [Blakeney-1945]; [Goodwood Marsh-1941]
* <i>Lithospermum officinale</i> L. ....	Gromwell .... Common
* <i>Myosotis arvensis</i> (L.) Hill ....	Forget-me-not .... Rare, open woods: Almonte ( <i>M. scorpioides</i> L. var <i>arvensis</i> L.)
<i>Myosotis laxa</i> Lehm. ....	Smaller Forget-me-not .... Rare, wet ground: Andrewsville; [Murphys Pt. Pk.-1974]; [Ramsay Tp.-1945]
* <i>Myosotis scorpioides</i> L. ....	Large Forget-me-not .... Sparse, wet shores: Almonte; Beveridge Locks; Blakeney; Carleton Place; Innisville; Kilmarnock Locks; Merrickville; Murphys Pt. Pk.; Pakenham; Rideau Ferry; White L.; [Appleton- 1953]
* <i>Myosotis stricta</i> Link. ....	Forget-me-not .... Rare, campsites: Big Rideau L.; Murphys Pt. Pk.; Silver L. Pk.

* <i>Myosotis sylvatica</i> Hoffm.	Forget-me-not	Rare garden escape: Almonte; Mill of Kintail; Perth; Watson Cors.
* <i>Symphytum asperum</i> Lapech.	Prickly Comfrey	Rare garden escape: Wolf Grove
* <i>Symphytum officinale</i> L.	Comfrey	Rare garden escape: Burnt Lands; Pakenham

VERBENACEAE

VERVAIN FAMILY

<i>Phryma leptostachya</i> L.	Lopseed	Uncommon, deciduous woods
* <i>Verbena bracteata</i> Lag. & Rodr.	Vervain	Rare, roadsides and rail lines: Glen Tay; McDonalds Cors.
<i>Verbena hastata</i> L.	Blue Vervain	Common
<i>Verbena simplex</i> Lehm.	Narrow-leaved Vervain	Rare, dry limestone meadows: Pinery Rd. (2); S. Montague Swamp
<i>Verbena stricta</i> Vent.	Hoary Vervain	Sparse, roadsides and dry fields: California; Hopetown; Joes L.; Lanark; Murphys Pt. Pk.; Napier L.; Perth; Pinery Rd.; Sheridans Rapids; Smiths Falls; Watson Cors. (2); [Middleville-1943]; [Stump L.-1969]; [Tatlock-1959]
<i>Verbena urticifolia</i> L.	White Vervain	Sparse, open woods: Andrewsville; California (2); Folger; Glen Tay; Lanark; Lavant Long L.; Merrickville; Pakenham; Peterwhite L.; Rosetta; Smiths Falls; [Kilmarnock Locks-1952]; [Murphys Pt. Pk.-1974]; [Pakenham Mtn.-1975]; [Playfairville-1953]

LAMIACEAE (LABIATAE)

MINT FAMILY

* <i>Acinos arvensis</i> (Lam.) Dandy	Basil Balm	Uncommon (15), open rocky sites
( <i>Satureja acinos</i> (L.) Scheele)		
* <i>Ajuga reptans</i> L.	Bugle	Rare garden escape: Almonte; Andrewsville; Mill of Kintail
<i>Clinopodium vulgare</i> L.	Basil	Common
( <i>Satureja vulgaris</i> (L.) Fritsch)		
<i>Dracocephalum parviflorum</i> Nutt.	Dragon-head	Rare, open woods and disturbed sites: Burnt Lands (2); Glen Tay; [Blakeney-1945]
* <i>Dracocephalum thymiflorum</i> L.	Thyme-leaved Dragon-head	Rare, open disturbed sites: Glen Tay; Murphys Pt. Pk.; [Andrewsville-1951]
* <i>Galeopsis tetrahit</i> L.	Hemp-nettle	Common
* <i>Glechoma hederacea</i> L.	Gill-over-the-ground	Uncommon, lawns and disturbed ground
<i>Hedeoma hispidum</i> Pursh	Mock Pennyroyal	Uncommon, open dry sites
* <i>Leonurus cardiaca</i> L.	Motherwort	Common
<i>Lycopus americanus</i> Muhl.	Cut-leaved Water-horehound	Common
<i>Lycopus uniflorus</i> Michx.	Northern Water-horehound	Common
<i>Mentha arvensis</i> L.	Wild Mint	Common
* <i>Mentha spicata</i> L.	Spearmint	Rare garden escape: Perth; [Smiths Falls-1949]

* <i>Mentha ×piperita</i> L.	Peppermint ( <i>M. aquatica</i> L. × <i>M. spicata</i> )	Rare garden escape: Almonte; Carleton Place; Pakenham; Smiths Falls; [Kilmarnock Locks-1951]
* <i>Monarda didyma</i> L.	Bee-balm	Rare garden escape: [Smiths Falls- 1949] A provincially rare native plant in southwest Ontario (S3), but in Lanark County it is introduced.
<i>Monarda fistulosa</i> L.	Wild Bergamot	Sparse, dry or moist meadows: Clyde Forks; Darling Long L.; Ferguson Falls; Herrons Mills; Pike L.; Tatlock (2); Watson Cors.
* <i>Monarda ×media</i> Willd. ( <i>M. fistulosa</i> × <i>M. didyma</i> )	Bee-balm	Rare garden escape: Watson Cors. A provincially rare native plant in southwest Ontario (S1), but in Lanark County it is introduced.
* <i>Nepeta cataria</i> L.	Catnip	Common
* <i>Origanum vulgare</i> L.	Wild Marjoram	Common
* <i>Prunella vulgaris</i> L.	Heal-all	Common
* <i>Salvia nemorosa</i> L.	Sage	Rare garden escape: Perth
<i>Scutellaria galericulata</i> L.	Marsh Skullcap	Common
<i>Scutellaria lateriflora</i> L.	Mad Dog Skullcap	Common
<i>Scutellaria parvula</i> Michx.	Small Skullcap	Rare, dry limestone meadows: Burnt Lands; Clay Bank; Panmure; [Numogate-1973]
* <i>Stachys palustris</i> L.	Marsh Hedge-nettle	Sparse, open woods and meadows: Beveridge Locks; Big Rideau L.; Lanark; Pakenham; Watson Cors. (2)
<i>Teucrium canadense</i> L.	Germander	Sparse, mainly shorelines: Boundary L.; Clydesville; Farren L. (2); Pinery Rd.; Sheridans Rapids
* <i>Thymus praecox</i> Opiz ( <i>T. serpyllum</i> auct. non L.)	Wild Thyme	Rare garden escape: Almonte; Mill of Kintail; Napier L.
<i>Trichostema brachiatum</i> L. ( <i>Isanthus brachiatus</i> (L.) BSP.)	False Pennyroyal	Sparse, dry limestone meadows: Burnt Lands; Clay Bank; Nolans Cors.; Numogate; Panmure; Pinery Rd. (2); [Merrickville-1957]; [Pakenham Tp.-1940]

#### SOLANACEAE

#### NIGHTSHADE FAMILY

* <i>Datura stramonium</i> L.	Jimsonweed	Rare, disturbed ground: Ferguson Falls; [Playfairville-1953]
#S3 <i>Leucophysalis grandiflora</i> (Hook.) Rydb. ( <i>Physalis grandiflora</i> Hook.)	Large White Ground-cherry	Sparse, open woods and meadows: Boundary L. (2); Clyde Forks; Lavant Long L.; Napier L.; White L.; [Watson Cors.-extirpated]
<i>Physalis heterophylla</i> Nees	Clammy Ground-cherry	Common
* <i>Solanum dulcamara</i> L.	Climbing Nightshade	Common
* <i>Solanum ptychanthum</i> Dunal ex DC. ( <i>S. nigrum</i> auct. non L.)	Black Nightshade	Uncommon, disturbed ground

SCROPHULARIACEAEFIGWORT FAMILY

<i>Agalinis paupercula</i> (Gray) Britt.	<i>Gerardia paupercula</i> (Gray) Britt.	Small-flowered Gerardia	Sparse, mainly shorelines: Adams L.; Andrewsville; Beveridge Locks; Farren L.; Numogate; Port Elmsley; Rideau Ferry (2); Smiths Falls
<i>Agalinis tenuifolia</i> (Vahl) Raf.	( <i>Gerardia tenuifolia</i> Vahl)	Slender Gerardia	Sparse, wet meadows and shorelines: Andrewsville; Burnt Lands; California; Darling Long L.; Joes L. (4); Maberly; McGowan L.; Pinery Rd.; Smiths Falls
* <i>Chaenorhinum minus</i> (L.) Lange	Dwarf Snapdragon	Sparse, rail lines and roadsides: Burnt Lands; Christie L.; Glen Tay; Goodwood Marsh; Merrickville; Pinery Rd.; S. Montague Swamp	
<i>Chelone glabra</i> L.	Turtlehead	Uncommon (13), shorelines and wet ground	
* <i>Collinsia parviflora</i> Douglas ex Lindl.	Small-flowered Collinsia	Rare, campgrounds: Silver L. Pk. A native plant elsewhere in Ontario, but in Lanark County it is introduced.	
* <i>Cymbalaria muralis</i> Gaertn., Mey. & Scherb.	Kenilworth-ivy	Rare garden escape: Perth	
* <i>Euphrasia stricta</i> Wolff ex Lehm.	European Eyebright	Sparse, roadsides and trails: Blueberry Mtn.; Darling Long L.; Joes L. (3); McGowan L.; Peterwhite L.; Pinery Rd. (2); Robertson L.; White L. (2)	
<i>Gratiola neglecta</i> Torr.	Hedge-hyssop	Rare, rich woods: Dixon L.; Lavant Long L.	
* <i>Linaria genistifolia</i> (L.) Mill.	Dalmatian Toadflax	Rare, roadsides: Hopetown; Sheridans Rapids; Watson Cors.	
ssp. <i>dalmatica</i> (L.) Maire & Petit. ( <i>L. dalmatica</i> (L.) Mill.)			
* <i>Linaria vulgaris</i> Mill.	Butter-and-eggs	Common	
<i>Lindernia dubia</i> (L.) Penn.	False Pimpernel	Rare, quiet water: Clyde Forks; Joes L.; [Blakeney-1948]	
<i>Melampyrum lineare</i> Desr.	Cow-wheat	Uncommon, acidic woods	
<i>Mimulus ringens</i> L.	Monkey-flower	Uncommon, shorelines and marshes	
<i>Pedicularis canadensis</i> L.	Wood-betony	Uncommon, mixed woods	
<i>Penstemon digitalis</i> Nutt. ex Sims	Fox-glove Beardtongue	Uncommon (14), roadsides and old fields	
<i>Penstemon hirsutus</i> (L.) Willd.	Hairy Beardtongue	Sparse, rocky meadows: Burnt Lands; Christie L.; Clay Bank; Panmure; Pinery Rd.; Watson Cors.; Wolf Grove	
<i>Scrophularia lanceolata</i> Pursh	Figwort	Sparse, meadows and open woods: Carleton Place; Franktown; Innisville; Lanark; McDonalds Cors. (2); Perth; Pinery Rd.; Poland; Watson Cors.; [Middleville-1972]; [Otty L.-1966]	
* <i>Verbascum thapsus</i> L.	Mullein	Common	
* <i>Veronica agrestis</i> L.	Garden Speedwell	Rare, disturbed ground: Watson Cors.	
<i>Veronica americana</i> (Raf.) Schwein.	Brooklime	Rare, wet seepage areas: Almonte; California; Clayton; McDonalds Cors.; Peterwhite L.; [Stump L.-1969]	
ex Benth. ( <i>V. beccabunga</i> L. var. <i>americana</i> Raf.)			

<i>Veronica anagallis-aquatica</i> L.	Water Speedwell	Sparse, quiet water and wet ground: Burnt Lands; California; Pakenham; Pakenham Mtn.; Perth; Peterwhite L.; Tatlock; [Innisville- 1949]; [Prospect-1941]
(incl. <i>V. catenata</i> Penn.; <i>V. comosa</i> auct. non Rich.)		
* <i>Veronica arvensis</i> L.	Field Speedwell	Uncommon, lawns and disturbed ground
* <i>Veronica longifolia</i> L.	Long-leaved Speedwell	Rare garden escape: Almonte; Perth
* <i>Veronica officinalis</i> L.	Common Speedwell	Common
* <i>Veronica peregrina</i> L. ssp. <i>peregrina</i>	Purslane Speedwell	Uncommon, disturbed ground
<i>Veronica peregrina</i> L. ssp. <i>xalapensis</i>	Purslane Speedwell	Rare, alvars: Burnt Lands; Panmure (Kunth) Penn.
<i>Veronica scutellata</i> L.	Marsh Speedwell	Uncommon (13), open wetlands
* <i>Veronica serpyllifolia</i> L.	Thyme-leaved Speedwell	Common
* <i>Veronica verna</i> L.	Spring Speedwell	Sparse, mainly campsites: Big Rideau L. (2); Bobs L.; Christie L.; Murphys Pt. Pk.; Silver L. Pk.

#### OROBANCHACEAE

<i>Epifagus virginiana</i> (L.) Bart.	Beech-drops	Uncommon, parasitic on Beech roots
---------------------------------------	-------------	------------------------------------

#### BROOM-RAPE FAMILY

#### LENTIBULARIACEAE

#### BLADDERWORT FAMILY

<i>Utricularia cornuta</i> Michx.	Horned Bladderwort	Rare, fens and poor fens: Bottle L.; Dixon L.; Numogate
<i>Utricularia gibba</i> L.	Humped Bladderwort	Rare, poor fens: California; Dixon L.; Farren L.; Lowney L.; Wolf Grove
<i>Utricularia intermedia</i> Hayne	Flat-leaved Bladderwort	Uncommon, poor fens and marshes
<i>Utricularia minor</i> L.	Lesser Bladderwort	Uncommon (17), quiet water
<i>Utricularia purpurea</i> Walt.	Purple Bladderwort	Rare, boggy lakes: Bottle L.; Dixon L.
<i>Utricularia resupinata</i> Greene ex Bigel.	Inverted Bladderwort	Rare, boggy shores: Dixon L.
<i>Utricularia vulgaris</i> L.	Common Bladderwort	Common
( <i>U. macrorhiza</i> Le Conte)		

#### PLANTAGINACEAE

#### PLANTAIN FAMILY

<i>Littorella americana</i> Fern.	Shore-plantain	Rare, lakeshores: Bobs L.
* <i>Plantago lanceolata</i> L.	English Plantain	Common
* <i>Plantago major</i> L.	Common Plantain	Common
* <i>Plantago media</i> L.	Hoary Plantain	Rare lawn weed: Carleton Place; Perth (2)
<i>Plantago rugelii</i> Decne.	Pale Plantain	Common

#### RUBIACEAE

#### MADDER FAMILY

<i>Cephalanthus occidentalis</i> L.	Buttonbush	Uncommon, shorelines and marshes
<i>Galium aparine</i> L.	Cleavers	Uncommon, deciduous woods
<i>Galium asprellum</i> Michx.	Rough Bedstraw	Rare, wet woods: Bennett L.; Ferguson Falls; Pakenham Mtn.
<i>Galium boreale</i> L.	Northern Bedstraw	Rare, calcareous meadows: Watson Cors.; [Innisville-1949]; [Murphys Pt. Pk.-1974]
<i>Galium circaeans</i> Michx.	White Wild Licorice	Uncommon, deciduous woods

<i>Galium labradoricum</i> (Wieg.) Wieg.	Bog Bedstraw	Sparse, fens and poor fens: Ferguson Falls; Harding L.; Lowney L (2); MacKay L.; Nolans Cors.; Numogate; Purdon Cons. Area; Robertson L.; [Sheridans Rapids-1969]
<i>Galium lanceolatum</i> Torr.	Yellow Wild Licorice	Uncommon, deciduous woods
* <i>Galium mollugo</i> L.	White Bedstraw	Common
<i>Galium obtusum</i> Bigel.	Wild Madder	Rare, wet fields and thickets: Blakeney; [Mississippi L.-1969]; [Sheridans Rapids-1969]
<i>Galium palustre</i> L.	Marsh Bedstraw	Common
<i>Galium tinctorium</i> L.	Dyer's Bedstraw	Rare, wet meadows: Clay L.; Innisville; Lowney L.
<i>Galium trifidum</i> L.	Small Bedstraw	Sparse, open wetlands: Andrewsville; Blackberry Meadow; Boundary L.; California; Lowney L.; Pakenham; Purdon Cons. Area; [Carleton Place-1922]; [Murphys Pt. Pk.-1974]
<i>Galium triflorum</i> Michx.	Fragrant Bedstraw	Common
* <i>Galium verum</i> L.	Yellow Bedstraw	Sparse, roadsides and fields: Almonte; Blakeney (2); Clay Bank; Darling Long L.; Glen Tay; Joes L. (2); Maberly; Panmure; Watson Cors.; [Pakenham Mtn.-1975]
<i>Mitchella repens</i> L.	Partridge-berry	Common

#### CAPRIFOLIACEAE

#### HONEYSUCKLE FAMILY

<i>Diervilla lonicera</i> Mill.	Northern Bush-honeysuckle	Common
<i>Linnaea borealis</i> L.	Twinflower	Common
<i>Lonicera canadensis</i> Bartr. ex Marsh.	Canada Honeysuckle	Common
<i>Lonicera dioica</i> L.	Wild Honeysuckle	Uncommon, open woods and shorelines
<i>Lonicera hirsuta</i> Eat.	Hairy Honeysuckle	Uncommon (17), open woods
* <i>Lonicera morrowii</i> Gray	Morrow's Honeysuckle	Uncommon escape from cultivation
<i>Lonicera oblongifolia</i> (Goldie) Hook.	Swamp Honeysuckle	Sparse, mixed swamps: Blueberry Marsh; Burnt Lands; Ferguson Falls; Goodwood Marsh; Long Swamp; Nolans Cors.; Panmure; Patterson L.; Pinery Rd.; Purdon Cons. Area; [Almonte-1917]; [Murphys Pt. Pk.-1974]; [Numogate-1973]; [Sheridans Rapids-1969]; [Silver L.-1977]
* <i>Lonicera tatarica</i> L.	Tartarian Honeysuckle	Common escape from cultivation
<i>Sambucus canadensis</i> L.	Elderberry	Uncommon, open wetlands
<i>Sambucus racemosa</i> L. ssp. <i>pubens</i> (Michx.) House ( <i>S. pubens</i> Michx.)	Red-berried Elder	Common
<i>Symporicarpos albus</i> (L.) Blake	Snowberry	Uncommon, open woods and rocky meadows
* <i>Symporicarpos occidentalis</i> Hook.	Wolfberry	Sparse, mainly rail lines: Ashton Sta.; Maberly; McGowan L.; Merrickville; Pakenham; Perth (2)

<i>Triosteum aurantiacum</i> Bickn.	Horse-gentian	Sparse, open woods: Bolingbroke; Carleton Place (2); Clayton; Glen Tay; Herrons Mills; Innisville; Lanark; Mill of Kintail; Perth (2); Wolf Grove
<i>Viburnum acerifolium</i> L.	Arrowwood	Uncommon, dry woods
* <i>Viburnum lantana</i> L.	Wayfaring Tree	Rare escape from cultivation: Carleton Place; Perth
<i>Viburnum lantanoides</i> Michx.	Hobblebush	Uncommon, rich woods
( <i>V. alnifolium</i> Marsh.)		
<i>Viburnum lentago</i> L.	Nannyberry	Common
<i>Viburnum nudum</i> L. var. <i>cassinoides</i>	Northern Wild Raisin	Sparse, wet thickets: Blueberry Marsh; Christie L.; Clay L.; Goodwood Marsh; Indian Ck.; Lavant Sta.; Wolf Grove; [Long Swamp-1966]; [McGowan L.-1979]; [Ramsay-1862]
(L.) T. & G. ( <i>V. cassinoides</i> L.)		
* <i>Viburnum opulus</i> L.	European Highbush-cranberry	Rare escape from cultivation: Carleton Place; Kilmarnock Locks; Smiths Falls
<i>Viburnum rafinesquianum</i> Schultes	Rafinesque's Arrowwood	Uncommon, open woods and dry slopes
<i>Viburnum recognitum</i> Fern.	Southern Arrowwood	Sparse, wet thickets: Bennett L.; Christie L.; Fallbrook; Little Silver L.; Maberly; McGowan L.; Pinery Rd.
( <i>V. dentatum</i> L. var. <i>lucidum</i> Ait.)		
<i>Viburnum trilobum</i> Marsh.	Highbush-cranberry	Uncommon, open woods and shorelines
( <i>V. opulus</i> L. var. <i>americanum</i> (Mill.) Ait.)		

#### VALERIANACEAE

#### VALERIAN FAMILY

* <i>Valeriana officinalis</i> L.	Valerian	Sparse garden escape: Almonte; Blakeney; Carleton Place; Clayton; Glen Tay (2); McDonalds Cors. (2); Merrickville; Pakenham; Perth; Smiths Falls
-----------------------------------	----------	--

#### DIPSACACEAE

#### TEASEL FAMILY

* <i>Dipsacus fullonum</i> L. ssp. <i>sylvestris</i>	Teasel	Rare, roadsides: Glen Tay; Kilmarnock Locks; Perth
--	--------	--

#### CUCURBITACEAE

#### GOULD FAMILY

<i>Echinocystis lobata</i> (Michx.) T. & G.	Wild Cucumber	Common
<i>Sicyos angulatus</i> L.	Bur-cucumber	Rare, edge of thickets: Perth
* <i>Thladiantha dubia</i> Bunge	Goldencreeper	Rare garden escape: Rideau Ferry; [Franktown-1952]

#### CAMPANULACEAE

#### HAREBELL FAMILY

<i>Campanula aparinoides</i> Pursh	Marsh Bellflower	Uncommon, open wetlands
(incl. <i>C. uliginosa</i> Rydb.)		
* <i>Campanula persicifolia</i> L.	Peach-leaved Bellflower	Rare garden escape: Lanark; Wolf Grove
* <i>Campanula rapunculoides</i> L.	Creeping Bellflower	Uncommon garden escape
<i>Campanula rotundifolia</i> L.	Harebell	Uncommon, dry rocky meadows
<i>Lobelia cardinalis</i> L.	Cardinal-flower	Uncommon, shorelines
<i>Lobelia inflata</i> L.	Indian Tobacco	Common

<i>Lobelia kalmii</i> L.	Kalm's Lobelia	Uncommon (14), wet calcareous soil
* <i>Lobelia siphilitica</i> L.	Great Lobelia	Rare garden escape: Watson Cors. A native plant in southern Ontario but in Lanark County it is introduced.
<i>Lobelia spicata</i> Lam.	Pale Spike Lobelia	Rare, dry rocky meadows: Pinery Rd.; [Pakenham Mtn.-1975]
<i>Triodanis perfoliata</i> (L.) Nieuwl. ( <i>Specularia perfoliata</i> (L.) DC.)	Venus' Looking-glass	Rare, dry rocky meadows: Bolingbroke; Christie L.

<u>ASTERACEAE (COMPOSITAE)</u>	<u>COMPOSITE FAMILY</u>	
(*) <i>Achillea millefolium</i> L.	Yarrow	Common; however, a red-flowered form is a rare garden escape: Brightside; Perth; Poland; Watson Cors.
* <i>Achillea ptarmica</i> L.	Sneezeweed Yarrow	Rare garden escape: McDonalds Cors.; Watson Cors.
<i>Ageratina altissima</i> (L.) King & Robins. ( <i>Eupatorium rugosum</i> Houtt.)	White-snakeroot	Common
<i>Ambrosia artemisiifolia</i> L.	Ragweed	Common
* <i>Ambrosia psilostachya</i> DC.	Western Ragweed	Rare, disturbed ground: [Carleton Place-1943]; [Clayton L.-1943]; [Smiths Falls-1943]
* <i>Ambrosia trifida</i> L.	Giant Ragweed	Rare, disturbed ground: Almonte; Watson Cors. (prob. extirpated)
<i>Anaphalis margaritacea</i> (L.) Benth. & Hook. f. ex Clarke	Pearly Everlasting	Common
<i>Antennaria howellii</i> Greene ( <i>s.l.</i> )	Pussy-toes	Common in the broad sense; however, the individual status of the three subspecies (all of which occur in the county) is unclear.
(includes ssp. <i>canadensis</i> (Greene) Bayer; ssp. <i>neodoioica</i> (Greene) Bayer; and ssp. <i>petaloidea</i> (Fern.) Bayer)		
<i>Antennaria neglecta</i> Greene	Field Pussy-toes	Uncommon, open woods and meadows
<i>Antennaria parlinii</i> Fern. ( <i>A. plantaginifolia</i> auct. non (L.) Rich.)	Plantain-leaved Pussy-toes	Uncommon, open woods and meadows
* <i>Anthemis arvensis</i> L.	Chamomile	Rare lawn weed: Perth; Watson Cors.
* <i>Anthemis cotula</i> L.	Stinking Chamomile	Uncommon, roadsides and disturbed ground
* <i>Arctium lappa</i> L.	Great Burdock	Rare, disturbed ground: Carleton Place
* <i>Arctium minus</i> (Hill) Bernh.	Burdock	Common
* <i>Artemisia absinthium</i> L.	Absinth	Rare, rail lines: Carleton Place; Perth
* <i>Artemisia biennis</i> Willd.	Biennial Wormwood	Uncommon, roadsides and disturbed ground
* <i>Artemisia ludoviciana</i> Nutt.	Western Sage	Rare, rail lines: Glen Tay; [Almonte-1949]; [Carleton Place-1927]
* <i>Artemisia vulgaris</i> L.	Mugwort	Uncommon, roadsides and disturbed ground

Note: Species formerly included in *Aster* have been moved to the genera *Doellingeria*, *Eurybia*, *Oclemena*, and *Sympyotrichum*.

*Bidens beckii* Torr. ex Spreng. Water-marigold Uncommon, shallow water

(*Megalodonta beckii* (Torr. ex Spreng.) Greene)

*Bidens cernuus* L. Nodding Beggarticks Common

<i>Bidens discoideus</i> (T. & G.) Britt.	Discoid Beggarticks	Sparse, shorelines and open wetlands: Blueberry Marsh; Clayton L.; Darling Long L.; Dixon L.; Indian Ck.; Kilmarnock Locks; Little Silver L.; Murphys Pt. Pk.; Napier L.; Smiths Falls; White L.; [Innisville-1949]
<i>Bidens frondosus</i> L.	Large-leaved Beggarticks	Uncommon, shorelines and open wetlands
<i>Bidens tripartitus</i> L.	Beggarticks	Sparse, open wetlands: Andrewsville; (incl. <i>B. connatus</i> Muhl. ex Willd.); <i>B. comosus</i> (Gray) Wieg.)
<i>Bidens vulgatus</i> Greene	Beggarticks	Rare, wet meadows: Almonte; California; Pakenham
* <i>Carduus acanthoides</i> L.	Plumeless-thistle	Sparse, roadsides and fields: Boyds; Burnt Lands; Carleton Place; Innisville; Napier L.; Pinery Rd.; Ramsbottoms L.; S. Montague Swamp; Wolf Grove; [Appleton- 1947]; [Goodwood Marsh-1960]
* <i>Centaurea jacea</i> L.	Brown Knapweed	Rare, disturbed ground: Perth
* <i>Centaurea maculosa</i> Lam.	Spotted Knapweed	Common and spreading aggressively
* <i>Centaurea montana</i> L.	Montane Knapweed	Rare garden escape: Carleton Place
* <i>Centaurea nigra</i> L.	Black Knapweed	Rare, roadsides and disturbed ground: Glen Tay; Innisville; Wolf Grove

Note: Species formerly included in *Chrysanthemum* have been moved to the genera *Leucanthemella*, *Leucanthemum*, and *Tanacetum*.

* <i>Cichorium intybus</i> L.	Chicory	Common
* <i>Cirsium arvense</i> (L.) Scop.	Canada Thistle	Common
#S3 <i>Cirsium discolor</i> (Muhl. ex Willd.) Spreng.	Prairie Thistle	Rare, alvars: Burnt Lands
<i>Cirsium muticum</i> Michx.	Swamp Thistle	Uncommon (13), open wetlands
* <i>Cirsium vulgare</i> (Savi) Ten.	Bull Thistle	Common
<i>Conyza canadensis</i> (L.) Cronq.	Horseweed	Common ( <i>Erigeron canadensis</i> L.)
* <i>Coreopsis grandiflora</i> Hogg	Coreopsis	Rare and probably short-lived garden escape: Brightside; Murphys Pt. Pk.; Sheridans Rapids; Stump L.; Wolf Grove
* <i>Crepis capillaris</i> (L.) Wallr.	Hawk's-beard	Sparse, roadsides and rail lines: Almonte; Carleton Place; Lanark; Perth; Smiths Falls; White L.
* <i>Crepis tectorum</i> L.	Hawk's-beard	Rare, roadsides: Glen Tay
* <i>Cyclachaena xanthifolia</i> (Nutt.) Fresen.	Marsh-elder	Rare garden weed: Smiths Falls; ( <i>Iva xanthifolia</i> Nutt.) Watson Cors.
<i>Doellingeria umbellata</i> (Mill.) Nees	Flat-topped White Aster	Common ( <i>Aster umbellatus</i> Mill.)
* <i>Echinops sphaerocephalus</i> L.	Globe-thistle	Rare garden escape: Brassils Ck.; Herrons Mills; Watson Cors.
<i>Erechtites hieracifolia</i> (L.) Raf.	Pilewort	Uncommon (17), open wetlands and wet woods
<i>Erigeron annuus</i> (L.) Pers.	Daisy Fleabane	Common
<i>Erigeron philadelphicus</i> L.	Common Fleabane	Common
<i>Erigeron strigosus</i> Muhl. ex Willd.	Strigose Fleabane	Common
<i>Eupatorium maculatum</i> L.	Joe-Pye-Weed	Common

- Eupatorium perfoliatum* L. .... Boneset ..... Common
- Note: *Eupatorium rugosum* is now called *Ageratina altissima*
- Eurybia macrophylla* (L.) Cass. .... Large-leaved Aster ..... Common  
(*Aster macrophyllus* L.)
- Euthamia graminifolia* (L.) Nutt. .... Narrow-leaved Goldenrod ... Common  
(*Solidago graminifolia* (L.) Salisb.)
- \* *Galinsoga quadriradiata* Ruiz & Pavón .... Galinsoga ..... Rare garden weed: Carleton Place;  
*(G. ciliata* (Raf.) Blake) Darling Long L.; Smiths Falls;  
Watson Cors.
- Note: Two species formerly included in *Gnaphalium* have been moved to the genus *Pseudognaphalium*
- \* *Gnaphalium uliginosum* L. .... Low Cudweed ..... Sparse, roadsides and wooded trails:  
Burnt Lands; Clyde Forks; Darling Long L.; Dixon L.; Joes L.; Lavant Long L. (2); Watson Cors. (2); White L.; [Almonte-1939]; [Christie L.-1966]
- \* *Grindelia squarrosa* (Pursh) Dunal .... Gumweed ..... Rare, disturbed ground: [Carleton Place-1911]
- \* *Helianthus annuus* L. .... Common Sunflower ..... Uncommon, roadsides and disturbed ground
- Helianthus divaricatus* L. .... Woodland Sunflower ..... Uncommon (14), open rocky woods
- \* *Helianthus maximilianii* Schrad. .... Maximilian's Sunflower .... Rare, disturbed ground: [Carleton Place-1911]
- \* *Helianthus pauciflorus* Nutt. .... Stiff Sunflower ..... Rare, rail lines and roadsides:  
Carleton Place; Glen Tay;  
[Clayton-1943]  
ssp. *subrhomboideus* (Rydb.)  
Spring & Schill. (*H. rigidus* (Cass.) Desf.  
ssp. *subrhomboideus* (Rydb.) Heiser)
- \* *Helianthus petiolaris* Nutt. .... Plains Sunflower ..... Rare, rail lines: Glen Tay; Smiths Falls
- \* *Helianthus tuberosus* L. .... Jerusalem Artichoke ..... Rare garden escape: Perth; Silver L.; Smiths Falls; Taylor L.; [Andrewsville-1980]
- \* *Helianthus ×laetiflorus* Pers. .... Showy Sunflower ..... Sparse garden escape: Almonte; Ferguson Falls; Middleville; Perth (2); Smiths Falls (3)  
(*H. pauciflorus* × *H. tuberosus*)
- (\*) *Heliopsis helianthoides* (L.) Sw. .... Ox-eye ..... Uncommon (15), old fields
- \* *Hieracium aurantiacum* L. .... Orange Hawkweed ..... Common
- \* *Hieracium caespitosum* Dumort. .... Field Hawkweed ..... Uncommon, fields and roadsides  
(*H. pratense* Tausch)
- \* *Hieracium lachenalii* Gmel. .... Common Hawkweed ..... Uncommon, roadsides and disturbed ground  
(*H. vulgatum* Fries.)
- \* *Hieracium pilosella* L. .... Mouse-ear Hawkweed ..... Common
- \* *Hieracium piloselloides* Vill. .... King Devil ..... Common  
(*H. florentinum* All.; *H. ×floribundum* Wimm. & Grab.)
- Hieracium scabrum* Michx. .... Rough Hawkweed ..... Uncommon (17), open rocky woods
- \* *Hieracium tridentatum* (Fries) Fries .... Hawkweed ..... Rare, disturbed ground: [Perth-1943]  
(*H. laevigatum* Willd.)
- Hieracium umbellatum* L. .... Kalm's Hawkweed ..... Rare, open woods: Blueberry Mtn., Christie L.; Folger; Joes L.; [Blakeney-1945]; [Wolf Grove-1939]  
(*H. canadense* Michx.; *H. kalmii* L.)
- \* *Inula helenium* L. .... Elecampane ..... Uncommon, moist meadows
- Note: *Iva xanthifolia* is now called *Cyclachaena xanthifolia*

<i>Lactuca biennis</i> (Moench) Fern.	Blue Lettuce	Sparse, rich woods: Burnt Lands; Clayton; Dalhousie L.; Joes L.; Lavant Long L.; Robertson L.; Watson Cors.; [Sheridans Rapids-1969]
<i>Lactuca canadensis</i> L.	Wild Lettuce	Common
* <i>Lactuca serriola</i> L. <i>(L. scariola</i> L.)	Prickly Lettuce	Uncommon, roadsides and disturbed ground
* <i>Lapsana communis</i> L.	Nipplewort	Rare, roadsides and disturbed ground: Carleton Place; Perth; Poland
* <i>Leontodon autumnalis</i> L.	Fall Dandelion	Sparse, roadsides and lawns: Glen Tay; Joes L; McDonalds Cors.; Perth (2); Robertson L.; Smiths Falls
* <i>Leucanthemella serotina</i> (L.) Tzvelev <i>(Chrysanthemum serotinum</i> L.)	Giant Daisy	Rare garden escape: Appleton
* <i>Leucanthemum vulgare</i> Lam. <i>(Chrysanthemum leucanthemum</i> L.)	Ox-eye Daisy	Common
* <i>Liatris spicata</i> (L.) Willd.	Blazing-star	Rare garden escape: Watson Cors. A provincially rare native plant in southwest Ontario (S3), but in Lanark County it is introduced.
* <i>Matricaria discoidea</i> DC. <i>(M. matricarioides</i> auct. non (Less.) Porter)	Pineapple-weed	Common
<b>Note: <i>Megalodonta beckii</i> is now called <i>Bidens beckii</i></b>		
<i>Oclemena acuminata</i> (Michx.) Greene	Whorled Wood Aster	Rare, rich woods: Dixon L.; Innisville; [Murphys Pt. Pk.-1974]
<i>(Aster acuminatus</i> Michx.)		
<i>Oclemena nemoralis</i> (Dry. in Ait.) Greene	Bog Aster	Rare, poor fens: Bottle L.; Dixon L.
<i>(Aster nemoralis</i> Ait.)		
* <i>Onopordum acanthium</i> L.	Scotch Thistle	Rare, disturbed ground: [Almonte-1953]; [Perth-1947]
<i>Packera aurea</i> (Michx.) Löve & Löve	Golden Ragwort	Rare, wet calcareous meadows: Joes L.
<i>(Senecio aureus</i> Michx.)		
<i>Packera paupercula</i> (Michx.) Löve & Löve	Balsam Ragwort	Uncommon, calcareous meadows
<i>(Senecio pauperculus</i> Michx.)		
<i>Petasites frigidus</i> (L.) Fries	Sweet Coltsfoot	Sparse, wet woods: Burnt Lands (2); Clay Bank; Clyde Forks; Goodwood Marsh; Peterwhite L.; Pinery Rd. (2); Wolf Grove
<i>(P. palmatus</i> (Ait.) Gray)		
<i>Prenanthes alba</i> L.	White-lettuce	Rare, rich woods: Clydesville; Playfairville; [Murphys Pt. Pk.-1974]; [Pakenham Tp.-1940]
<i>Prenanthes altissima</i> L.	Tall White-lettuce	Common
<i>Pseudognaphalium macounii</i> (Greene)	Clammy Everlasting	Uncommon (13), dry meadows
Kartesz ( <i>Gnaphalium macounii</i> Greene; <i>G. viscosum</i> auct. non Kunth)		
<i>Pseudognaphalium obtusifolium</i> (L.)	Sweet Everlasting	Rare, dry meadows: Big Rideau L.; Clayton; Lavant Long L.; [Stump L.-1969]
Hilliard & Burtt ssp. <i>obtusifolium</i> <i>(Gnaphalium obtusifolium</i> L.)		
* <i>Ratibida columnifera</i> (Nutt.) Woot. & Standl.	Long-headed Coneflower	Rare garden escape: Sheridans Rapids
* <i>Ratibida pinnata</i> (Vent.) Barnh.	Gray-headed Coneflower	Rare, roadsides: White L. A provincially rare native plant in southwest Ontario (S2S3) but in Lanark County it is introduced.

<i>Rudbeckia hirta</i> L.	Brown-eyed Susan	Common
* <i>Rudbeckia laciniata</i> L. var. <i>hortensis</i> Bailey	Goldenglow	Rare garden escape: Perth; Smiths Falls
* <i>Rudbeckia triloba</i> L.	Thin-leaved Coneflower	Rare, roadsides: McDonalds Cors.; Nolans Cors.
<b>Note:</b> Two species formerly included in <i>Senecio</i> have been moved to the genus <i>Packera</i>		
* <i>Senecio viscosus</i> L.	Stinking Groundsel	Rare, disturbed ground: Perth; Smiths Falls; Watson Cors.
* <i>Senecio vulgaris</i> L.	Common Groundsel	Rare garden weed: Carleton Place; Glen Tay; Goodwood Marsh; Perth; [Almonte-1939]
<i>Solidago altissima</i> L.	Tall Goldenrod	Uncommon, fields and roadsides
( <i>S. canadensis</i> L. var. <i>scabra</i> (Muhl. ex Willd.) T. & G.)		
<i>Solidago bicolor</i> L.	Silverrod	Uncommon (13), open slopes
<i>Solidago caesia</i> L.	Blue-stemmed Goldenrod	Common
<i>Solidago canadensis</i> L.	Canada Goldenrod	Common
<i>Solidago flexicaulis</i> L.	Zigzag Goldenrod	Sparse, rich deciduous woods: Almonte (2); Glen Tay; Harper; Lanark; Little Silver L.; Mill of Kintail; Napier L.; Pakenham; Watson Cors.
<i>Solidago gigantea</i> Ait.	Giant Goldenrod	Uncommon, fields and roadsides
<i>Solidago hispida</i> Muhl.	Hairy Goldenrod	Uncommon, dry meadows and open woods
<i>Solidago juncea</i> Ait.	Early Goldenrod	Common
<i>Solidago nemoralis</i> Ait.	Gray Goldenrod	Common
<i>Solidago ptarmicoides</i> (Nees) Boivin	Upland White Goldenrod	Rare, open calcareous meadows: <i>Aster ptarmicoides</i> (Nees) T. & G.; <i>Oligoneuron album</i> (Nutt.) Nesom
<i>Solidago rugosa</i> Mill.	Rough Goldenrod	Common
<i>Solidago squarrosa</i> Muhl.	Stout Goldenrod	Uncommon (16), rich woods
<i>Solidago uliginosa</i> Nutt.	Bog Goldenrod	Uncommon (13), wet meadows
* <i>Sonchus arvensis</i> L.	Sow-thistle	Common
* <i>Sonchus asper</i> (L.) Hill	Spiny Sow-thistle	Common
* <i>Sonchus oleraceus</i> L.	Annual Sow-thistle	Rare, disturbed ground: Andrewsville; Perth; [Almonte-1939]
<i>Symphyotrichum boreale</i> (T. & G.)	Rush Aster	Sparse, fens and poor fens: Ferguson Falls; Lavant Sta.; Lowney L. (2); MacKay L.; Nolans Cors.; Numogate; Patterson L.; Robertson L.; Silver L.; Smiths Falls; White L.
Löve & Löve ( <i>Aster borealis</i> (T. & G.) Prov.; <i>A. junciformis</i> Rydb.)		
* <i>Symphyotrichum ciliatum</i> (Ledeb.) Nesom	Short-rayed Aster	Rare, salty roadsides: Perth; Smiths Falls
( <i>Aster brachyactis</i> Blake; <i>Brachyactis ciliata</i> (Ledeb.) Ledeb.)		
<i>Symphyotrichum ciliolatum</i> (Lindl. in Hook.)	Ciliolate Aster	Uncommon, open woods and meadows
Löve & Löve ( <i>Aster ciliolatus</i> Lindl. in Hook.)		
<i>Symphyotrichum cordifolium</i> (L.) Nesom	Heart-leaved Aster	Common
( <i>Aster cordifolius</i> L.)		

- \* *Symphyotrichum dumosum* (L.) Nesom × *S.* Hybrid Aster ..... Rare garden escape: Watson Cors.  
*novi-belgii* (L.) Nesom (*Aster dumosus* L.  
  × *A. novi-belgii* L.)
- Symphyotrichum ericoides* (L.) Nesom ..... Heath Aster ..... Uncommon (18) but increasing along  
*(Aster ericoides* L.; *Virgulus ericoides*  
(L.) Reveal & Keener)
- Symphyotrichum lanceolatum* (Willd.) .... Panicked Aster ..... Common  
Löve & Löve (*Aster lanceolatus* Willd.;  
*A. simplex* Willd.)
- Symphyotrichum lateriflorum* (L.) ..... Calico Aster ..... Common  
Löve & Löve (*Aster lateriflorus* (L.) Britt.)
- Symphyotrichum novae-angliae* (L.) Nesom New England Aster ..... Common  
*(Aster novae-angliae* L.;  
*Virgulus novae-angliae* (L.) Reveal & Keener)
- Symphyotrichum ontarione* (Wieg.) Nesom (*s.l.*) Ontario Aster ..... Rare, wet woods and shorelines:  
*(Aster ontarionis* Wieg.) Beveridge Locks; Carleton Place;  
Dalhousie L.; Kilmarnock Locks
- Symphyotrichum oolentangiense* Azure Aster ..... Rare, sandy meadows: Silver L.;  
(Ridd.) Nesom (*Aster azureus* Lindl.;  
*A. oolentangiensis* Ridd.) [Pakenham Tp.-1940]
- Symphyotrichum puniceum* (L.) ..... Purple-stemmed Aster ..... Common  
Löve & Löve (*Aster puniceus* L.)
- Symphyotrichum ×amethystinum* (Nutt.) ... Amethyst Aster ..... Rare, roadside meadows:  
Nesom (*Aster ×amethystinus* Nutt.; Andrewsville  
(*S. ericoides* × *S. novae-angliae*))
- \* *Tanacetum balsamita* L. .... Costmary ..... Rare, roadsides: [Prospect-1969]  
(*Balsamita major* Desf.;  
*Chrysanthemum balsamita* L.)
- \* *Tanacetum vulgare* L. .... Common Tansy ..... Uncommon garden escape
- \* *Taraxacum erythrospermum* Andrz. .... Red-seeded Dandelion ..... Rare, disturbed ground: Burnt  
ex Besser (*T. laevigatum* (Willd.) DC.) Lands; Farren L.; Murphys Pt. Pk.;  
Napier L.; Watson Cors.
- \* *Taraxacum officinale* Weber .... Dandelion ..... Common
- \* *Taraxacum palustre* (Lyons) DC. .... Marsh Dandelion ..... Uncommon (13), moist ground  
(microspecies *T. turfosum* (Schultz-Bip.) Soest)
- \* *Tragopogon dubius* Scop. .... Goat's-beard ..... Common
- \* *Tragopogon pratensis* L. .... Yellow Goat's-beard ..... Common
- \* *Tripleurospermum perforatum* (Mérat) Lainz Scentless Chamomile ..... Rare, roadsides and lawns: Perth (2)  
(*T. inodorum* Schultz-Bip.;  
*Matricaria perforata* Mérat)
- \* *Tussilago farfara* L. .... Coltsfoot ..... Uncommon, roadsides
- \* *Xanthium strumarium* L. .... Cocklebur ..... Sparse, mainly shorelines: Almonte;  
Blakeney; Carleton Place (2);  
Ferguson Falls; Pakenham; Perth;  
Smiths Falls

## APPENDIX 1: Excluded Species and Unconfirmed Reports

The following list contains species or records reported from Lanark County that are regarded as apparent locality errors or probable misidentifications. Reports of taxa requiring additional documentation or verification for Lanark are also included in this appendix. The original report for Lanark County is indicated. For several of the species listed below, it is only the particular record listed that is considered erroneous. If there are accepted records from elsewhere in the county for such species, they are noted below.

*Agrostis capillaris* L. (*A. tenuis* Sibth.) (Brown-top)—A 1973 sight record from Numogate by I.D. Macdonald requires confirmation.

*Amelanchier canadensis* (L.) Medikus (Canada Serviceberry)—Reported from the Purdon Conservation Area (Mosquin, 1985). This species does not occur in Ontario according to Morton & Venn (1990) or Gleason & Cronquist (1991).

*Botrychium lunaria* (L.) Sw. (Moonwort)—Reported from Ramsay Township (specimen at QK according to Queens University database listing). Since this is a northern species not known to occur near Lanark County (Cody & Britton, 1989), the specimen is probably misidentified.

*Bolboschoenus fluviatilis* (Torr.) Soják (River Bulrush)—A report from Playfairville in Lemky & Keddy (1988) is based on a misidentified specimen of *Scirpus microcarpus*. River Bulrush is known elsewhere in the county at Blakeney, Dalhousie L., Ferguson Falls, Lanark, Pakenham, Port Elmsley, and Rideau Ferry.

*Callitrichia heterophylla* Pursh (Water-starwort)—A report from Napier L. (Brownell, 1992) requires confirmation. This plant is imperilled (S2?) in Ontario (NHIC, 2010).

*Carex argyrantha* Tuckerm. ex Dew. (Silver Sedge)—There is a specimen at the Canadian Museum of Nature from Peterwhite L. that is tentatively identified as this provincially imperilled (S2?) species, however, it is probably misidentified according to D. Brunton (pers. com., 1999).

*Carex atrata* L. (Sedge)—Reported from the Mill of Kintail (Haber, 1973). This species does not occur in North America according to FNA (2010).

*Carex concinna* R. Br. (Elegant Sedge)—Reported from the Mill of Kintail (Haber, 1973). This is a shoreline species that would not occur at the Mill (D. Brunton, pers. com., 1999).

*Carex normalis* Mack. (Normal Sedge)—Reported from Murphys Point Park by Lindsay (1974). This species occurs primarily in the Carolinian Zone of southern Ontario according to M. Oldham (pers. com., 1998).

*Chenopodium rubrum* L. (Coastblite)—Reported from the Purdon Conservation Area (Mosquin, 1985). This record seems unlikely since it was the only *Chenopodium* reported in the study and the plant is unknown in the Kingston Region (Crowder *et al.*, 1997) or in the Ottawa area (Brunton, 2005).

*Echinochloa walteri* (Pursh) A.A. Hell. (Walter's Barnyard Grass)—Reported from Murphys Point Provincial Park by Lindsay (1974). This provincially vulnerable species (S3) occurs primarily in southwestern Ontario according to NHIC (2010).

*Equisetum palustre* L. (Marsh Horsetail)—A sight record by J.H. Soper from Long Swamp requires confirmation.

*Eriophorum chamissonis* C. Mey. (Chamisso's Cotton-grass)—Reported from the Blueberry Marsh by Gartner-Lee Associates Ltd. (1984). This record seems unlikely since the plant is unknown in the Kingston Region (Crowder *et al.*, 1997) and is only known in the Ottawa area at Mer Bleue (Brunton, 2005). The record is probably a misidentification of *Eriophorum vaginatum* (Dense Cotton-grass) that is common at the site.

*Geocaulon lividum* (Richards.) Fern. (Bastard Toadflax)—A sight record by J.H. Soper from Christie Lake is likely an error. This is a northern species and the record is probably a misidentification of *Comandra umbellata* (Bastard Toadflax) that occurs in the area.

*Geum macrophyllum* Willd. (Large-leaved Avens)—Reported from Murphys Point Provincial Park by Lindsay (1974). This is probably a misidentification of the common *Geum aleppicum* (Yellow Avens) according to D. Brunton (pers. com., 1999).

*Geum virginianum* L. (Pale Avens)—Reported from Murphys Point Provincial Park by Lindsay (1974). This provincially very rare and possibly extirpated species (SH) is only known from extreme southwestern Ontario according to NHIC (2010).

*Gleditsia triacanthos* L. (Honey-locust)—Reported in previous versions of this checklist based on a collection by D.F. Brunton from Pakenham and reported in Brunton (1985). The locality is about 200 metres outside Lanark County in the Ottawa area (D. Brunton, pers. com., 2004).

***Hedeoma pulegioides*** (L.) Pers. (American Pennyroyal)—Reported in previous versions of this checklist based on several observations and collections. The specimens have been revised to ***Acinos arvensis***. Most site observations have been relocated and the plants at the sites have also been ***Acinos arvensis***.

***Lilium superbum*** L. (Lily)—Reported from Murphys Point Provincial Park by Lindsay (1974). This species does not occur in Ontario according to Morton & Venn (1990). The record is probably based on a short-lived garden lily.

***Muhlenbergia frondosa*** (Poir.) Fern. (Wirestem Muhlenbergia)—A 1973 sight record from Numogate by I.D. Macdonald requires confirmation.

***Nasturtium microphyllum*** (Boenn.) Reichb. (Small-leaved Watercress)—A report from Lavant Long Lake (Brownell & Larson, 1995) is probably based on a misidentification of ***Cardamine pensylvanica*** (Pennsylvania Bitter-cress) that occurs at the site but was not listed in Brownell & Larson (1995).

***Omalotheca sylvatica*** L. (*Gnaphalium sylvaticum*) (Cudweed)—A J.H. Soper sight record from Otty Lake seems unlikely since the plant is unknown in the Kingston Region (Crowder *et al.*, 1997) or in the Ottawa area (Brunton, pers. com., 2005). This plant occurs in northcentral Ontario (Oldham, 1999) but could occur in the northern part of Lanark County (D. Brunton, pers. com., 1999).

***Parthenocissus quinquefolia*** (L.) Planch. ex DC. (Woodbine)—Reported in previous versions of this checklist based on numerous observations and collections of high-climbing vegetative material with numerous adhesive disks on branched tendrils. According to M.J. Oldham (pers. com., 2000), these are not reliable characters to distinguish the species from the common ***P. vitacea***. Many of the previous sites have since been revisited and whenever flowering or fruiting material was found, it was always the common ***P. vitacea***.

***Platanthera leucophaea*** (Nutt.) Lindl. (Prairie White Fringed Orchid)—Old reports of this orchid around 1900 from the Smiths Falls area refer to a “mud lake” (Reddoch, 1977) but it is not known whether this site was in Lanark County or Leeds County. There are two Mud Lakes north of Smiths Falls in Lanark County and one just south of Smiths Falls in Leeds County. All three areas have been searched unsuccessfully by several botanists for this provincially rare and showy orchid. Wherever it occurred in the Smiths Falls area, it seems to have disappeared. This orchid is vulnerable (S3) in Ontario (NHIC, 2010).

***Physalis alkekengi*** L. (Chinese-lantern)—Reported from “woods near Smiths Falls” in Montgomery (1957). The 1949 specimen is at DAO and the label reads “Davis Locks, west end of Sand Lake, south of Smiths Falls”. Davis Locks occur in Leeds County about 45 km southwest of Smiths Falls.

***Potamogeton obtusifolius*** Mert. & Koch (Blunt-leaved Pondweed)—Reported from Murphys Point Provincial Park by Lindsay (1974). This is a rare boreal species that is not likely to occur in the southern edge of the county (D. Brunton, pers. com., 1999).

***Rubus flagellaris*** Willd. (Northern Dewberry)—Reported in previous versions of this checklist based on a sight record from Robertson L. by S. Thompson. This record is probably a misidentification of ***Rubus hispida*** (Dewberry) that is common at the site but was not noted by Thompson.

***Salix serissima*** (L. Bailey) Fern. (Autumn Willow)—A 1973 sight record from Numogate by I.D. Macdonald requires confirmation. Autumn Willow is known elsewhere in the county near Joes Lake.

***Sanicula canadensis*** L. (Canada Snakeroot)—A report from Napier Lake (Brownell, 1992) is probably a misidentification (Pryer, 1989; D. Brunton, pers. com., 1999).

***Sisyrinchium angustifolium*** Mill. (Blue-eyed Grass)—Reported from Purdon Conservation Area by Mosquin (1985) and from Sheridans Rapids (specimen at QK according to Queens’ database listing). This species has a very restricted distribution in eastern Ontario (D. Brunton, pers. com., 1998) and since both sources do not list the much more common ***S. montanum*** for their respective areas, the records require confirmation.

***Symphytum urophyllum*** (Lindl.) Nesom (*Aster urophyllus* Lindl.; *A. sagittifolius*) (Arrow-leaved Aster)—Reported from Elphin and Sheridans Rapids (specimens at QK according to Queens University database listing). Since this species does not occur in or near Lanark County (Semple *et al.*, 2002), the specimens are probably misidentified.

***Trifolium dubium*** Sibth. (Hop Clover)—A report from Murphys Point Park by Lindsay (1974) requires confirmation. This plant is unknown in the Kingston Region (Crowder *et al.*, 1997) and in the Ottawa area (Brunton, pers. com., 2005).

***Viola rotundifolia*** Michx. (Round-leaved Yellow Violet)—Reported from Smiths Falls by Crowder *et al.* (1997). This provincially very rare and possibly extirpated species (SH) is only known from the St. Lawrence Islands area and old records in southwestern Ontario NHIC, 2010).

## APPENDIX 2: Alphabetical List of Significant Native Plants

This appendix presents an alphabetical list of native plants considered significant—rare or sparse in the county. The actual status within the county is given in the rightmost column (R1=extremely rare, only one contemporary record (more recent than 1980); R=rare, two to five contemporary records; S=sparse, six to twelve contemporary records; RH=historical and possibly extirpated, only known from records dated 1980 or earlier).

For those plants which are also significant in Ontario (NHIC, 2010), their status is given in the next-to-rightmost column. The provincial ranks are as follows: S1=critically imperiled (usually 5 or fewer occurrences known); S2=imperiled (usually 5 to 20 occurrences known); S3=vulnerable (usually 20 to 100 occurrences known); S3S4=data unclear to determine if rank is S3 or S4 (S4 is apparently secure in the province). A question mark (?) following the provincial rank indicates some degree of uncertainty (NHIC, 2010).

<i>Acer saccharum</i> Marsh. ssp. <i>nigrum</i> (Michx. f.) Desm.	Black Maple	S
<i>Agalinis paupercula</i> (Gray) Britt.	Small-flowered Gerardia	S
<i>Agalinis tenuifolia</i> (Vahl) Raf.	Slender Gerardia	S
<i>Agrostis perennans</i> (Walt.) Tuckerm.	Autumn Bent Grass	S
<i>Alisma gramineum</i> Lej.	Narrow-leaved Water-plantain	S
<i>Alopecurus aequalis</i> Sobol	Short-awn Foxtail	S
<i>Amaranthus tuberculatus</i> (Moq.) Sauer	Water-hemp	RH
<i>Amelanchier alnifolia</i> (Nutt.) Nutt. ex R. Roem.	Juneberry	S
<i>Amelanchier arborea</i> (Michx. f.) Fern.	Juneberry	R
<i>Amelanchier spicata</i> (Lam.) K. Koch	Shadblush	R
<i>Amerorchis rotundifolia</i> (Banks ex Pursh) Hult.	Round-leaved Orchis	RH
<i>Anemone quinquefolia</i> L.	Wood Anemone	RH
<i>Arabis hirsuta</i> (L.) Scop. ssp. <i>pycnocarpa</i> (Hopk.) Hult.	Hairy Rock Cress	R
<i>Arabis holboellii</i> Hornem.	Rock Cress	R
<i>Arethusa bulbosa</i> L.	Dragon's-mouth	R
<i>Asclepias exaltata</i> L.	Poke Milkweed	R
<i>Asplenium platyneuron</i> (L.) Oakes	Ebony Spleenwort	R
<i>Asplenium rhizophyllum</i> L.	Walking Fern	S
<i>Asplenium trichomanes</i> L. ssp. <i>quadrivalens</i> Meyer	Tetraploid Maidenhair Spleenwort	RH
<i>Astragalus neglectus</i> (T. & G.) Sheldon	Cooper's Milk-vetch	S3
<i>Betula populifolia</i> Marsh.	Gray Birch	R
<i>Betula pumila</i> L. var. <i>glandulifera</i> Regel	Dwarf Birch	R
<i>Bidens discoideus</i> (T. & G.) Britt.	Discoid Beggarticks	S
<i>Bidens tripartitus</i> L.	Beggarticks	S
<i>Bidens vulgatus</i> Greene	Beggarticks	R
<i>Bolboschoenus fluvialis</i> (Torr.) Soják	River Bulrush	S
<i>Botrychium dissectum</i> Spreng.	Cut-leaved Grape Fern	RH
<i>Botrychium matricariaefolium</i> (Döll) A. Br.	Daisyleaf Grape Fern	S
<i>Botrychium simplex</i> E. Hitchc.	Dwarf Grape Fern	S
<i>Bouteloua curtipendula</i> (Michx.) Torr.	Side-oats Grama	S2
<i>Bromus kalmii</i> Gray	Kalm's Brome Grass	S
<i>Calamagrostis stricta</i> (Timm) Koeler ssp. <i>inexpansa</i> (Gray) Greene	Northern Reed Grass	RH
<i>Callitrichie hermaphroditica</i> L.	Water-starwort	R
<i>Callitrichie verna</i> L.	Common Water-starwort	S
<i>Calopogon tuberosus</i> (L.) BSP.	Grass-pink	S
<i>Calypso bulbosa</i> (L.) Oakes	Fairy-slipper	RH
<i>Calystegia spithamea</i> (L.) Pursh	Upright Bindweed	R
<i>Cardamine bulbosa</i> (Schreb. ex Muhl.) B.S.P.	Spring Cress	R1
<i>Cardamine concatenata</i> (Michx.) Schwein.	Cut-leaved Toothwort	R
<i>Cardamine parviflora</i> L.	Small-flowered Bitter-cress	S
<i>Cardamine pratensis</i> L.	Cuckoo-flower	S

<i>Carex alopecoidea</i> Tuckerm.	Foxtail Sedge	R1
<i>Carex atherodes</i> Spreng.	Awned Sedge	RH
<i>Carex atlantica</i> Bailey	Prickly Bog Sedge	S1 R1
<i>Carex brevior</i> (Dew.) Mack. ex Lunell	Short-headed Sedge	S
<i>Carex bromoides</i> Schkuhr ex Willd.	Brome-like Sedge	R
<i>Carex brunnescens</i> (Pers.) Poir. ex Lam.	Brownish Sedge	R
<i>Carex buxbaumii</i> Wahl.	Buxbaum's Sedge	R
<i>Carex castanea</i> Wahl.	Chestnut Sedge	S
<i>Carex cephaloidea</i> (Dew.) Dew.	Sedge	S
<i>Carex chordorrhiza</i> Ehrh. ex L. f.	Cord Sedge	R
<i>Carex conoidea</i> Schkuhr ex Willd.	Field Sedge	S3 R1
<i>Carex cravei</i> Dew.	Crawe's Sedge	R
<i>Carex crawfordii</i> Fern.	Crawford's Sedge	R
<i>Carex cryptolepis</i> Mack.	Hidden-scaled Sedge	S
<i>Carex echinata</i> Murray	Prickly Sedge	S
<i>Carex formosa</i> Dew.	Sedge	R1
<i>Carex grayi</i> Carey	Gray's Sedge	R1
<i>Carex grisea</i> Wahl.	Gray Sedge	R
<i>Carex gynocrates</i> Wormsk. ex Drejer	Ridged Sedge	R
<i>Carex hirtifolia</i> Mack.	Hairy Sedge	R
<i>Carex hitchcockiana</i> Dew.	Hitchcock's Sedge	S
<i>Carex houghtoniana</i> Torr. ex Dew.	Houghton's Sedge	S
<i>Carex leptonervia</i> Fern.	Finely-nerved Sedge	S
<i>Carex limosa</i> L.	Mud Sedge	S
<i>Carex livida</i> (Wahl.) Willd.	Lead-coloured Sedge	R
<i>Carex lucorum</i> Willd. ex Link	Distant Sedge	S
<i>Carex lurida</i> Wahl.	Sallow Sedge	R
<i>Carex merritt-fernaldii</i> Mack.	Sedge	R1
<i>Carex muhlenbergii</i> Schkuhr ex Willd.	Muhlenberg's Sedge	R1
<i>Carex novae-angliae</i> Schwein.	New England Sedge	RH
<i>Carex oligosperma</i> Michx.	Few-seeded Sedge	R
<i>Carex ormostachya</i> Wieg.	Sedge	S
<i>Carex pellita</i> Muhl.	Sedge	S
<i>Carex plantaginea</i> Lam.	Plantain-leaved Sedge	S
<i>Carex platyphylla</i> Carey	Broad-leaved Sedge	S
<i>Carex prairea</i> Dew.	Prairie Sedge	R1
<i>Carex prasina</i> Wahl.	Onion-coloured Sedge	R
<i>Carex projecta</i> Mack.	Spreading Sedge	R
<i>Carex richardsonii</i> R. Br.	Richardson's Sedge	R
<i>Carex sartwellii</i> Dew.	Sartwell's Sedge	S
<i>Carex scabrata</i> Schwein.	Rough Sedge	R
<i>Carex siccata</i> Dew.	Copper Sedge	R
<i>Carex sparganioides</i> Muhl. ex Willd.	Bur-reed Sedge	R
<i>Carex sterilis</i> Willd.	Sedge	R
<i>Carex sychnocephala</i> J. Carey	Compact Sedge	R
<i>Carex tribuloides</i> Wahl.	Blunt-broom Sedge	R1
<i>Carex umbellata</i> Schkuhr ex Willd.	Umbel-like Sedge	R
<i>Carex vaginata</i> Tausch	Sheathed Sedge	R1
<i>Carex viridula</i> Michx.	Greenish Sedge	S
<i>Carex woodii</i> Dew.	Wood's Sedge	R1
<i>Carya ovata</i> (Mill.) K. Koch	Shagbark Hickory	R
<i>Ceanothus americanus</i> L.	New Jersey Tea	S
<i>Ceanothus herbaceus</i> Raf.	Narrow-leaved New Jersey Tea	R
<i>Celtis occidentalis</i> L.	Hackberry	R
<i>Cerastium arvense</i> L.	Meadow Chickweed	RH

<i>Chamaesyce vermiculata</i> (Raf.) House	Vermiculate Spurge	RH
<i>Chenopodium capitatum</i> (L.) Ambrosi	Strawberry-blite	S
<i>Chrysosplenium americanum</i> Schwein.	Golden-saxifrage	S
<i>Cicuta maculata</i> L.	Water-hemlock	S
<i>Cinna arundinacea</i> L.	Stout Woodreed	R
<i>Cirsium discolor</i> (Muhl. ex Willd.) Spreng.	Prairie Thistle	S3 R1
<i>Claytonia virginica</i> L.	Virginian Spring-beauty	R
<i>Clematis occidentalis</i> (Hornem.) DC.	Purple Clematis	R
<i>Coeloglossum viride</i> (L.) Hartm.	Bracted Orchid	R
<i>Corallorrhiza maculata</i> (Raf.) Raf.	Spotted Coralroot	S
<i>Corallorrhiza striata</i> Lindl.	Striped Coralroot	S
<i>Corydalis aurea</i> Willd.	Golden Corydalis	S
<i>Crataegus flabellata</i> (Bosc ex Spach) K. Koch	Hawthorn	R1
<i>Crataegus macracantha</i> Lodd.	Downy Hawthorn	R1
<i>Crataegus submollis</i> Sarg.	Velvety Hawthorn	R
<i>Crataegus succulenta</i> Schrad. ex Link	Succulent Hawthorn	R1
<i>Cryptogramma stelleri</i> (Gmel.) Prantl.	Slender Cliffbrake	R
<i>Cryptotaenia canadensis</i> (L.) DC.	Honewort	S
<i>Cynoglossum boreale</i> Fern.	Wild Comfrey	S
<i>Cyperus diandrus</i> Torr.	Two-stamened Cyperus	R
<i>Cyperus esculentus</i> L. var. <i>leptostachyus</i> Boeck.	Ground-almond	R
<i>Cyperus squarrosus</i> L.	Awned Cyperus	RH
<i>Cyperus strigosus</i> L.	Strigose Cyperus	R
<i>Cypripedium arietinum</i> R. Br.	Ram's-head Lady-slipper	S3 S
<i>Dalibarda repens</i> L.	Dewdrop	R1
<i>Dennstaedtia punctilobula</i> (Michx.) Moore	Hay-scented Fern	S
<i>Deparia acrostichoides</i> (Sw.) Kato	Silvery Spleenwort	S
<i>Desmodium nudiflorum</i> (L.) DC.	Naked-flowered Tick-trefoil	RH
<i>Desmodium paniculatum</i> (L.) DC.	Panicked Tick-trefoil	R
<i>Dichanthelium boreale</i> (Nash) Freckm.	Northern Panic Grass	R
<i>Dichanthelium depauperatum</i> (Muhl.) Gould	Impoverished Panic Grass	S
<i>Diphasiastrum complanatum</i> (L.) Holub var. <i>complanatum</i>	Ground-cedar	RH
<i>Diplazium pycnocarpon</i> (Spreng.) Brown	Narrow-leaved Spleenwort	R
<i>Dracocephalum parviflorum</i> Nutt.	Dragon-head	R
<i>Drosera intermedia</i> Hayne	Spatulate-leaved Sundew	R
<i>Dryopteris clintoniana</i> (D. Eat.) Dowell	Clinton's Fern	R
<i>Dryopteris fragrans</i> (L.) Schott	Fragrant Cliff Fern	R1
<i>Dryopteris goldiana</i> (Hook.) Gray	Goldie's Fern	S
<i>Dryopteris Xbootii</i> (Tuckerm.) Underw.	Boott's Wood Fern	R
<i>Dryopteris Xtriploidea</i> Wherry	Triploid Wood Fern	R1
<i>Eleocharis elliptica</i> Kunth	Elliptic Spike-rush	S
<i>Eleocharis flavescens</i> (Poir.) Urban	Olive-brown Spike-rush	R
var. <i>olivacea</i> (Torr.) Gleason		
<i>Eleocharis intermedia</i> Schultes	Intermediate Spike-rush	R
<i>Eleocharis quinqueflora</i> (Hartm.) O. Schwarz	Spike-rush	R1
<i>Elodea nuttallii</i> (Planch.) St. John	Water-weed	R1
<i>Elymus villosus</i> Muhl. ex Willd.	Hairy Wild Rye	R
<i>Elymus wiegandii</i> Fern.	Wiegand's Wild Rye	R1
<i>Epilobium coloratum</i> Biehler	Purple-leaved Willow-herb	R
<i>Epilobium palustre</i> L.	Swamp Willow-herb	R
<i>Epilobium strictum</i> Muhl. ex Spreng.	Downy Willow-herb	S
<i>Equisetum Xlitorale</i> Kuhn.	Shoreline Horsetail	RH
<i>Equisetum Xmackaii</i> (Newm.) Brichan	Hybrid Horsetail	R
<i>Eragrostis frankii</i> C. Meyer ex Steud.	Frank's Love Grass	R1

<i>Eragrostis pectinacea</i> (Michx.) Nees ex Steud.	Pectinate Love Grass	R
<i>Eriocaulon aquaticum</i> (Hill) Druce	Pipewort	R
<i>Eriophorum gracile</i> Koch ex Roth	Slender Cotton-grass	R
<i>Eriophorum tenellum</i> Nutt.	Filiform Cotton-grass	R
<i>Eriophorum vaginatum</i> L.	Dense Cotton-grass	S
<i>Fallopia scandens</i> (L.) Holub	False Buckwheat	R
<i>Festuca subverticillata</i> (Pers.) Alex.	Nodding Fescue	S
<i>Floerkea proserpinacoides</i> Willd.	False Mermaid	R1
<i>Galearis spectabilis</i> (L.) Raf.	Showy Orchis	R
<i>Galium asprellum</i> Michx.	Rough Bedstraw	R
<i>Galium boreale</i> L.	Northern Bedstraw	R1
<i>Galium labradoricum</i> (Wieg.) Wieg.	Bog Bedstraw	S
<i>Galium obtusum</i> Bigel.	Wild Madder	R1
<i>Galium tinctorium</i> L.	Dyer's Bedstraw	R
<i>Galium trifidum</i> L.	Small Bedstraw	S
<i>Gaylussacia baccata</i> (Wang.) K. Koch	Huckleberry	S
<i>Gentianella quinquefolia</i> (L.) Small	Stiff Gentian	S2 R1
<i>Gentianopsis crinita</i> (Froel.) Ma	Fringed Gentian	S
<i>Geum laciniatum</i> Murr.	Slashed Avens	R1
<i>Geum rivale</i> L.	Purple Avens	S
<i>Goodyera pubescens</i> (Willd.) R. Br.	Downy Rattlesnake-plantain	R1
<i>Goodyera repens</i> (L.) R. Br.	Dwarf Rattlesnake-plantain	S
<i>Goodyera tessellata</i> Lodd.	Checkered	R
<i>Gratiola neglecta</i> Torr.	Hedge-hyssop	R
<i>Halenia deflexa</i> (Sm.) Griseb.	Spurred-gentian	R
<i>Heracleum maximum</i> Bartr.	Cow-parsnip	R1
<i>Hieracium umbellatum</i> L.	Kalm's Hawkweed	R
<i>Hippuris vulgaris</i> L.	Mare's-tail	R
<i>Hydrophyllum virginianum</i> L.	Waterleaf	R
<i>Hypericum boreale</i> (Britt.) Bickn.	Dwarf St. John's-wort	S
<i>Hypericum ellipticum</i> Hook.	Pale St. John's-wort	R
<i>Hypericum punctatum</i> Lam.	Spotted St. John's-wort	R1
<i>Isoetes echinospora</i> Dur. ssp. <i>muricata</i> (Dur.) Löve & Löve	Quillwort	S
<i>Isoetes macrospora</i> Dur.	Quillwort	R
<i>Juncus articulatus</i> L.	Jointed Rush	S
<i>Juncus pelocarpus</i> E. Meyer	Brown-fruited Rush	R
<i>Juniperus virginiana</i> L.	Red Cedar	S
<i>Kalmia polifolia</i> Wang.	Bog Laurel	S
<i>Lactuca biennis</i> (Moench) Fern.	Blue Lettuce	S
<i>Leersia virginica</i> Willd.	White Grass	R
<i>Lespedeza capitata</i> Michx.	Round-headed Bush-clover	R1
<i>Leucophysalis grandiflora</i> (Hook.) Rydb.	Large White Ground-cherry	S3 S
<i>Lindernia dubia</i> (L.) Penn.	False Pimpernel	R
<i>Listera cordata</i> (L.) R. Br.	Heartleaved Twayblade	R
<i>Littorella americana</i> Fern.	Shore-plantain	R1
<i>Lobelia spicata</i> Lam.	Pale Spike Lobelia	R1
<i>Lonicera oblongifolia</i> (Goldie) Hook.	Swamp Honeysuckle	S
<i>Luzula acuminata</i> Raf.	Acuminate Wood-rush	R
<i>Luzula multiflora</i> (Retz.) Lej.	Common Wood-rush	R1
<i>Lycopodiella inundata</i> (L.) Holub	Bog Club-moss	R
<i>Lycopodium hickeyi</i> Wagner, Beitel & Moran	Ground-pine	S
<i>Lycopodium obscurum</i> L. var. <i>obscurum</i>	Ground-pine	R
<i>Lysimachia ciliata</i> L.	Fringed Loosestrife	S

<i>Lysimachia quadrifolia</i> L.	Whorled Loosestrife	R
<i>Maianthemum canadense</i> Desf. var. <i>interius</i> Fern.	Hairy Wild Lily-of-the-valley	R
<i>Maianthemum stellatum</i> (L.) Link	Starry False Solomon's Seal	S
<i>Malaxis unifolia</i> Michx.	Green Adder's-mouth	S
<i>Menispermum canadense</i> L.	Moonseed	R
<i>Milium effusum</i> L.	Wild Millet	S
<i>Minuartia michauxii</i> (Fenzl) Farw.	Rock Sandwort	S
<i>Moehringia lateriflora</i> (L.) Fenzl	Grove Sandwort	R
<i>Monarda fistulosa</i> L.	Wild Bergamot	S
<i>Muhlenbergia uniflora</i> (Muhl.) Fern.	One-flowered Muhlenbergia	R1
<i>Myosotis laxa</i> Lehm.	Smaller Forget-me-not	R1
<i>Myriophyllum alterniflorum</i> DC.	Alternate Water-milfoil	S
<i>Myriophyllum heterophyllum</i> Michx.	Diverse-leaved Water-milfoil	R
<i>Myriophyllum verticillatum</i> L.	Whorled Water-milfoil	S
<i>Najas guadalupensis</i> (Spreng.) Magn.	Naiad	S3 S
<i>Nemopanthus mucronatus</i> (L.) Loes.	Mountain-holly	S
<i>Neobeckia aquatica</i> (Eat.) Greene	Lake Cress	S3? R1
<i>Nuphar rubrodisca</i> Morong	Red-disk Pond-lily	R1
<i>Nymphaea odorata</i> Ait. ssp. <i>tuberosa</i> (Paine) Wier. & Hellq.	Tuberous Water-lily	S
<i>Oclemena acuminata</i> (Michx.) Greene	Whorled Wood Aster	R1
<i>Oclemena nemoralis</i> (Dry. in Ait.) Greene	Bog Aster	R
<i>Oenothera parviflora</i> L.	Small-flowered Evening-primrose	S
<i>Ophioglossum pusillum</i> Raf.	Adder's-tongue Fern	R
<i>Osmorrhiza longistylis</i> (Torr.) DC.	Anise-root	RH
<i>Packera aurea</i> L.	Golden Ragwort	R1
<i>Panax quinquefolius</i> L.	Ginseng	S2 S
<i>Panax trifolius</i> L.	Dwarf Ginseng	R
<i>Panicum flexile</i> (Gatt.) Scribn.	Wiry Panic Grass	R
<i>Panicum philadelphicum</i> Bernh. ex Trin.	Philadelphia Witch Grass	S
<i>Parnassia glauca</i> Raf.	Grass-of-parnassus	R
<i>Pellaea atropurpurea</i> (L.) Link	Purple-stemmed Cliffbrake	S3 R
<i>Peltandra virginica</i> (L.) Schott & Endl.	Arrow Arum	S2 R1
<i>Penstemon hirsutus</i> (L.) Willd.	Hairy Beardtongue	S
<i>Persicaria hydropiperoides</i> (Michx.) Sm.	False Water-pepper	R
<i>Persicaria punctata</i> (Ell.) Sm.	Water Knotweed	S
<i>Persicaria sagittata</i> (L.) Gross	Tear-thumb	S
<i>Petasites frigidus</i> (L.) Fries	Sweet Coltsfoot	S
<i>Picea mariana</i> (Mill.) BSP.	Black Spruce	S
<i>Pilea fontana</i> (Lunell) Rydb.	Clearweed	R
<i>Platanthera clavellata</i> (Michx.) Luer	Club-spur Orchid	R
<i>Platanthera dilatata</i> (Pursh) Lindl. ex Beck	White Bog Orchid	R
<i>Platanthera flava</i> (L.) Lindl. var. <i>herbiola</i> (R. Br.) Luer	Tuberclled Orchid	S3 R
<i>Platanthera hookeri</i> (Torr. ex Gray) Lindl.	Hooker's Orchid	S3 S
<i>Platanthera huronensis</i> (Nutt.) Lindl.	Hybrid Bog Orchid	R1
<i>Platanthera macrophylla</i> (Goldie) P.M. Brown	Large Round-leaved Orchid	S2 R1
<i>Platanthera obtusata</i> (Banks ex Pursh) Lindl.	Blunt-leaved Orchid	S
<i>Platanthera orbiculata</i> (Pursh) Lindl.	Round-leaved Orchid	R
<i>Poa alsodes</i> Gray	Woodland Poa	R
<i>Poa saltuensis</i> Fern. & Wieg.	Forest Meadow Grass	S
<i>Polygala polygama</i> Walter	Pink Polygala	R1
<i>Polygala sanguinea</i> L.	Purple Milkwort	S3 R1
<i>Polygala senega</i> L.	Seneca Snakeroot	R
<i>Polygala verticillata</i> L.	Whorled Milkwort	R1
<i>Polygonum douglasii</i> Greene	Douglas' Knotweed	R

<i>Populus deltoides</i> Bartram ex Marsh.	Cottonwood	S
<i>Potamogeton foliosus</i> Raf.	Leafy Pondweed	R
<i>Potamogeton friesii</i> Rupr.	Fries' Pondweed	S
<i>Potamogeton illinoensis</i> Morong	Illinois Pondweed	S
<i>Potamogeton nodosus</i> Poir.	Knotted Pondweed	S
<i>Potamogeton ogdenii</i> Hellq. & Hilton	Ogden's Pondweed	SH RH
<i>Potamogeton praelongus</i> Wulfen	White-stem Pondweed	S
<i>Potamogeton spirillus</i> Tuckerm.	Northern Snailseed Pondweed	R1
<i>Potamogeton strictifolius</i> A. Benn.	Strict-leaved Pondweed	R
<i>Potamogeton vaseyi</i> Robb.	Vasey's Pondweed	R
<i>Potentilla anserina</i> L.	Silverweed	R
<i>Potentilla arguta</i> Pursh	Tall Cinquefoil	R
<i>Prenanthes alba</i> L.	White-lettuce	R
<i>Primula mistassinica</i> Michx.	Bird's-eye Primrose	R1
<i>Proserpinaca palustris</i> L.	Mermaid-weed	S
<i>Prunus pumila</i> L. var. <i>susquehanae</i> (Willd.) Jaeger	Sand Cherry	R
<i>Pseudognaphalium obtusifolium</i> L.	Sweet Everlasting	R
<i>Pterospora andromedea</i> Nutt.	Pinedrops	S2 R
<i>Pyrola americana</i> Sw.	Pyrola	S
<i>Ranunculus fascicularis</i> Muhl. ex Bigel.	Early Buttercup	R1
<i>Ranunculus flammula</i> L. var. <i>reptans</i> (L.) Mey.	Spearwort	S
<i>Ranunculus gmelinii</i> DC.	Yellow Water-crowfoot	R
<i>Ranunculus hispidus</i> Michx. var. <i>caricetorum</i> (Greene) Duncan	Northern Crowfoot	R
<i>Ranunculus sceleratus</i> L.	Cursed Crowfoot	S
<i>Rhus aromatica</i> Ait.	Fragrant Sumac	S
<i>Rhynchospora capillacea</i> Torr.	Beak-rush	R
<i>Rhynchospora capitellata</i> (Michx.) Vahl	Beak-rush	R1
<i>Rhynchospora fusca</i> (L.) Ait. f.	Brown Beak-rush	R1
<i>Ribes hudsonianum</i> Richards.	Northern Wild Black Currant	R1
<i>Rorippa palustris</i> (L.) Bess. ssp. <i>fernaldiana</i> (Butt. & Abbe) Jonsell	Yellow Cress	R
<i>Rubus hispida</i> L.	Dewberry	S
<i>Sagittaria graminea</i> Michx.	Grass-leaved Arrowhead	S
<i>Salix eriocephala</i> Michx.	Missouri Willow	R1
<i>Salix exigua</i> Nutt. ssp. <i>interior</i> (Rowlee) Cronq.	Sandbar Willow	R
<i>Salix humilis</i> Marsh.	Upland Willow	S
<i>Salix nigra</i> Marsh.	Black Willow	R
<i>Salix pedicellaris</i> Pursh	Bog Willow	S
<i>Salix pyrifolia</i> Anderss.	Balsam Willow	R1
<i>Salix serissima</i> (Bailey) Fern.	Autumn Willow	R1
<i>Sanicula odorata</i> (Raf.) Pryer & Phillippe	Clustered Snakeroot	R1
<i>Sanicula trifoliata</i> Bickn.	Large-fruited Snakeroot	S
<i>Schoenoplectus acutus</i> (Muhl. ex Bigel.) Löve & Löve	Great Bulrush	S
<i>Schoenoplectus pungens</i> (Vahl) Palla	American Bulrush	S
<i>Schoenoplectus subterminalis</i> (Torr.) Soják	Swaying-rush	S
<i>Scrophularia lanceolata</i> Pursh	Figwort	S
<i>Scutellaria parvula</i> Michx.	Small Skullcap	R
<i>Selaginella eclipses</i> Buck	Meadow Spikemoss	S
<i>Sicyos angulatus</i> L.	Bur-cucumber	R1

<i>Smilax herbacea</i> L.	Carriion-flower	R
<i>Solidago flexicaulis</i> L.	Ziggag Goldenrod	S
<i>Solidago ptarmicoides</i> (Nees) Boivin	Upland White Goldenrod	R
<i>Sorbus americana</i> Marsh.	American Mountain-ash	R
<i>Sorghastrum nutans</i> (L.) Nash	Indian Grass	R1
<i>Sparganium americanum</i> Nutt.	American Bur-reed	RH
<i>Sparganium angustifolium</i> Michx.	Narrow-leaved Bur-reed	S
<i>Sparganium fluctuans</i> (Morong) Robins.	Floating Bur-reed	S
<i>Sparganium natans</i> L.	Small Bur-reed	S
<i>Spartina pectinata</i> Link	Tall Cord Grass	R
<i>Spiranthes casei</i> Catling & Cruise	Case's Ladies'-tresses	S
<i>Spiranthes lucida</i> (H. H. Eat.) Ames	Shining Ladies'-tresses	R
<i>Spiranthes romanzoffiana</i> Cham.	Hooded Ladies'-tresses	R
<i>Sporobolus heterolepis</i> (Gray) Gray	Prairie Dropseed	S3
<i>Stellaria borealis</i> Bigel.	Northern Stitchwort	R1
<i>Stellaria longifolia</i> Muhl. ex Willd.	Long-leaved Chickweed	R
<i>Stuckenia filiformis</i> Pers. Börner	Threadleaf Pondweed	R
<i>Symphyotrichum boreale</i> (T. & G.) Löve & Löve	Rush Aster	S
<i>Symphyotrichum ontarione</i> (Wieg.) Nesom	Ontario Aster	R
<i>Symphyotrichum oolentangiense</i> (Ridd.) Nesom	Azure Aster	R1
<i>Symphyotrichum Xamethystinum</i> (Nutt.) Nesom	Amethyst Aster	R1
<i>Symplocarpus foetidus</i> (L.) Salisb. ex Nutt.	Skunk-cabbage	R
<i>Teucrium canadense</i> L.	Germander	S
<i>Thalictrum venulosum</i> Trel.	Veiny Meadow-rue	RH
<i>Thelypteris noveboracensis</i> (L.) Nieuwl.	New York Fern	S
<i>Torreyochloa pallida</i> (Torr.) Church	Fernald's Manna Grass	R
var. <i>fernaldii</i> (Hitchc.) Dore ex Koyama & Kawano		
<i>Torreyochloa pallida</i> (Torr.) Church var. <i>pallida</i>	Manna Grass	S2
<i>Toxicodendron radicans</i> (L.) Kuntze	Climbing Poison Ivy	R
ssp. <i>negundo</i> (Greene) Gillis		
<i>Toxicodendron vernix</i> (L.) Kuntze	Poison Sumac	R1
<i>Triadenum virginicum</i> (L.) Raf.	Virginia St. John's-wort	R
<i>Triantha glutinosa</i> (Michx.) Baker	Sticky False Asphodel	R1
<i>Trichophorum alpinum</i> (L.) Pers.	Hudsonian Club-rush	S
<i>Trichostema brachiatum</i> L.	False Pennyroyal	S
<i>Triglochin maritimum</i> L.	Arrow-grass	R
<i>Triglochin palustre</i> L.	Marsh Arrow-grass	R1
<i>Trillium cernuum</i> L.	Nodding Trillium	R
<i>Triodanis perfoliata</i> (L.) Nieuwl.	Venus' Looking-glass	R
<i>Triosteum aurantiacum</i> Bickn.	Horse-gentian	S
<i>Trisetum melicoides</i> (Michx.) Vasey ex Scribn.	Melica-like Trisetum	R1
<i>Trisetum spicatum</i> (L.) Richter	Spike Trisetum	R1
<i>Utricularia cornuta</i> Michx.	Horned Bladderwort	R
<i>Utricularia gibba</i> L.	Humped Bladderwort	R
<i>Utricularia purpurea</i> Walt.	Purple Bladderwort	R1
<i>Utricularia resupinata</i> Greene ex Bigel.	Inverted Bladderwort	R1
<i>Uvularia sessilifolia</i> L.	Sessile-leaved Bellwort	R
<i>Vaccinium corymbosum</i> L.	High Bush Blueberry	R
<i>Vaccinium macrocarpon</i> Ait.	Large Cranberry	S
<i>Verbena simplex</i> Lehm.	Narrow-leaved Vervain	R
<i>Verbena stricta</i> Vent.	Hoary Vervain	S
<i>Verbena urticifolia</i> L.	White Vervain	S
<i>Veronica americana</i> (Raf.) Schwein. ex Benth.	Brooklime	R

<i>Veronica anagallis-aquatica</i> L.	Water Speedwell	S
<i>Veronica peregrina</i> L. ssp. <i>xalapensis</i> (Kunth) Penn.	Purslane Speedwell	R
<i>Viburnum nudum</i> L. var. <i>cassinoides</i> (L.) T. & G.	Northern Wild Raisin	S
<i>Viburnum recognitum</i> Fern.	Southern Arrowwood	S
<i>Viola adunca</i> Sm.	Hooked Violet	R
<i>Viola lanceolata</i> L.	Lance-leaved Violet	R1
<i>Viola nephrophylla</i> Greene	Northern Bog Violet	R
<i>Viola rostrata</i> Pursh	Long-spurred Violet	S
<i>Viola sagittata</i> Ait. var. <i>ovata</i> (Nutt.) T. & G.	Northern Downy Violet	R
<i>Viola selkirkii</i> Pursh	Great-spurred Violet	RH
<i>Wolffia brasiliensis</i> Wedd.	Watermeal	S2? R
<i>Woodwardia virginica</i> (L.) Sm.	Virginia Chain Fern	R
<i>Zizea aurea</i> (L.) Koch	Golden Alexanders	R

## BIBLIOGRAPHY

- Argus, G.W. and D.J. White, eds. 1982. Atlas of the rare vascular plants of Ontario. Part 1. National Museum of Natural Sciences. 126 pp.
- Argus, G.W. and D.J. White, eds. 1983. Atlas of the rare vascular plants of Ontario. Part 2. National Museum of Natural Sciences. 148 pp.
- Argus, G.W. and C.J. Keddy, eds. 1984. Atlas of the rare vascular plants of Ontario. Part 3. National Museum of Natural Sciences.
- Ball, P.W. 1985. An annotated key to the genus *Arabis* (Rock-cress) in Ontario. The Plant Press 3:60-62.
- Bassett, I.J., C.W. Crompton, and D.W. Woodland. 1974. The family Urticaceae in Canada. Canadian Journal of Botany 52:503-516.
- BONAP. 2010. Biota of North America Program. A Synonymized Checklist of the Vascular Flora of the United States, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands (list dated July, 1998). Internet resource at <http://www.csdl.tamu.edu/FLORA/b98/check98.htm>.
- Brownell, V.R. 1992. A biological inventory and evaluation of the Darling Township Area of Natural and Scientific Interest. [Unpublished report]. Open File Ecological Report, Ontario Ministry of Natural Resources, Kemptville. 80 pp.
- Brownell, V.R. and B.M.H. Larson. 1995. A biological inventory and evaluation of the old-growth features of the Perch Lake Pine Forest. [Unpublished report]. Ontario Ministry of Natural Resources, Kemptville. 55 pp.
- Brunton, D.F. 1979. Botanical inventory of the Mill of Kintail Conservation Area, Almonte, Ontario. [Unpublished report]. Mississippi Valley Conservation Authority, Carleton Place. 22 pp.
- Brunton, D.F. 1985. Recent significant plant records from the Ottawa District. Trail & Landscape 19:27-47 (Part 1); 96-112 (Part 2); 155-175 (Part 3).
- Brunton, D.F. 1986. A life science inventory of the Burnt Lands. [Unpublished report]. Ontario Ministry of Natural Resources, Carleton Place. 118 pp.
- Brunton, D.F. 1988. The Clay Bank alvar. Trail & Landscape 22:53-65.
- Brunton, D.F. 1990. Life science Areas of Natural and Scientific Interest in Site District 5-11: a review and assessment of significant natural areas in Site District 5-11. Ontario Ministry of Natural Resources, Kemptville. 164 pp.
- Brunton, D.F. 2005. Vascular plants of the City of Ottawa, with the identification of significant species. Appendix A of Urban Natural Areas, Environmental Evaluation Study. Report prepared for the City of Ottawa. 137 pp.
- Catling, P.M., A.A. Reznicek, and J.L. Riley. 1977. Some new and interesting grass records from southern Ontario. Canadian Field Naturalist 91:350-359.
- Catling, P.M. and Z.S. Porebski. 1994. The history of invasion and current status of Glossy Buckthorn, *Rhamnus frangula*, in southern Ontario. Canadian Field Naturalist 108:305-310.
- Cody, W.J. 1978. Ferns of the Ottawa District. Research Branch, Canada Department of Agriculture. Publication 974. 112 pp.
- Cody, W.J. and D.M. Britton. 1989. Ferns and fern allies of Canada. Research Branch, Agriculture Canada. Publication 1829/E. 430 pp.
- COSEWIC, 2007. COSEWIC Assessment and Status Report on the Ogden's pondweed *Potamogeton ogdenii* in Canada. Committee on the Status of Endangered Wildlife in Canada. Ottawa. vi + 19 pp. Report available at [www.sararegistry.gc.ca/sar/index/default\\_e.cfm](http://www.sararegistry.gc.ca/sar/index/default_e.cfm).
- COSEWIC. 2010. Canadian species at risk. February 2010. Committee on the Status of Endangered Wildlife in Canada. List available at [www.cosewic.gc.ca](http://www.cosewic.gc.ca).
- Crins, W.J., D.A. Sutherland, and M.J. Oldham. 1987. *Veronica verna* (Scrophulariaceae), an overlooked element of the naturalized flora of Ontario. Michigan Botanist 26:161-165.
- Crowder, A., K.E.J. Topping, and J.C. Topping. 1997. Plants of the Kingston Region: 1996. Queen's University, Kingston. 123 pp.
- Cuddy, D.G. 1991. Vascular plants of Eastern Ontario. Draft 2.0. Ontario Ministry of Natural Resources, Eastern Region, Kemptville. 80 pp.
- Darbyshire, S.J. 1982. Some additions and annotations to the Checklist of Vascular Plants of the Ottawa-Hull Region, Canada. Trail & Landscape 16:214-220.
- Dobson, I. and P.M. Catling. 1983. Pondweeds (*Potamogeton*) of the Ottawa District. Trail & Landscape 17:79-99.
- Dore, W.G. 1959. Grasses of the Ottawa District. Publication 1049, Canada Department of Agriculture, Ottawa. 73 pp.

- Dore, W.G. and J. McNeill. 1980. Grasses of Ontario. Research Branch, Agriculture Canada, Monograph No. 26. 566 pp.
- Douglas, R.J.W., coord. 1977. Map 1334A (Riviere Gatineau - Quebec-Ontario). 1:1,000,000 geological atlas sheet 31. Geological Survey of Canada.
- Ecological Services. 2004. Wetland inventory and assessment of Murphys Point Provincial Park. Ontario Parks, South Eastern Zone, Ministry of Natural Resources, Kingston. 28 pp + appendices and maps. MNR #51938.
- FNA. 2010. Flora of North America digital library. Internet resource at [http://www.efloras.org/flora\\_page.aspx?flora\\_id=1](http://www.efloras.org/flora_page.aspx?flora_id=1).
- FOIBIS. 2010. FLORA Ontario – Integrated Botanical Information System. University of Guelph internet resource at <http://www.uoguelph.ca/foibis/browse.htm>.
- Freeman, E.B., ed. 1979. Geological highway map, southern Ontario. Ontario Geological Survey, Map 2441.
- Gartner-Lee Associates Ltd. 1984. Peat and peatland evaluation of the Kingston-Belleville area. Volumes 1-7. [Unpublished report]. Ontario Geological Survey, Open File Report 5490. 201 pp.
- Gillett, J.M. and D.J. White. 1978. Checklist of plants of the Ottawa-Hull Region, Canada. National Museum of Natural Sciences, Ottawa. 155 pp.
- Gleason, H.A. 1952. Illustrated flora of the Northeastern United States and adjacent Canada. 3 vols. Hafner, New York.
- Gleason, H.A. and A. Cronquist. 1991. Manual of vascular plants of the Northeastern United States and adjacent Canada. 2<sup>nd</sup> edition. The New York Botanical Garden, New York.
- Haber, E. 1973. A preliminary inventory of plants at the Mill of Kintail. [Unpublished report]. Mississippi Valley Conservation Authority. 4 pp.
- Keddy, P. 2008. Earth, Water, Fire. An ecological profile of Lanark County. Motion Creative Printing, Carleton Place, Ontario. 72 pp.
- Kirschbaum, C.D. 2007. The taxonomy of *Carex trisperma* (CYPERACEAE). Journal of the Botanical Research Institute of Texas 1: 389 – 405.
- Lemky, K. and P. Keddy. 1988. An unusual shoreline flora along the Mississippi River, Lanark County. Trail & Landscape 22:49-52.
- Lindsay, K.M. 1974. A brief biological inventory of Murphys Point Provincial Park Reserve, Lanark County, Ontario. [Unpublished report]. Ministry of Natural Resources, Park Planning Branch, Toronto.
- Meades, S.J., D. Schnare, K. Lawrence, and C. Faulkner. 2010. Northern Ontario Plant Database Website. <http://www.northernontarioflora.ca/>. Algoma University College and Great Lakes Forestry Centre, Sault Ste. Marie, Ontario, Canada.
- Montgomery, F.H. 1957. The introduced plants of Ontario growing outside of cultivation (Part II). Transactions of the Royal Canadian Institute Vol. XXXII:3-35.
- Morton, J.K. and J.M. Venn. 1990. A checklist of the flora of Ontario - vascular plants. University of Waterloo Biology Series #34. 218 pp.
- Mosquin, T. 1985. A management plan for the Showy Lady's Slipper, *Cypripedium reginae*, in the Purdon Conservation Area, Lanark County, Ontario. [Unpublished report]. Mississippi Valley Conservation Authority.
- Newmaster, S.G., A. Lehela, P.W.C. Uhlig, S. McMurray, M.J. Oldham. 1998. Ontario Plant List. Ontario Ministry of Natural Resources, Ontario Forest Research Institute, Sault Ste. Marie, Ontario. Forest Research Information Paper No. 123. 550 pp.
- NHIC. 2010. Natural Heritage Information Centre. Species List for Provincially-Tracked Vascular Plants. Internet resource at [http://nhic.mnr.gov.on.ca/MNR/nhic/species/listout\\_track.cfm?el=p&alpha=a](http://nhic.mnr.gov.on.ca/MNR/nhic/species/listout_track.cfm?el=p&alpha=a).
- Oldham, M.J. 1999. Natural heritage resources of Ontario: rare vascular plants. 3rd edition. Natural Heritage Information Centre. 53 pp.
- Oldham, M.J., S.J. Darbyshire, D. McLeod, D.A. Sutherland, D. Tiedje, and J.M. Bowles. 1995. New and noteworthy Ontario grass (Poaceae) records. The Michigan Botanist 34:105-132.
- Phipps, J.B. and M. Muniyamma. 1980. A taxonomic revision of *Crataegus* (Rosaceae) in Ontario. Canadian Journal of Botany 58:1621-1699.
- Pringle, J.S. 1995. The history of the exploration of the vascular flora of Canada, Saint-Pierre et Miquelon, and Greenland. Canadian Field-Naturalist 109:291-356.
- Pryer, K. and G.W. Argus. eds. 1987. Atlas of the rare vascular plants of Ontario. Part 4. National Museum of Natural Sciences.
- Reddoch, J.M. and A.H. Reddoch. 1997. The orchids in the Ottawa District: floristics, phytogeography, population studies and historical review. Canadian Field-Naturalist 111:1-185.

- Reddoch, J. 1977. Prairie White Fringed Orchid a new orchid for the Ottawa area. *Trail & Landscape* 11:16-19.
- Riley, J. 1979. Ontario's pondweeds (genus *Potamogeton*). *Ontario Field Biologist* 33(2):1-26.
- Ross, E.G. 1984. John Kerr McMorine, 1842-1912, clergyman and botanist. *Trail & Landscape* 18:142-152.
- Rowe, J.S. 1972. Forest regions of Canada. Canadian Forest Service, Ottawa.
- Saarela, J.M., P.M. Peterson, R.J. Soreng, and R.E. Chapman. 2003. A Taxonomic Revision of the Eastern North American and Eastern Asian Disjunct Genus *Brachyelytrum* (Poaceae): Evidence from Morphology, Phytogeography and AFLPs. *Systematic Botany* 28:674-692.
- Scoggan, H.J. 1978-1979. The flora of Canada. National Museums of Canada, Ottawa. 4 parts. 1711 pp.
- Semple, J.C., S.B. Heard, and L. Brouillet. 2002. Cultivated and native asters of Ontario (Compositae: Astereae): *Aster* L. (including *Asteromoea* Blume, *Diplactis* Raf. and *Kalimeris* (Cass.) Cass.), *Callistephus* Cass., *Galatella* Cass., *Doellingeria* Nees, *Oclemena* E.L. Greene, *Eurybia* (Cass.) S.F. Gray, *Canadanthus* Nesom, and *Symphyotrichum* Nees (including *Virgulus* Raf.). University of Waterloo Biology Series 41, Waterloo. 134 pp.
- Semple, J.C. and G.S. Ringius. 1992. The Goldenrods of Ontario. *Solidago* and *Euthamia*. Revised edition. University of Waterloo Biology Series 36, Waterloo. 82 pp.
- Sentesy, S. 2008. A place in time: the natural resources of Lanark County. Community Stewardship Council of Lanark County. 134 pp.
- Soper, J.S. and M.L. Heimburger. 1982. Shrubs of Ontario. Royal Ontario Museum. 495 pp.
- Thomson, E.R. 2005a. Survey of vascular plants, Bell bushlot. Part of W half of Lot 20, Conc 3, Mississippi Mills (Ramsay Tp.), Lanark County, Ontario. [Unpublished report]. Nature Conservancy of Canada. 17 pp.
- Thomson, E.R. 2005b. *Wolfia brasiliensis* in Eastern Ontario: an addition to the flora of Canada. *Canadian Field-Naturalist* 119: 137-138.
- Toner, M., N. Stow, and C. Keddy. 1995. Arrow Arum, *Peltandra virginica*: a nationally rare plant in the Ottawa Valley region of Ontario. *Canadian Field-Naturalist* 109:441-442.
- Voss, E.G. 1972, 1985, 1996. Michigan Flora. Part 1 (Gymnosperms and Monocots), Part 2 (Dicots: Saururaceae-Cornaceae), and Part 3 (Dicots: Pyrolaceae-Compositae). Cranbrook Institute of Science Bulletins 55, 59, and 61, and University of Michigan Herbarium. Part 1: 488 pp., Part 2: 724 pp., Part 3: 622 pp.
- Warner, B.G. and C.D.A. Rubec, eds. 1997. The Canadian Wetland Classification System. Second Edition. The National Wetlands Working Group. This publication can be downloaded free of charge from [www.portofentry.com/Wetlands.pdf](http://www.portofentry.com/Wetlands.pdf).
- White, D.J. 1988a. An interesting fen at the Purdon Conservation Area. *Trail & Landscape* 22:44-48.
- White, D.J. 1988b. A life science inventory of forest stands in Lanark County. [Unpublished report]. Ministry of Natural Resources, Eastern Region, Kemptville.
- White, D.J. 1992. Life science Areas of Natural and Scientific Interest in Site District 6-11: a review and assessment of significant natural areas. Ontario Ministry of Natural Resources, Kemptville. 104 pp.
- White, D.J. 1993. Life science Areas of Natural and Scientific Interest in Site District 6-10: a review and assessment of significant natural areas. Ontario Ministry of Natural Resources, Kemptville. 120 pp.
- White, D.J. 1999. Perch Lake Pine Forest Life Science Inventory. [Unpublished report]. Ontario Ministry of Natural Resources, Kemptville. 26 pp.
- White, D.J., E. Haber, and C. Keddy. 1993. Invasive plants of natural habitats in Canada—An integrated review of wetland and upland species and legislation governing their control. Canadian Wildlife Service, Ottawa. 115 pp.
- Whiting, E.M. and P.M. Catling. 1986. Orchids of Ontario. Canacoll Foundation, Ottawa.

# INDEX

The alphabetical listing of rare and sparse native species in Appendix 2 is not included in the page numbers below.

<i>Abies</i> . . . . .	25	<i>Apera</i> . . . . .	28	Barberry . . . . .	50
<i>Abutilon</i> . . . . .	60	APIACEAE . . . . .	63	BARBERRY FAMILY . . . . .	50
<i>Acalypha</i> . . . . .	58	<i>Apios</i> . . . . .	56	Barley . . . . .	30
<i>Acer</i> . . . . .	59	APOCYNACEAE . . . . .	65	Barnyard Grass . . . . .	29, 79
ACERACEAE . . . . .	59	<i>Apocynum</i> . . . . .	65	Barren-strawberry . . . . .	56
<i>Achillea</i> . . . . .	73	AQUIFOLIACEAE . . . . .	59	Basil . . . . .	67
<i>Acinos</i> . . . . .	67, 80	<i>Aquilegia</i> . . . . .	49	Basil Balm . . . . .	67
<i>Acnida</i> . . . . .	47	Arabidopsis . . . . .	51	Basswood . . . . .	60
<i>Acorus</i> . . . . .	38	<i>Arabis</i> . . . . .	51	Bastard Toadflax . . . . .	45, 79
<i>Actaea</i> . . . . .	49	ARACEAE . . . . .	38	BAYBERRY FAMILY . . . . .	44
Adder's-mouth . . . . .	42	<i>Aralia</i> . . . . .	62	Beak-rush . . . . .	37
Adder's-tongue Fern . . . . .	23	ARALIACEAE . . . . .	62	BEAN FAMILY . . . . .	56
<i>Adiantum</i> . . . . .	23	<i>Arctium</i> . . . . .	73	Bearberry . . . . .	63
<i>Adlumia</i> . . . . .	51	<i>Arctostaphylos</i> . . . . .	63	Bearded Shorthusk . . . . .	28
<i>Aegopodium</i> . . . . .	63	<i>Arenaria</i> . . . . .	48	Beardtongue . . . . .	69
<i>Agalinis</i> . . . . .	69	<i>Arethusa</i> . . . . .	41	Bedstraw . . . . .	70, 71
<i>Ageratina</i> . . . . .	73, 75	<i>Argentina</i> . . . . .	55	Bee-balm . . . . .	68
<i>Agrimonia</i> . . . . .	54	<i>Arisaema</i> . . . . .	38	Beech . . . . .	23, 45, 70
<i>Agropyron</i> . . . . .	28, 29	ARISTOLOCHIACEAE . . . . .	46	BEECH FAMILY . . . . .	45
<i>Agrostis</i> . . . . .	28, 79	<i>Armoracia</i> . . . . .	51, 52	Beech-drops . . . . .	70
AIZOACEAE . . . . .	48	<i>Aronia</i> . . . . .	54	Beggarticks . . . . .	73, 74
<i>Ajuga</i> . . . . .	67	<i>Arrhenatherum</i> . . . . .	28	Bellflower . . . . .	72
<i>Alcea</i> . . . . .	60	Arrow Arum . . . . .	38	Bellwort . . . . .	40
Alfalfa . . . . .	57	Arrow-grass . . . . .	27	Bent Grass . . . . .	28
<i>Alisma</i> . . . . .	27	ARROW-GRASS FAMILY . . . . .	27	BERBERIDACEAE . . . . .	50
ALISMATACEAE . . . . .	27	Arrowhead . . . . .	27	<i>Berberis</i> . . . . .	50
Alkali Grass . . . . .	31	Arrowleaf . . . . .	27	<i>Berteroia</i> . . . . .	51
Alleghany-vine . . . . .	51	Arrowwood . . . . .	72	<i>Betula</i> . . . . .	44, 45
<i>Alliaria</i> . . . . .	51	<i>Artemisia</i> . . . . .	73	BETULACEAE . . . . .	44
<i>Allium</i> . . . . .	39	ARUM FAMILY . . . . .	38	<i>Bidens</i> . . . . .	73, 74, 76
<i>Alnus</i> . . . . .	44	<i>Asarum</i> . . . . .	46	Big Bluestem . . . . .	28
<i>Alopecurus</i> . . . . .	28	ASCLEPIADACEAE . . . . .	65	Bindweed . . . . .	46, 66
<i>Alyssum</i> . . . . .	51	<i>Asclepias</i> . . . . .	65	Birch . . . . .	44, 45
AMARANTH FAMILY . . . . .	47	Ash . . . . .	65	BIRCH FAMILY . . . . .	44
AMARANTHACEAE . . . . .	47	<i>Asparagus</i> . . . . .	39	Bird's-eye Primrose . . . . .	64
<i>Amaranthus</i> . . . . .	47	Aspen . . . . .	43	Bird's-foot Trefoil . . . . .	57
<i>Ambrosia</i> . . . . .	73	ASPLENIACEAE . . . . .	24	BIRTHWORT FAMILY . . . . .	46
<i>Amelanchier</i> . . . . .	54, 79	<i>Asplenium</i> . . . . .	24	Bittersweet . . . . .	59
American Eel-grass . . . . .	28	ASTERACEAE . . . . .	73	Bitter-cress . . . . .	52
<i>Amerorchis</i> . . . . .	41	<i>Astragalus</i> . . . . .	56	Black Chokeberry . . . . .	54
<i>Amphicarpa</i> . . . . .	56	<i>Athyrium</i> . . . . .	24	Black Locust . . . . .	57
ANACARDIACEAE . . . . .	58	<i>Atriplex</i> . . . . .	47	Black Medic . . . . .	57
<i>Anaphalis</i> . . . . .	73	<i>Avena</i> . . . . .	28	Black Walnut . . . . .	44
<i>Andromeda</i> . . . . .	63	Avens . . . . .	55, 79	Blackberry . . . . .	56
<i>Andropogon</i> . . . . .	28, 32	Balsam Fir . . . . .	25	Bladder Campion . . . . .	48
<i>Anemone</i> . . . . .	49	Balsam Ragwort . . . . .	76	Bladderwort . . . . .	70
Anise-root . . . . .	63	BALSAMINACEAE . . . . .	59	BLADDERWORT FAMILY . . . . .	70
<i>Antennaria</i> . . . . .	73	<i>Balsamita</i> . . . . .	78	Blazing-star . . . . .	76
<i>Anthemis</i> . . . . .	73	Baneberry . . . . .	49	BLECHNACEAE . . . . .	24
<i>Anthoxanthum</i> . . . . .	30	<i>Barbarea</i> . . . . .	51	Bloodroot . . . . .	51
<i>Anthriscus</i> . . . . .	63			Blue Cohosh . . . . .	50

Blue Flag .....	40	Butternut .....	44	CERATOPHYLLACEAE .....	49
Blue Grass .....	31	Buttonbush .....	70	<i>Ceratophyllum</i> .....	49
Blue Lettuce .....	76	<i>Calamagrostis</i> .....	29	<i>Chamaedaphne</i> .....	64
Blue-beech .....	45	<i>Calla</i> .....	38	<i>Chamaesyce</i> .....	58
Blue-weed .....	66	CALLITRICHACEAE .....	58	<i>Chamerion</i> .....	61
Bluebead-lily .....	39	<i>Callitrichie</i> .....	58, 79	Chamomile .....	73, 78
Blueberry .....	63, 64, 79	<i>Calopogon</i> .....	41	Charlock .....	53
Blue-eyed Grass .....	80	<i>Caltha</i> .....	49	<i>Chelidonium</i> .....	50
<i>Boehmeria</i> .....	45	<i>Calypso</i> .....	41	<i>Chelone</i> .....	69
Bog Laurel .....	64	<i>Calystegia</i> .....	66	CHENOPODIACEAE .....	47
Bog Rosemary .....	63	<i>Camelina</i> .....	51	<i>Chenopodium</i> .....	47, 79
<i>Bolboschoenus</i> .....	33, 79	<i>Campanula</i> .....	72	Cherry .....	55
Boneset .....	75	CAMPANULACEAE .....	72	Chess .....	29
BORAGE FAMILY .....	66	<i>Camptosorus</i> .....	24	Chickweed .....	48, 49
BORAGINACEAE .....	66	Canada Bluejoint .....	29	Chicory .....	74
<i>Botrychium</i> .....	23, 79	Canada Plum .....	55	<i>Chimaphila</i> .....	64
Bottle-brush .....	29	Canada Water-weed .....	28	Chives .....	39
Bouncing Bet .....	48	Canada Yew .....	25	Christmas Fern .....	25
<i>Bouteloua</i> .....	28	Candytuft .....	52	<i>Chrysanthemum</i> .....	74, 76, 78
<i>Brachyactis</i> .....	77	CANNABACEAE .....	45	<i>Chrysosplenium</i> .....	53
<i>Brachelytrum</i> .....	28	<i>Cannabis</i> .....	45	<i>Cichorium</i> .....	74
Bracken Fern .....	23	CAPER FAMILY .....	51	<i>Cicuta</i> .....	63
BRACKEN FERN FAMILY ..	23	CAPPARACEAE .....	51	<i>Cinna</i> .....	29
<i>Brasenia</i> .....	49	CAPRIFOLIACEAE .....	71	Cinnamon Fern .....	23
<i>Brassica</i> .....	51, 53	<i>Capsella</i> .....	51	Cinquefoil .....	55
BRASSICACEAE .....	51	<i>Caragana</i> .....	56	<i>Circae</i> .....	61
Brome Grass .....	28, 29	<i>Caraway</i> .....	63	<i>Cirsium</i> .....	74
<i>Bromus</i> .....	28, 29	<i>Cardamine</i> .....	51, 52, 80	CISTACEAE .....	60
Brooklime .....	69	Cardinal-flower .....	72	<i>Cladium</i> .....	37
BROOM-RAPE FAMILY ..	70	<i>Carduus</i> .....	74	Clammyweed .....	51
Brown-eyed Susan .....	77	<i>Carex</i> .....	33-36, 79	Claytonia .....	48
Brown-top .....	79	Carpetweed .....	48	Clearweed .....	45
Buckbean .....	65	CARPETWEED FAMILY ..	48	Cleavers .....	70
BUCKBEAN FAMILY ..	65	<i>Carpinus</i> .....	45	<i>Clematis</i> .....	49
Buckthorn .....	59	Carriion-flower .....	40	Cliff Fern .....	24
BUCKTHORN FAMILY ..	59	<i>Carum</i> .....	63	Cliffbrake .....	23
Buckwheat .....	46	<i>Carya</i> .....	44	<i>Clinopodium</i> .....	67
BUCKWHEAT FAMILY ..	46	CARYOPHYLLACEAE .....	48	<i>Clintonia</i> .....	39
Buffaloberry .....	61	CASHEW FAMILY .....	58	Clover .....	57, 80
Bugle .....	67	<i>Cassandra</i> .....	64	CLUB-MOSS FAMILY .....	22
Bulblet Fern .....	24	CATBRIER FAMILY .....	40	Club-rush .....	38
Bulbous Poa .....	31	Catnip .....	68	Club-moss .....	22
Bullhead-lily .....	49	Cattail .....	25	CLUSIACEAE .....	60
Bulrush .....	33, 38, 79	CATTAIL FAMILY .....	25	Coastblite .....	79
Bunchberry .....	63	<i>Caulophyllum</i> .....	50	Cocklebur .....	78
Bur Bristle Grass .....	32	<i>Ceanothus</i> .....	59	<i>Coeloglossum</i> .....	41
Bur-cucumber .....	72	Celandine .....	50	<i>Collinsia</i> .....	69
BUR-REED FAMILY ..	26	CELASTRACEAE .....	59	<i>Collomia</i> .....	66
Burdock .....	73	<i>Celastrus</i> .....	59	Coltsfoot .....	76, 78
Bur-reed .....	26	<i>Celtis</i> .....	45	Columbine .....	49
Bush-honeysuckle .....	71	<i>Centaurea</i> .....	74	<i>Comandra</i> .....	45, 79
BUTOMACEAE .....	28	<i>Centaurium</i> .....	65	<i>Comarum</i> .....	55
<i>Butomus</i> .....	28	Centaury .....	65	Common Flax .....	57
Butter-and-eggs .....	69	<i>Cephalanthus</i> .....	70	Common Reed Grass .....	31
Buttercup .....	49, 50	<i>Cerastium</i> .....	48	Common Tansy .....	78

COMPOSITAE .....	73	Daffodil .....	40	Duckweed .....	38
COMPOSITE FAMILY .....	73	Daisy .....	74, 76	DUCKWEED FAMILY .....	38
<i>Comptonia</i> .....	44	<i>Dalibarda</i> .....	54	<i>Dulichium</i> .....	37
Coneflower .....	76, 77	Dame's Rocket .....	52	Dutchman's-breeches .....	51
<i>Conringia</i> .....	52	Dandelion .....	76, 78	Dwarf Ginseng .....	62
<i>Convallaria</i> .....	39	<i>Danthonia</i> .....	29	Dwarf Snapdragon .....	69
CONVOLVULACEAE .....	66	<i>Dasiphora</i> .....	55	Early Saxifrage .....	53
<i>Convolvulus</i> .....	66	<i>Datura</i> .....	68	Ebony Spleenwort .....	24
<i>Conyza</i> .....	74	<i>Daucus</i> .....	63	<i>Echinochloa</i> .....	29, 79
Coontail .....	49	Day-lily .....	39	<i>Echinocystis</i> .....	72
<i>Coptis</i> .....	49	<i>Decodon</i> .....	61	<i>Echinops</i> .....	74
<i>Corallorrhiza</i> .....	41	DEER-FERN FAMILY .....	24	<i>Echium</i> .....	66
Coralroot .....	41	<i>Dennstaedtia</i> .....	23	ELAEAGNACEAE .....	61
<i>Coreopsis</i> .....	74	DENNSTAEDTIACEAE .....	23	<i>Elaeagnus</i> .....	61
CORNACEAE .....	63	<i>Dentaria</i> .....	51, 52	Elder .....	71
<i>Cornus</i> .....	63	<i>Deparia</i> .....	24	Elderberry .....	71
<i>Coronilla</i> .....	56	Deptford Pink .....	48	Elecampane .....	75
<i>Corydalis</i> .....	51	<i>Deschampsia</i> .....	29	<i>Eleocharis</i> .....	37
<i>Corylus</i> .....	45	<i>Descurainia</i> .....	52	Elm .....	45
Costmary .....	78	<i>Desmodium</i> .....	56	ELM FAMILY .....	45
<i>Cotinus</i> .....	58	Dewberry .....	56, 80	<i>Elodea</i> .....	28
Cotton-grass .....	37	Dewdrop .....	54	<i>Elymus</i> .....	29, 30
Cottonwood .....	43	<i>Dianthus</i> .....	48	Enchanter's Nightshade .....	61
Cow-wheat .....	69	<i>Dicentra</i> .....	51	<i>Epifagus</i> .....	70
Cow-parsnip .....	63	<i>Dichanthelium</i> .....	29, 31	<i>Epigaea</i> .....	64
Crab Grass .....	29	<i>Diervilla</i> .....	71	<i>Epilobium</i> .....	61, 62
Cranberry .....	64	<i>Digitaria</i> .....	29	<i>Epipactis</i> .....	41
Crane's-bill .....	57	<i>Diphasiastrum</i> .....	22	EQUISETACEAE .....	22
CRASSULACEAE .....	53	<i>Diplazium</i> .....	24	<i>Equisetum</i> .....	22, 79
<i>Crataegus</i> .....	54	<i>Diplotaxis</i> .....	52	<i>Eragrostis</i> .....	30
Creeping Snowberry .....	64	DIPSACACEAE .....	72	<i>Erechites</i> .....	74
<i>Crepis</i> .....	74	<i>Dipsacus</i> .....	72	ERICACEAE .....	63
Cress .....	51-53, 80	<i>Dirca</i> .....	61	<i>Erigeron</i> .....	74
Crowfoot .....	49, 50	DITCH STONECROP FAMILY .....	53	ERIOCAULACEAE .....	38
CROWFOOT FAMILY .....	49	Ditch-stonecrop .....	53	<i>Eriocalon</i> .....	38
Crown-vetch .....	56	Dock .....	46, 47	<i>Eriophorum</i> .....	37, 79
CRUCIFERAE .....	51	Dodder .....	66	<i>Erodium</i> .....	57
<i>Cryptogramma</i> .....	23	<i>Doellingeria</i> .....	73, 74	<i>Erophila</i> .....	52
<i>Cryptotaenia</i> .....	63	Dog Mustard .....	52	<i>Erucastrum</i> .....	52
Cuckoo-flower .....	52	Dogbane .....	65	<i>Erysimum</i> .....	52
CUCURBITACEAE .....	72	DOGBANE FAMILY .....	65	<i>Erythronium</i> .....	39
Cudweed .....	75, 80	Dogwood .....	63	<i>Eupatorium</i> .....	74, 75
CUPRESSACEAE .....	25	DOGWOOD FAMILY .....	63	<i>Euphorbia</i> .....	58
Currant .....	54	Dog's-tooth-violet .....	39	EUPHORBIACEAE .....	58
<i>Cuscuta</i> .....	66	<i>Draba</i> .....	52	<i>Euphrasia</i> .....	69
<i>Cyclachaena</i> .....	74, 75	<i>Dracocephalum</i> .....	67	<i>Eurybia</i> .....	75
<i>Cymbalaria</i> .....	69	Dragon-head .....	67	<i>Euthamia</i> .....	75
<i>Cynanchum</i> .....	65	Dragon's-mouth .....	41	Evening-primrose .....	61, 62
<i>Cynoglossum</i> .....	66	Drooping Woodreed .....	29	EVENING-PRIMROSE FAMILY .....	61
CYPERACEAE .....	33	Dropseed .....	32	Everlasting .....	73, 76
<i>Cyperus</i> .....	35, 37	<i>Drosera</i> .....	53	Everlasting Pea .....	56
CYPRESS FAMILY .....	25	DROSERACEAE .....	53	Eyebane .....	58
<i>Cypripedium</i> .....	41	<i>Drymocallis</i> .....	55	Eyebright .....	69
<i>Cystopteris</i> .....	24	DRYOPTERIDACEAE .....	24	FABACEAE .....	56
<i>Dactylis</i> .....	29	<i>Dryopteris</i> .....	24, 25		

FAGACEAE .....	45	<i>Gaylussacia</i> .....	64	<i>Habenaria</i> .....	41-43
<i>Fagopyrum</i> .....	46	Gaywings .....	57	Hackberry .....	45
<i>Fagus</i> .....	45	Gentian .....	65	<i>Hackelia</i> .....	66
Fairy-slipper .....	41	GENTIAN FAMILY .....	65	<i>Halenia</i> .....	65
<i>Falllopia</i> .....	46	<i>Gentiana</i> .....	65	HALORAGACEAE .....	62
False Asphodel .....	40	GENTIANACEAE .....	65	Harebell .....	72
False Buckwheat .....	46	<i>Gentianella</i> .....	65	HAREBELL FAMILY .....	72
False Flax .....	51	<i>Gentianopsis</i> .....	65	Hare's-ear Mustard .....	52
False Melic Grass .....	31	<i>Geocaulon</i> .....	79	Hawkweed .....	75
False Mermaid .....	58	GERANIACEAE .....	57	Hawk's-beard .....	74
FALSE MERMAID FAMILY ..	58	<i>Geranium</i> .....	57	Hawthorn .....	54
False Nettle .....	45	GERANIUM FAMILY .....	57	Hay-scented Fern .....	23
False Pennyroyal .....	68	<i>Gerardia</i> .....	69	Hazelnut .....	45
False Pimpernel .....	69	Germaner .....	68	Heal-all .....	68
False Solomon's Seal .....	40	<i>Geum</i> .....	55, 79	HEATH FAMILY .....	63
False Spiraea .....	56	Gill-over-the-ground .....	67	<i>Hedeoma</i> .....	67, 80
False Water-pepper .....	46	Ginseng .....	62	Hedge Mustard .....	53
FANWORT FAMILY .....	49	GINSENG FAMILY .....	62	Hedge-hyssop .....	69
Fescue .....	30, 32	<i>Glechoma</i> .....	67	Hedge-nettle .....	68
<i>Festuca</i> .....	30, 32	<i>Gleditsia</i> .....	79	<i>Helianthus</i> .....	75
Field Cress .....	52	Globe-thistle .....	74	<i>Heliopsis</i> .....	75
Field Garlic .....	39	<i>Glyceria</i> .....	30	Helleborine .....	41
Field Mustard .....	51	<i>Gnaphalium</i> .....	75, 76, 80	<i>Hemerocallis</i> .....	39
Field Pansy .....	60	Goat's-beard .....	78	Hemlock .....	25
Figwort .....	69	Golden Alexanders .....	63	HEMP FAMILY .....	45
FIGWORT FAMILY .....	69	Golden-saxifrage .....	53	Hemp-nettle .....	67
Fireweed .....	61	Goldencreeper .....	72	<i>Hepatica</i> .....	49
FLAX FAMILY .....	57	Goldenglow .....	77	<i>Heracleum</i> .....	63
Fleabane .....	74	Goldenrod .....	75, 77	Herb Robert .....	57
<i>Floerkea</i> .....	58	Goldthread .....	49	<i>Hesperis</i> .....	52
FLOWERING FERN FAMILY ..	23	<i>Goodyera</i> .....	41, 42	<i>Heteranthera</i> .....	39
Flowering-rush .....	28	Gooseberry .....	54	<i>Hibiscus</i> .....	60
FLOWERING-RUSH FAMILY ..	28	GOOSEBERRY FAMILY .....	54	Hickory .....	44
Flower-of-an-hour .....	60	Goosefoot .....	47	<i>Hieracium</i> .....	75
Foamflower .....	54	GOOSEFOOT FAMILY .....	47	<i>Hierochloe</i> .....	30
Forget-me-not .....	66, 67	GOURD FAMILY .....	72	Highbush-cranberry .....	72
Four-o'clock .....	48	Goutweed .....	63	HIPPURIDACEAE .....	62
FOUR-O'CLOCK FAMILY ..	48	GRAMINEAE .....	28	<i>Hippuris</i> .....	62
Foxtail .....	28, 32, 33	GRAPE FAMILY .....	59	Hoary-alyssum .....	51
Foxtail Millet .....	32	Grape Fern .....	23	Hobblebush .....	72
<i>Fragaria</i> .....	54	GRASS FAMILY .....	28	Hog-peanut .....	56
Fragile Fern .....	24	Grass-of-parnassus .....	54	HOLLY FAMILY .....	59
Fragrant Water-lily .....	49	Grass-pink .....	41	Hollyhock .....	60
<i>Frangula</i> .....	59	<i>Gratiola</i> .....	69	Honewort .....	63
<i>Fraxinus</i> .....	65	<i>Grindelia</i> .....	75	Honey-locust .....	79
Frog's-bit .....	28	Gromwell .....	66	Honeysuckle .....	71
FROG'S-BIT FAMILY .....	28	GROSSULARIACEAE .....	54	HONEYSUCKLE FAMILY ..	71
FUMARIACEAE .....	51	Ground-cedar .....	22	Hooked Agrimony .....	54
FUMITORY FAMILY .....	51	Ground-cherry .....	68	Hop Clover .....	57, 80
<i>Galearis</i> .....	41	Ground-pine .....	22	Hop Hornbeam .....	45
<i>Galeopsis</i> .....	67	Groundnut .....	56	Hops .....	45
<i>Galinsoga</i> .....	75	Ground-almond .....	37	<i>Hordeum</i> .....	30
<i>Galium</i> .....	70, 71	Gumweed .....	75	HORNWORT FAMILY .....	49
Garlic Mustard .....	51	GUTTIFERAE .....	60	Horse-gentian .....	72
<i>Gaultheria</i> .....	64	<i>Gymnocarpium</i> .....	25	Horseradish .....	51

Horsetail	22, 79	<b>Kochia</b>	47	LOOSESTRIFE FAMILY	61
HORSETAIL FAMILY	22	LABIATAE	67	Lopseed	67
Horseweed	74	Labrador Tea	64	Lotus	57
Hound's-tongue	66	<b>Lactuca</b>	76	Love Grass	30
Huckleberry	64	Ladies'-tresses	43	<b>Ludwigia</b>	62
<b>Humulus</b>	45	Lady Fern	24	<b>Lupine</b>	57
<b>Huperzia</b>	22	Lady-slipper	41	<b>Lupinus</b>	57
HYDRANGEA FAMILY	54	Lady's-thumb	46	<b>Luzula</b>	39
HYDRANGEACEAE	54	Lake Cress	52	<b>Lychnis</b>	48
<i>Hydrocharis</i>	28	Lamb's Quarters	47	LYCOPODIACEAE	22
HYDROCHARITACEAE	28	LAMIACEAE	67	<i>Lycopodiella</i>	22
<i>Hydrocotyle</i>	63	<b>Laportea</b>	45	<i>Lycopodium</i>	22
HYDROPHYLLOLACEAE	66	<i>Lappula</i>	66	<i>Lycopus</i>	67
<i>Hydrophyllum</i>	66	<i>Lapsana</i>	76	<i>Lysimachia</i>	65
<i>Hylotelephium</i>	53	<i>Larix</i>	25	LYTHRACEAE	61
<i>Hypericum</i>	60	<i>Lathyrus</i>	56, 57	<i>Lythrum</i>	61
<i>Hystrix</i>	29	Leatherleaf	64	MADDER FAMILY	70
<i>Iberis</i>	52	Leatherwood	61	<b>Maianthemum</b>	40
<i>Ilex</i>	59	<b>Lechea</b>	60	Maiden Pink	48
<b>Impatiens</b>	59	<b>Ledum</b>	64	Maidenhair Fern	23
Indian Balsam	59	<b>Leersia</b>	30	MAIDENHAIR FERN FAMILY	23
Indian Cucumber-root	40	LEGUMINOSAE	56	Maidenhair Spleenwort	24
Indian Grass	32	<b>Lemna</b>	38	<b>Malaxis</b>	42
Indian Hemp	65	LEMNACEAE	38	Mallow	60
Indian Mustard	51	Lemon-lily	39	MALLOW FAMILY	60
Indian Pipe	64	LENTIBULARIACEAE	70	<b>Malus</b>	55
Indian Tobacco	72	<b>Leontodon</b>	76	<b>Malva</b>	60
Interrupted Fern	23	<b>Leonurus</b>	67	MALVACEAE	60
Interrupted Wind Grass	28	<b>Lepidium</b>	52	Manna Grass	30, 32
<i>Inula</i>	75	<b>Lespedeza</b>	57	Maple	59
IRIDACEAE	40	<b>Leucanthemella</b>	74, 76	MAPLE FAMILY	59
<i>Iris</i>	40	<b>Leucanthemum</b>	74, 76	Mare's-tail	62
IRIS FAMILY	40	<b>Leucophysalis</b>	68	MARE'S-TAIL FAMILY	62
Ironwood	45	<b>Liatris</b>	76	Marginal Shield Fern	24
<i>Isanthus</i>	68	Lilac	65	Marijuana	45
ISOETACEAE	23	LILIACEAE	39	Marsh Fern	24
<i>Isoetes</i>	23	<b>Lilium</b>	40, 80	MARSH FERN FAMILY	23
<i>Iva</i>	74	LILY FAMILY	39	Marsh Wild Pea	56
Jack-in-the-pulpit	38	Lily-of-the-valley	39, 40	Marsh-marigold	49
Jerusalem Artichoke	75	LIMNANTHACEAE	58	Marsh-pennywort	63
Jimsonweed	68	LINACEAE	57	Marsh-purslane	62
Johnny-jump-up	61	<b>Linaria</b>	69	Marsh-elder	74
JUGLANDACEAE	44	LINDEN FAMILY	60	<b>Matricaria</b>	76, 78
<i>Juglans</i>	44	<b>Lindernia</b>	69	<b>Matteuccia</b>	25
JUNCACEAE	39	<b>Linnaea</b>	71	Meadow Grass	31
JUNCAGINACEAE	27	<b>Linum</b>	57	Meadow-rue	50
<i>Juncus</i>	39	<b>Liparis</b>	42	Meadowsweet	56
Juneberry	54	<b>Listera</b>	42	<b>Medeola</b>	40
Juniper	25	<b>Lithospermum</b>	66	<b>Medicago</b>	57
<i>Juniperus</i>	25	Little Bluestem	32	<b>Megalodonta</b>	73
<i>Kalmia</i>	64	<b>Littorella</b>	70	<b>Melampyrum</b>	69
Kenilworth-ivy	69	<b>Lobelia</b>	72, 73	<b>Melilotus</b>	57
King Devil	75	<b>Lolium</b>	30	MENISPERMACEAE	50
Knapweed	74	<b>Lonicera</b>	71	<b>Menispermum</b>	50
Knotweed	46	Loosestrife	61, 65	<b>Mentha</b>	67, 68

MENYANTHACEAE .....	65	<i>Najas</i> .....	27	OSMUNDACEAE .....	23
<i>Menyanthes</i> .....	65	Nannyberry .....	72	Ostrich Fern .....	25
Mermaid-weed .....	62	<i>Narcissus</i> .....	40	<i>Ostrya</i> .....	45
MEZEREUM FAMILY .....	61	<i>Nasturtium</i> .....	52, 80	Ox-eye .....	75, 76
<i>Micranthes</i> .....	53, 54	<i>Nemopanthus</i> .....	59	OXALIDACEAE .....	57
<i>Milium</i> .....	30	<i>Neobechia</i> .....	51, 52	<i>Oxalis</i> .....	57
Milk-vetch .....	56	<i>Nepeta</i> .....	68	<i>Packera</i> .....	76, 77
Milkweed .....	65	<i>Neslia</i> .....	52	<i>Panax</i> .....	62
MILKWEED FAMILY .....	65	Nettle .....	45	Panic Grass .....	29, 31
Milkwort .....	57, 58	NETTLE FAMILY .....	45	<i>Panicum</i> .....	29, 31
MILKWORT FAMILY .....	57	New Jersey Tea .....	59	<i>Papaver</i> .....	50, 51
Millet .....	30-32	New York Fern .....	24	PAPAVERACEAE .....	50
<i>Mimulus</i> .....	69	Night-flowering Catchfly .....	48	<i>Parnassia</i> .....	54
Mint .....	67	Nightshade .....	61, 68	PARSLEY FAMILY .....	63
MINT FAMILY .....	67	NIGHTSHADE FAMILY .....	68	<i>Parthenocissus</i> .....	59, 80
<i>Minuartia</i> .....	48	Ninebark .....	55	Partridge-berry .....	71
<i>Mirabilis</i> .....	48	Nipplewort .....	76	<i>Pastinaca</i> .....	63
<i>Misanthus</i> .....	30	Northern Beech Fern .....	23	Pea Shrub .....	56
<i>Mitchella</i> .....	71	Northern Reed Grass .....	29	Pea Tree .....	56
<i>Mitella</i> .....	53	<i>Nuphar</i> .....	49	Pearlwort .....	48
Mitrewort .....	53	NYCTAGINACEAE .....	48	Pearly Everlasting .....	73
Moccasin-flower .....	41	<i>Nymphaea</i> .....	49	<i>Pedicularis</i> .....	69
Mock Pennyroyal .....	67	NYMPHAEACEAE .....	49	<i>Pellaea</i> .....	23
Mock-orange .....	54	Oak .....	45	<i>Peltandra</i> .....	38
<i>Moehringia</i> .....	48	Oak Fern .....	25	Penny-cress .....	53
<i>Mollugo</i> .....	48	Oat Grass .....	28	Pennyroyal .....	67, 68, 80
<i>Monarda</i> .....	68	Oats .....	28	<i>Penstemon</i> .....	69
<i>Moneses</i> .....	64	<i>Oclemena</i> .....	73, 76	PENTHORACEAE .....	53
Moneywort .....	65	<i>Oenothera</i> .....	62	<i>Penthorum</i> .....	53
Monkey-flower .....	69	OLEACEAE .....	65	Peppergrass .....	52
<i>Monotropa</i> .....	64	OLEASTER FAMILY .....	61	Peppermint .....	68
<i>Montia</i> .....	48	<i>Oligoneuron</i> .....	77	Periwinkle .....	65
Moonseed .....	50	OLIVE FAMILY .....	65	<i>Persicaria</i> .....	46
MOONSEED FAMILY .....	50	ONAGRACEAE .....	61	<i>Petasites</i> .....	76
Moonwort .....	79	One-flowered Wintergreen .....	64	<i>Phalaris</i> .....	31
MORNING-GLORY FAMILY	66	Onion .....	35	<i>Phegopteris</i> .....	23
Motherwort .....	67	<i>Onoclea</i> .....	25	<i>Philadelphus</i> .....	54
Mountain-ash .....	56	<i>Onopordum</i> .....	76	<i>Phleum</i> .....	31
Mountain-holly .....	59	OPHIOGLOSSACEAE .....	23	<i>Phlox</i> .....	66
Mountain-rice .....	31	<i>Ophioglossum</i> .....	23	PHLOX FAMILY .....	66
Mouse-ear Cress .....	51	Orach .....	47	<i>Photinia</i> .....	54
Mugwort .....	73	Orchard Grass .....	29	<i>Phragmites</i> .....	31
<i>Muhlenbergia</i> .....	30, 80	Orchid .....	41-43, 80	<i>Phryma</i> .....	67
<i>Mullein</i> .....	69	ORCHID FAMILY .....	41	<i>Physalis</i> .....	68, 80
Mullein Pink .....	48	ORCHIDACEAE .....	41	<i>Physocarpus</i> .....	55
MUSTARD FAMILY .....	51	<i>Orchis</i> .....	41	<i>Picea</i> .....	25
<i>Myosotis</i> .....	66, 67	<i>Origanum</i> .....	68	Pickerel-weed .....	39
<i>Myrica</i> .....	44	<i>Ornithogalum</i> .....	40	PICKEREL-WEED FAMILY .....	39
MYRICACEAE .....	44	OROBANCHACEAE .....	70	Pigweed .....	47
<i>Myriophyllum</i> .....	62	Orpine .....	53	<i>Pilea</i> .....	45
MYRSINACEAE .....	65	ORPINE FAMILY .....	53	Pilewort .....	74
MYRSINE FAMILY .....	65	<i>Orthilia</i> .....	64	PINACEAE .....	25
Naiad .....	27	<i>Oryzopsis</i> .....	30, 31	Pine .....	25
NAIAD FAMILY .....	27	<i>Osmorrhiza</i> .....	63	PINE FAMILY .....	25
NAJADACEAE .....	27	<i>Osmunda</i> .....	23	Pineapple-weed .....	76

Pinedrops	64	<i>Prunella</i>	68	RUE FAMILY	57
Pinesap	64	<i>Prunus</i>	55	<i>Rumex</i>	47
PINK FAMILY	48	<i>Pseudognaphalium</i>	76	Rush	39
<i>Pinus</i>	25	PTERIDACEAE	23	RUSH FAMILY	39
Pinweed	60	<i>Pteridium</i>	23	Russian-thistle	47
Pipewort	38	<i>Pterospora</i>	64	Russian-olive	61
PIPEWORT FAMILY	38	<i>Puccinellia</i>	31	Rusty Woodsia	25
Pipsissewa	64	Purple Loosestrife	61	Rutabaga	51
Pitcher-plant	53	Purslane	48, 62, 70	RUTACEAE	57
PITCHER-PLANT FAMILY	53	PURSLANE FAMILY	48	Rye	29, 30, 32
PLANTAGINACEAE	70	Pussy-toes	73	Rye Grass	30
<i>Plantago</i>	70	<i>Pyrola</i>	64	Sage	68, 73
Plantain	70	<i>Pyrus</i>	55	<i>Sagina</i>	48
PLANTAIN FAMILY	70	Quack Grass	29	<i>Sagittaria</i>	27
<i>Platanthera</i>	42, 43, 80	Queen Anne's-lace	63	SALICACEAE	43
Plume Grass	30	<i>Quercus</i>	45	<i>Salix</i>	43, 44, 80
Plumeless-thistle	74	Quillwort	23	<i>Salsola</i>	47
<i>Poa</i>	31	QUILLWORT FAMILY	23	Saltmarsh Grass	31
POACEAE	28	Ragweed	73	<i>Salvia</i>	68
<i>Pogonia</i>	43	RANUNCULACEAE	49	<i>Sambucus</i>	71
Poison Ivy	58	<i>Ranunculus</i>	49, 50	SANDALWOOD FAMILY	45
<i>Polanisia</i>	51	Raspberry	56	Sandwort	48
POLEMONIACEAE	66	<i>Ratibida</i>	76	<i>Sanguinaria</i>	51
<i>Polycnemum</i>	47	Rattlesnake Fern	23	<i>Sanicula</i>	63, 80
<i>Polygala</i>	57, 58	Rattlesnake-plantain	42	SANTALACEAE	45
POLYGALACEAE	57	Red Cedar	25	<i>Saponaria</i>	48
POLYGONACEAE	46	Red Osier	63	<i>Sarracenia</i>	53
<i>Polygonatum</i>	40	Redtop	28	SARRACENIACEAE	53
<i>Polygonum</i>	46	Reed Canary Grass	31	<i>Sarsaparilla</i>	62
POLYPODIACEAE	25	RHAMNACEAE	59	<i>Satureja</i>	67
<i>Polypodium</i>	25	<i>Rhamnus</i>	59	<i>Saxifraga</i>	53, 54
<i>Polystichum</i>	25	<i>Rheum</i>	46	SAXIFRAGACEAE	53
Pondweed	26, 27, 80	<i>Rhododendron</i>	64	SAXIFRAGE FAMILY	53
PONDWEED FAMILY	26	Rhubarb	46	Scarlet Lychnis	48
<i>Pontederia</i>	39	<i>Rhus</i>	58	<i>Schizachne</i>	31
PONTEDERIACEAE	39	<i>Rhynchospora</i>	37	<i>Schizachyrium</i>	32
Poor-man's Pepper	52	<i>Ribes</i>	54	<i>Schoenoplectus</i>	38
Poplar	43	Rice Cut Grass	30	<i>Scilla</i>	40
Poppy	50, 51	Rice Grass	30	<i>Scirpus</i>	33, 38, 79
POPPY FAMILY	50	<i>Robinia</i>	57	Scouring-rush	22
<i>Populus</i>	43	Rock Cress	51	<i>Scrophularia</i>	69
<i>Portulaca</i>	48	Rock Polypody	25	SCROPHULARIACEAE	69
PORTULACACEAE	48	Rock Sandwort	48	<i>Scutellaria</i>	68
<i>Potamogeton</i>	26, 27, 80	ROCKROSE FAMILY	60	<i>Secale</i>	32
POTAMOGETONACEAE	26	<i>Rorippa</i>	52, 53	Sedge	33-37, 79
<i>Potentilla</i>	55	<i>Rosa</i>	55	SEDGE FAMILY	33
Poverty Grass	29	ROSACEAE	54	<i>Sedum</i>	53
<i>Prenanthes</i>	76	Rose	55	<i>Selaginella</i>	22
Prickly Comfrey	67	ROSE FAMILY	54	SELAGINELLACEAE	22
Prickly Lettuce	76	Rose Pogonia	43	Seneca Snakeroot	58
Prickly-ash	57	Rose Twistedstalk	40	<i>Senecio</i>	76, 77
PRIMROSE FAMILY	64	Royal Fern	23	Sensitive Fern	25
<i>Primula</i>	64	RUBIACEAE	70	Serviceberry	54, 79
PRIMULACEAE	64	<i>Rubus</i>	56, 80	<i>Setaria</i>	32
<i>Proserpinaca</i>	62	<i>Rudbeckia</i>	77	Shadbush	54

Sheep Laurel	64	<i>Sporobolus</i>	32	<i>Taxus</i>	25
Sheep Sorrel	47	Spring-beauty	48	Tear-thumb	46
<i>Shepherdia</i>	61	Spruce	25	Teasel	72
Shepherd's-purse	51	Spurge	58	TEASEL FAMILY	72
Shinleaf	64	SPURGE FAMILY	58	<i>Teucrium</i>	68
Shore-plantain	70	Spurred-gentian	65	<i>Thalictrum</i>	50
<i>Sicyos</i>	72	Squirrel-corn	51	THELYPTERIDACEAE	23
Side-oats Grama	28	St. John's-wort	60	<i>Thelypteris</i>	23, 24
<i>Silene</i>	48	ST. JOHN'S-WORT FAMILY	60	Thimbleweed	49
Silverrod	77	<i>Stachys</i>	68	Thistle	74, 76
Silverweed	55	STAFF-TREE FAMILY	59	<i>Thladiantha</i>	72
<i>Sinapis</i>	53	Star-of-Bethlehem	40	<i>Thlaspi</i>	53
<i>Sisymbrium</i>	53	Starflower	65	Three-seeded Mercury	58
<i>Sisyrinchium</i>	40, 80	Steeplebush	56	Three-way Sedge	37
<i>Sium</i>	63	<i>Stellaria</i>	48, 49	<i>Thuja</i>	25
Skullcap	68	Stickseed	66	THYMELAEACEAE	61
Skunk-cabbage	38	Stinking Chamomile	73	<i>Thymus</i>	68
Sleepy Catchfly	48	Stinking Groundsel	77	<i>Tiarella</i>	54
Slender Wedge Grass	32	Stitchwort	48, 49	Tick-trefoil	56
Smartweed	46	Stonecrop	53	Tickle Grass	28
SMILACACEAE	40	Stork's-bill	57	Tiger Lily	40
<i>Smilacina</i>	40	Strawberry	54	<i>Tilia</i>	60
<i>Smilax</i>	40	Strawberry-blite	47	TILIACEAE	60
Snakeroot	58, 63, 73, 80	<i>Streptopus</i>	40	Timothy	31
Snow-in-summer	48	<i>Stuckenia</i>	26, 27	Toadflax	45, 69, 79
Snowberry	64, 71	Sumac	58	<i>Tofieldia</i>	40
Soapberry	61	Summer-cypress	47	Toothwort	51, 52
SOLANACEAE	68	Sundew	53	<i>Torreyochloa</i>	32
<i>Solanum</i>	68	SUNDEW FAMILY	53	Touch-me-not	59
<i>Solidago</i>	75, 77	Sundrops	62	TOUCH-ME-NOT FAMILY	59
Solomon's Seal	40	Sunflower	75	Tower Mustard	51
<i>Sonchus</i>	77	Swallow-wort	65	<i>Tragopogon</i>	78
<i>Sorbaria</i>	56	Swamp-candles	65	Trailing Arbutus	64
<i>Sorbus</i>	56	Swaying-rush	38	<i>Triadenum</i>	60
<i>Sorghastrum</i>	32	Sweet Cicely	63	<i>Triantha</i>	40
Sow-thistle	77	Sweet Coltsfoot	76	<i>Trichophorum</i>	38
SPARGANIACEAE	26	Sweet Flag	38	<i>Trichostema</i>	68
<i>Sparganium</i>	26	Sweet Gale	44	<i>Trientalis</i>	65
<i>Spartina</i>	32	Sweet Grass	30	<i>Trifolium</i>	40, 57, 80
Spearmint	67	Sweet William	48	<i>Triglochin</i>	27
Spearscale	47	Sweet-briar	55	Trillium	40
Spearwort	50	Sweet-clover	57	<i>Triodanis</i>	73
Speckled Alder	44	Sweet-fern	44	<i>Triosteum</i>	72
<i>Specularia</i>	73	Switch Grass	31	<i>Tripleurospermum</i>	78
Speedwell	69, 70	<i>Syphoricarpos</i>	71	<i>Trisetum</i>	32
<i>Sphenopholis</i>	32	<i>Syphytum</i>	67	<i>Triticum</i>	32
Spikemoss	22	<i>Symplocarpus</i>	38	<i>Tsuga</i>	25
SPIKEMOSS FAMILY	22	<i>Syringa</i>	65	Tuberous Pea	57
Spikenard	62	Tall Cord Grass	32	Tumble Mustard	53
Spike-rush	37	Tamarack	25	Tumbleweed	47
<i>Spiraea</i>	56	<i>Tanacetum</i>	78	Turtlehead	69
<i>Spiranthes</i>	43	Tansy-mustard	52	<i>Tussilago</i>	78
<i>Spirodela</i>	38	<i>Taraxacum</i>	78	Twayblade	42
Spleenwort	24	TAXACEAE	25	Twig-rush	37
SPLEENWORT FAMILY	24			Twinflower	71

<i>Typha</i>	25	Water Stargrass	39	Wild Madder	71
TYPHACEAE	25	Water-crowfoot	49, 50	Wild Marjoram	68
ULMACEAE	45	Water-hemlock	63	Wild Millet	30
<i>Ulmus</i>	45	WATER-LILY FAMILY	49	Wild Mint	67
UMBELLIFERAE	63	Water-marigold	73	Wild Oats	28
<i>Urtica</i>	45	Water-milfoil	62	Wild Parsnip	63
URTICACEAE	45	WATER-MILFOIL FAMILY	62	Wild Pea	56
<i>Utricularia</i>	70	Water-parsnip	63	Wild Raisin	72
<i>Uvularia</i>	40	Water-pepper	46	Wild Rice	32
<i>Vaccinium</i>	64	Water-plantain	27	Wild Rose	55
Valerian	72	WATER-PLANTAIN FAMILY	27	Wild Rye	29, 30
VALERIAN FAMILY	72	Water-shield	49	Wild Sarsaparilla	62
<i>Valeriana</i>	72	WATER-STARWORT		Wild Strawberry	54
VALERIANACEAE	72	FAMILY	58	Wild Thyme	68
<i>Vallisneria</i>	28	Water-willow	61	Willow	43, 44, 80
Velvet-leaf	60	Watercress	52, 80	WILLOW FAMILY	43
Venus' Looking-glass	73	Waterleaf	66	Willow-herb	61, 62
<i>Verbascum</i>	69	WATERLEAF FAMILY	66	Winterberry	59
<i>Verbena</i>	67	Watermeal	38	Wintergreen	64
VERBENACEAE	67	Water-hemp	47	Witch Grass	31
<i>Veronica</i>	69, 70	Water-horehound	67	Wolfberry	71
Vervain	67	Water-lily	49	<i>Wolffia</i>	38
VERVAIN FAMILY	67	Water-starwort	58, 79	Wood Fern	24, 25
Vetch	56, 57	Wavy Hair Grass	29	WOOD FERN FAMILY	24
Vetchling	56	Wayfaring Tree	72	Wood Lily	40
<i>Viburnum</i>	72	Western Sage	73	Wood-betony	69
<i>Vicia</i>	57	Wheat	32	Wood-rush	39
<i>Vinca</i>	65	Wheat Grass	28, 29	Wood-sorrel	57
<i>Vincetoxicum</i>	65	White Campion	48	WOOD-SORREL FAMILY	57
<i>Viola</i>	60, 61, 80	White Cedar	25	Woodbine	80
VIOLACEAE	60	White Grass	30	<i>Woodsia</i>	25
Violet	60, 61, 80	White-lettuce	76	<i>Woodwardia</i>	24
VIOLET FAMILY	60	White-snakeroot	73	Wool-grass	38
Virginia Chain Fern	24	Whitlow-grass	52	Wormseed Mustard	52
Virginia Creeper	59	Wild Apple	55	Wormwood	73
Virgin's-bower	49	Wild Bergamot	68	<i>Xanthium</i>	78
<i>Virgulus</i>	78	Wild Chervil	63	Yarrow	73
VITACEAE	59	Wild Comfrey	66	Yellow Alyssum	51
<i>Vitis</i>	59	Wild Cucumber	72	Yellow Flag	40
<i>Vulpia</i>	32	Wild Ginger	46	Yew	25
<i>Waldsteinia</i>	56	Wild Grape	59	YEW FAMILY	25
Walking Fern	24	Wild Iris	40	<i>Zanthoxylum</i>	57
WALNUT FAMILY	44	Wild Leek	39	<i>Zizania</i>	32
Wartweed	58	Wild Lettuce	76	<i>Zizia</i>	63
Water Arum	38	Wild Licorice	70, 71	<i>Zosterella</i>	39
Water Dock	47	Wild Lily-of-the-valley	40		